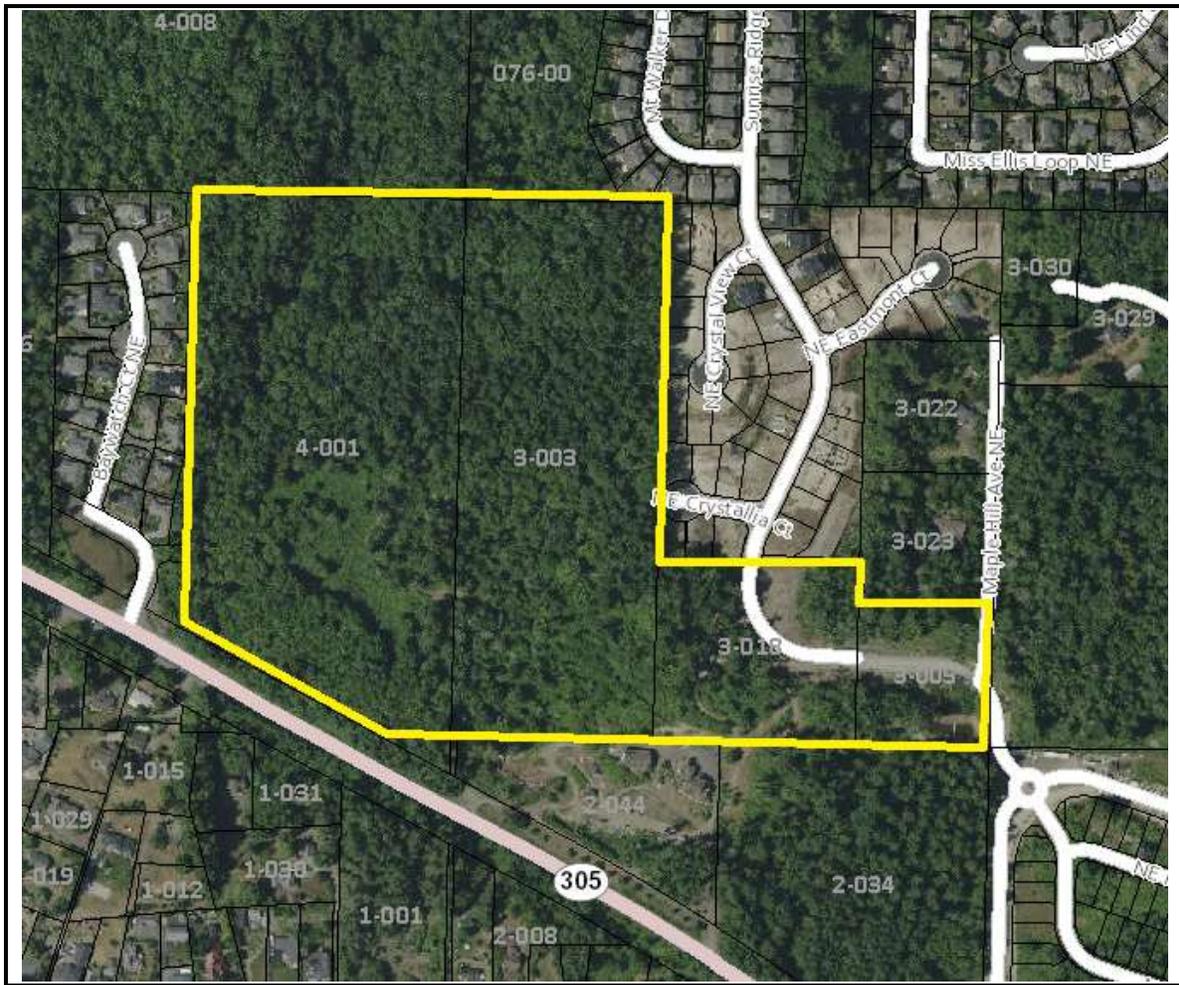




The site consists of four (4) abutting parcels (#23222601-4-001-2009, #23222601-3-001-2008, 23222601-3-018-2001, & #23222601-3-005-2006 located in the City of Poulsbo, Washington (the “site”).

The site is an irregular shaped, 41.28 acre property located within the SE  $\frac{1}{4}$  of Section 23, Township 26 North, Range 1 East of the W.M. and the SW  $\frac{1}{4}$  of Section 24, Township 26 North, Range 1 East of the W.M

The site consists of a generally southwesterly sloping forested hillside. The eastern two parcels have an extension of Sunrise Ridge Avenue NE passing through it as well as a single family home and stormwater facility. The eastern edge of the site is bordered by unimproved Maple Hill Avenue NE.



Above: Kitsap County aerial mapping of the site.

## **METHODOLOGY**

Ed Sewall of Sewall Wetland Consulting, Inc. inspected the site in September of 2024, January and April of 2025. The site was reviewed using methodology described in the *Corps of Engineers Wetlands Delineation Manual* (Environmental Laboratory, 1987), and the *Western Mountains, Valleys and Coast region Supplement (Version 2.0)* dated June 24, 2010, as required by the US Army Corps of Engineers & City of Poulsbo. Soil colors were identified using the 1990 Edited and Revised Edition of the Munsell Soil Color Charts (Kollmorgen Instruments Corp. 1990).

The ordinary high water mark (OHWM) of any stream was located based upon the criteria described in the Washington Department of Ecology draft publication *Determining The Ordinary High Water Mark on Streams In Washington State* (WADOE Publication 08-06-001, March 2008).

## **OBSERVATIONS**

### *Existing Site Documentation.*

Prior to visiting the site, a review of several natural resource inventory maps was conducted. Resources reviewed included the National Wetland Inventory Map and the NRCS Soil Survey online mapping and Data and the Kitsap County mapping website with wetland and stream layers activated, City of Poulsbo Zoning maps and WDNR Fpars stream mapping website.

### **City of Poulsbo Zoning map**

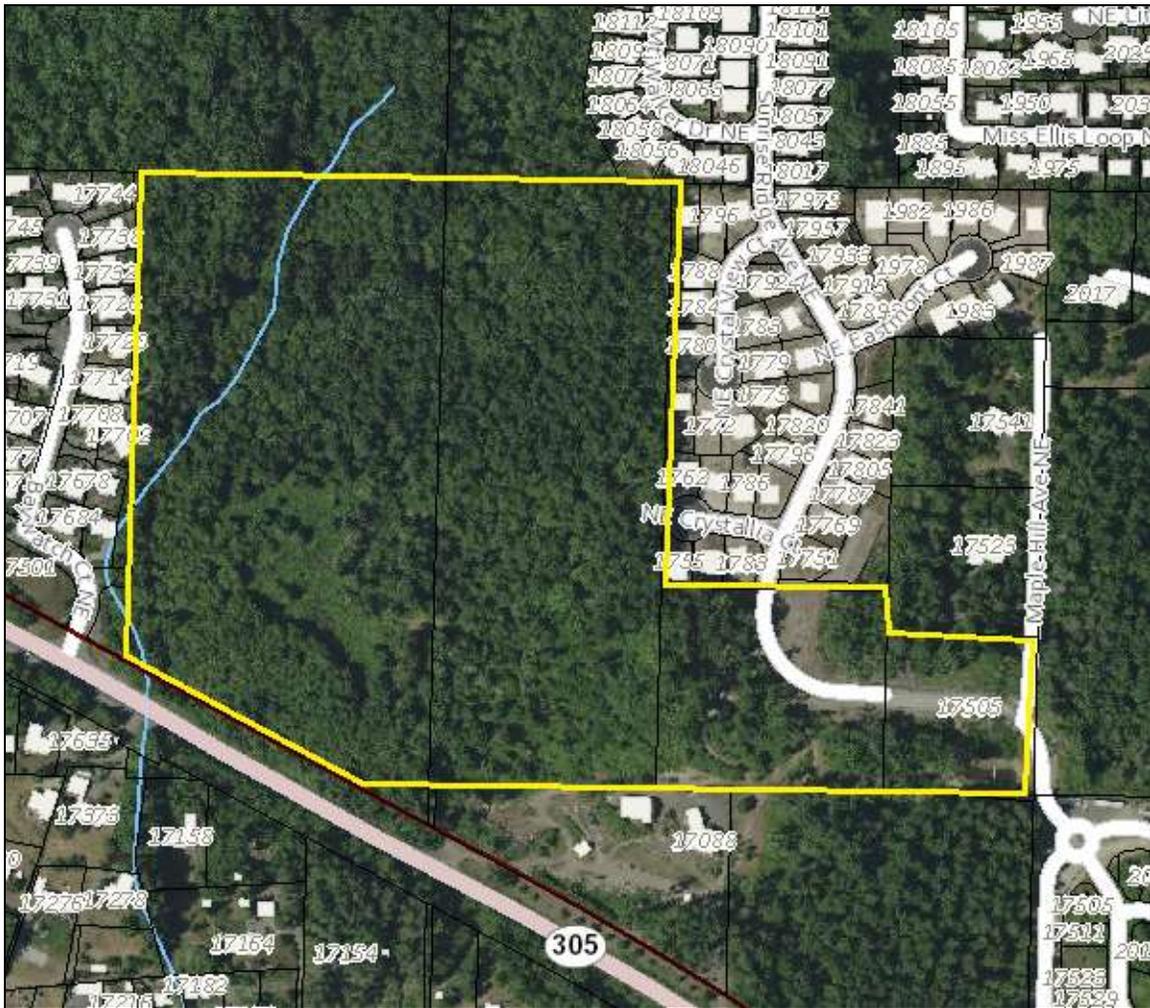
The City of Poulsbo Zoning map with wetland and stream layers activated depicts a stream across the western side of the site. The pink layer depicts a geologic hazard area.



*Above: City of Poulsbo Zoning Map with critical areas activated.*

**Kitsap County Mapping – Wetlands and streams**

The Kitsap County online critical area mapping depicts a stream diagonally across the northwestern side if the site.



*Above: Kitsap County Critical Areas Mapping.*

**Soil Survey**

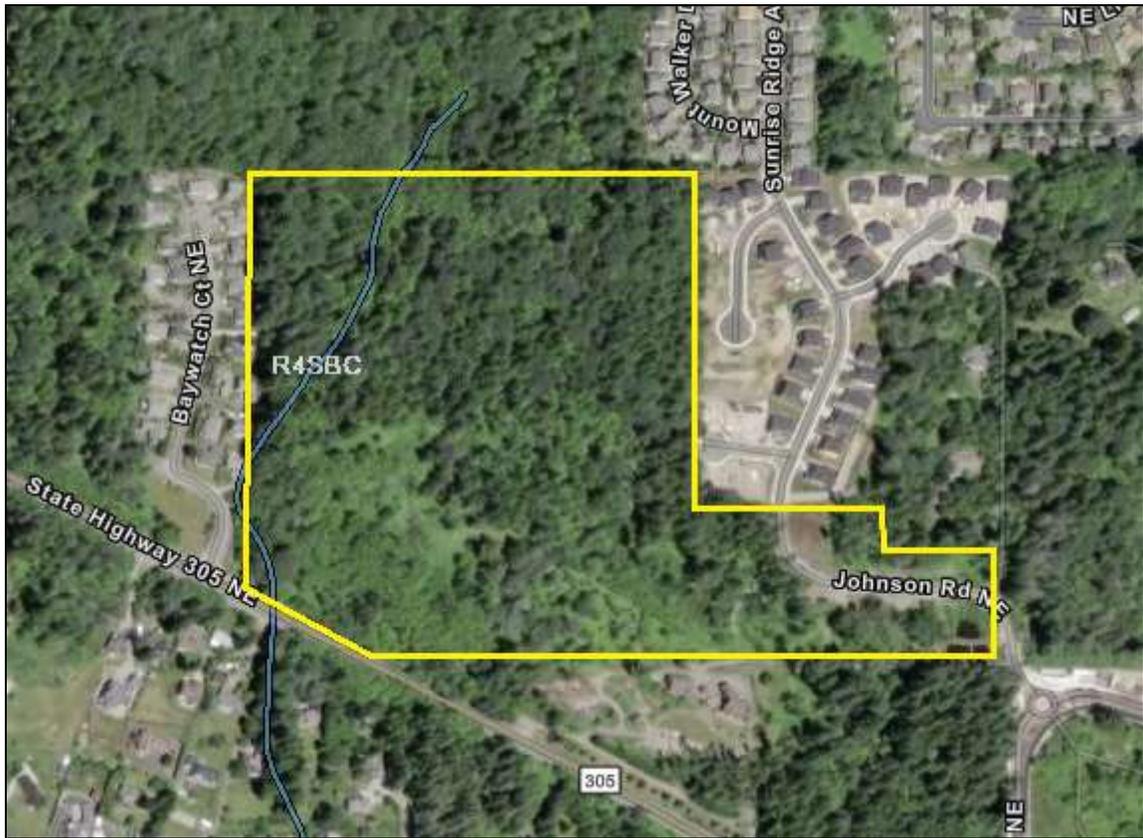
According to the NRCS Soil Mapper, the site is mapped entirely as moderately well drained Poulsbo gravelly sandy loam with various slopes up to 30%. Poulsbo soils are not considered a wetland/hydric soil.



*Above: USDA Soil Survey Map of the site*

**National Wetlands Inventory (NWI)**

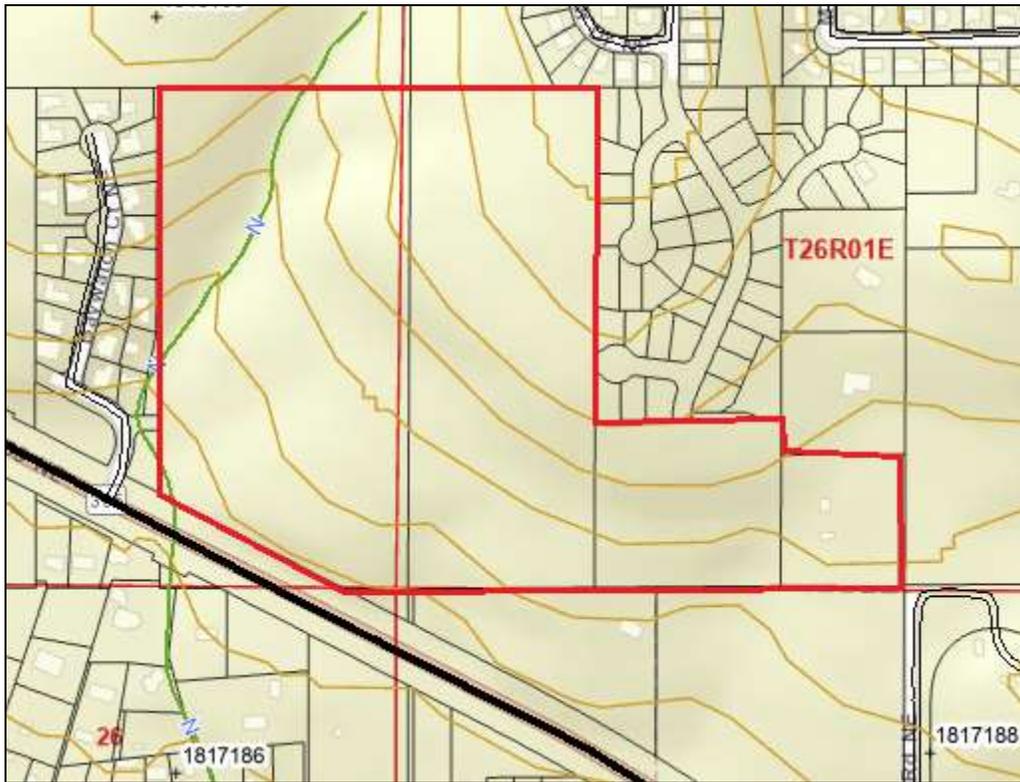
According to the NWI map for the site, there is a stream located diagonally across the western side of the site.



*Above: National Wetlands Inventory Map of the site.*

### **WDNR Fpars Stream Mapping**

According to the WDNR Fpars stream mapping website, there is a Type N stream crossing the western side of the site.



*Above: WDNR stream mapping for area of the site*

### **WDFW Priority Habitat Maps**

The WDFW Priority habitats and species map depicts no priority habitats or listed species observations on the site.



*Above: WDFW Priority Habitats and Species map of the site.*

### **City of Poulsbo Wetlands and Fish and Wildlife Habitat Report**

A report prepared by Farallon Consulting and Grette Associates dated “Revised June 2024” and titled “*City of Poulsbo – Wetlands and Fish and Wildlife Habitat Conservation Area Bets Available Science Review and Recommended Protection Measures Report – Revised*” has a discussion of a creek known as Barrante’s Creek which passes along the western side of the site. Below is an excerpt from Page 46 of the document discussing Barrente’s Creek;

#### *3.1.6 Barrante’s Creek*

Barrante’s Creek runs approximately 0.5 mainstem river miles south, emptying into Liberty Bay north of Lemolo (Figure 8). Barrante’s Creek is Type Ns stream.



*Above: Portions of map depicting Barrante's Creek from the Poulsbo Habitat report (page 47).*

## **Field observations**

### *Uplands*

As previously described, the site consists of a large forested hillside bordered by subdivisions to the east and west. An undeveloped forested park known as "Frank Raab Park" is located to the north of the site. The eastern side of the site contains a gated portion of Sunrise Ridge Avenue NE that is partially paved and partially gravel. A small single family house and gravel driveway are located along the south east corner of the site as well as a small storm water facility.

The site contains several old overgrown roadbeds, possibly relics of past logging operations. The stream on the western side of the site has an old culverted road crossing completely overgrown.

The site has a conifer overstory on the east which grades to a mixed overstory on the remainder of the site. Overstory species include douglas fir, madrone, western red cedar, red alder and big leaf maple with an understory of salal, Oregon grape, sword fern, stinging nettle, Indian plum, salmonberry, hazelnut, vine maple, and large thickets of blackberry.

The site contains a plateau on the northeast which slopes off to the south and west. A large depression is located near the north side of the site which contains a large slope wetland.

Soil pits excavated throughout the upland portions of the site revealed a gravelly loam soil with a chroma of 3-6 in the B horizon similar to the description of the Poulsbo soil series.

Four (4) different wetlands were identified on the site as well as four (4) streams. Below is a description of these areas;

### **Wetland A & Stream A**

Wetland A consists of a forested, slope type wetland located on the southeast portion of the site. This wetland was flagged with purple flagging labeled sequentially A1-A9. The south edge of the wetland is at the edge of an old roadbed crossing the site from east to west. A small, seasonal stream drains out the southeast end of the wetland through a small pvc culvert under the roadbed draining to the south and off-site.

The wetland is vegetated with an overstory of small alders with Himalayan blackberry, creeping buttercup, giant horsetail, lady fern and piggy-back-plant in the understory.

Soil pits excavated within the wetland revealed a silty loam with a B-horizon soil color of 10YR 4/2 with common, medium, distinct redoximorphic concentrations. Soils were observed to be saturated to the surface during our non-growing season winter review.

Using the 2014 WADOE Wetland Rating system (2023 updated form) and rating the wetland as a slope type wetland, this wetland scored a total of 14 points with 4 for habitat which indicates a Category IV wetland.

According to Poulsbo Municipal Code (PMC) Chapter 16.20.230.C, Table 16.20.230.B, Category IV wetlands with a high impact land use such as a subdivision have a 50’ buffer measured from the wetland edge.

**Table 16.20.230.B—Wetland Buffer Width Standards**

Wetland Category and Characteristics	Buffer Width Standards	Other Measures Recommended for Protection
<b>Category IV</b>		
Habitat score for all 3 functions is less than 16 points		No recommendations at this time
Low Impact Use	25 feet	
Moderate Impact Use	40 feet	
High Impact Use	50 feet	

**Stream A**

A small stream with a channel from 6”-12” in width drains water out of Wetland A and through a pvc culvert under and old road bed to the south. This channel had some flow in portions of the channel during our site visit but appears discontinuous depending on soil permeability. However, the channel has evidence of flow throughout its length at some time of the year. It appear to flow off-site to the south to a roadside ditch along SR 305.

This stream is <2’ in width and has a slope that exceeds 16% on the south. The stream has seasonal flow and best meets the criteria of a Type Ns stream. Under PMC Table 16.20.315, this stream appears to best meet the classification of a Type Ns2 stream as it appears to just drain to a roadside ditch. Type Ns2 streams have a 50’ buffer as well as a 25’ Building Setback from the edge of the buffer,

Table 16.20.315—Fish and Wildlife Habitat Conservation Area Development Standards

Standard Buffers and Setback Requirements		
Water Type	Buffer Width (feet, each side of stream)	Building Setback (feet, each side of buffer)
F1 (salmonids)	200	25
F2 (nonsalmonids)	150	25
Np	100	25
Ns 1 (connected to S, F, Np)	75	25
Ns 2 (not connected to S, F, Np)	50	25

**Wetland B**

Wetland B consists of a large forested, slope type wetland located on the north edge of the site. The wetland extends off-site to the north.

The wetland edge was flagged with purple flagging labeled B1-B28.

The wetland is vegetated with an overstory of cottonwoods and alders with an understory of salmonberry, blackberry, lady fern, piggy-back-plant, skunk cabbage, and giant horsetail.

Soil pits excavated within the wetland revealed a black sapric muck overlaying a silt loam B horizon. The sapric muck layer was up to 12” in depth, with surface seepage throughout the wetland. A small discontinuous channel drains water through the wetland where it enters a 12” culvert under an old roadbed. This culvert drains a small seasonal stream (Stream B) to the west to Stream C located on the western side of the site.

Using the 2014 WADOE Wetland Rating system (2023 updated form) and rating the wetland as a slope type wetland, this wetland scored a total of 18 points with 6 for habitat which indicates a Category III wetland.

According to Poulsbo Municipal Code (PMC) Chapter 16.20.230.C, Table 16.20.230.B, Category III wetlands with 6 habitat points and a high

impact land use such as a subdivision have a 150’ buffer measured from the wetland edge.

**Table 16.20.230.B—Wetland Buffer Width Standards**

Category III		
Habitat score from 8—9 points: use Category II buffers with habitat score 8—9 points		
Habitat score 5—7 points		No recommendations at this time
Low Impact Use	75 feet	
Moderate Impact Use	110 feet	
High Impact Use	150 feet	

**Wetland C**

Wetland C consists of a small area of slope and riverine wetland surrounding the outfall of the stream exiting Wetland B to the west and connecting with Stream B on the western side of the site, this area was flagged with purple flags C1-C8.

The scrub-shrub wetland is vegetated with salmonberry, lady fern, and some water parsley.

Soil pits excavated within the wetland revealed a 4”-8” black sapric muck overlaying a silt loam B horizon.

Using the 2014 WADOE Wetland Rating system (2023 updated form) and rating the wetland as a riverine type wetland, this wetland scored a total of 17 points with 5 for habitat which indicates a Category III wetland.

According to Poulsbo Municipal Code (PMC) Chapter 16.20.230.C, Table 16.20.230.B, Category III wetlands with 5 habitat points and a high impact land use such as a subdivision have a 150’ buffer measured from the wetland edge.

**Stream B**

A small stream with a channel from 12”-24” in width drains water from a culvert under an old road bed from Wetland B into Wetland C and then Stream C to the west. The channel has several steep sections and appears to be seasonal in flow. The OHWM of the stream was flagged with blue flags N1-N3 and S1-S3.

This stream is <2’ in width and has a slope that exceeds 16% just east of its connection with Stream C. The stream has seasonal flow and best meets the criteria of a Type Ns stream. Under PMC Table 16.20.315, this stream appears to best meet the classification of a Type Ns2 stream. Type Ns2 streams have a 50’ buffer as well as a 25’ Building Setback from the edge of the buffer,

Table 16.20.315—Fish and Wildlife Habitat Conservation Area Development Standards

Standard Buffers and Setback Requirements		
Water Type	Buffer Width (feet, each side of stream)	Building Setback (feet, each side of buffer)
F1 (salmonids)	200	25
F2 (nonsalmonids)	150	25
Np	100	25
Ns 1 (connected to S, F, Np)	75	25
Ns 2 (not connected to S, F, Np)	50	25

**Wetland D**

Wetland consists of a small area of slope wetland located east of Stream C and on a bench above the creek approximately 4’ in elevation. This area was flagged with purple flags D1-D9.

The scrub-shrub wetland is vegetated with salmonberry, lady fern, and some water parsley.

Soil pits excavated within the wetland revealed a 4”-8” black sapric muck overlaying a silt loam B horizon.

Using the 2014 WADOE Wetland Rating system (2023 updated form) and rating the wetland as a slope type wetland, this wetland scored a total of 12 points with 4 for habitat which indicates a Category IV wetland.

According to Poulsbo Municipal Code (PMC) Chapter 16.20.230.C, Table 16.20.230.B, Category IV wetlands with 4 habitat points and a high impact land use such as a subdivision have a 50' buffer measured from the wetland edge.

Category IV		
Habitat score for all 3 functions is less than 16 points		No recommendations at this time
Low Impact Use	25 feet	
Moderate Impact Use	40 feet	
High Impact Use	50 feet	

**Barrante’s Creek/Stream C**

Stream C, known as Barrante’s Creek is a well-defined stream located along the western side of the site. The ordinary high water mark/top of bank was flagged with blue flags labeled E1-E38 and W1-W38. The stream enters the site from the north and flows through the western side of the site passing through a hanging 18” concrete culvert in an old roadbed between flags E18-E19 & W18-W19. It then drains further south until passing off-site through a 36” culvert under SR 305. This culvert has a 4’-5’ drop on the south side of SR 305 making it impassable at that point.

The stream has a mud, sand and gravel substrate with several vertical drops over large root crossings in the channel. The width of the stream varies for 2’-6’ but is more of a ditched configuration on the south end of the site.

The stream has been shown as a non-fish bearing stream on the Fpars website and there was no evidence of fish use observed during our site visit.

The City of Poulsbo 2024 report titled “*City of Poulsbo – Wetlands and Fish and Wildlife Habitat Conservation Area Best Available Science Review and Recommended Protection Measures Report – Revised*” identifies Barrante’s Creek as a Type Ns stream (see report excerpt below).

**3.1.6 Barrante’s Creek**

Barrante’s Creek runs approximately 0.5 mainstem river miles south, emptying into Liberty Bay north of Lemolo (Figure 8). Barrante’s Creek is Type Ns stream.

The stream may have perennial flow and best meets the criteria of a Type Ns1 stream. Under PMC Table 16.20.315, Type Ns1 streams have a 75’ buffer as well as a 25’ Building Setback from the edge of the buffer,

Table 16.20.315—Fish and Wildlife Habitat Conservation Area Development Standards

Standard Buffers and Setback Requirements		
Water Type	Buffer Width (feet, each side of stream)	Building Setback (feet, each side of buffer)
F1 (salmonids)	200	25
F2 (nonsalmonids)	150	25
Np	100	25
Ns 1 (connected to S, F, Np)	75	25
Ns 2 (not connected to S, F, Np)	50	25

**Stream D**

A small stream is located along the east side of the site and passes through a culvert under Sunrise Ridge Road and then a gravel driveway at the south edge of the site. This stream was identified as Stream D and flagged with blue flags E1-E7 & W1-W7. This stream has intermittent flow (no flow was present during our April site visit) with a channel from 12”-18” in width. A quarry spill stormwater dispersion trench is located along the stream channel south of Sunrise Ridge Road.

This stream is <2’ in width and has a slope that exceeds 16%. The stream has seasonal flow and best meets the criteria of a Type Ns2

stream. Under PMC Table 16.20.315, this stream appears to best meet the classification of a Type Ns2 stream. Type Ns2 streams have a 50' buffer as well as a 25' Building Setback from the edge of the buffer,

Table 16.20.315—Fish and Wildlife Habitat Conservation Area Development Standards

Standard Buffers and Setback Requirements		
Water Type	Buffer Width (feet, each side of stream)	Building Setback (feet, each side of buffer)
F1 (salmonids)	200	25
F2 (nonsalmonids)	150	25
Np	100	25
Ns 1 (connected to S, F, Np)	75	25
Ns 2 (not connected to S, F, Np)	50	25

**Proposed Project**

The proposed project is the construction of a 151 lot residential plat with associated infrastructure.

*Barrante’s Creek Crossing impacts and conceptual mitigation*

An access to the site on the east will be required from NE Crystallia Court. The City also requires accessing the site from the Baywatch Plat to the west off Baywatch Court NE. This will require crossing Barrante’s Creek as well as its buffer to access the site from the west. This crossing will require a wildlife passable culvert to pass over the creek as well as 6,830sf of permanent stream buffer impact. There will also be an additional 5,107sf of temporarily impact to the stream buffer from the construction process. There will also be a 757sf area of the buffer that will be temporarily impacted for the storm water facility outfall.

The culvert type and size will be determined using WDFW culvert sizing criteria and as approved through a WDFW Hydraulic Project Approval (HPA).

### Proposed Mitigation

The proposed impacts to 6,830sf of stream buffer will be mitigated by adding 6,926sf of buffer just east of the buffer around the crossing. This will maintain the overall buffer size and place this wider buffer in the vicinity of the impact and road crossing. The temporary impact areas will be replanted with native trees and shrubs as are found in the abutting forested areas.

As previously stated, a WDFW approved culvert will be used for the crossing. A mitigation measure will be to remove the old perched culvert on an old logging road crossing upstream of the proposed road crossing which blocks connectivity through the creek and will restore natural stream conditions to this area.

### Buffer Averaging Wetland A

As depicted on the site plan, some minor buffer averaging is proposed along the outer portion of the buffer of Wetland A. The total reduced portion of the buffer is 2,003sf. This will be averaged by adding 2,207sf of buffer as depicted.

According to Poulsbo Municipal Code 16.20.230.E, buffer averaging can be utilized if the following criteria are met;

*E. Buffer Width Averaging. The widths of buffers may be averaged if this will improve the protection of wetland functions, or if it is the only way to allow for reasonable use of a parcel. Averaging may not be used in conjunction with any of the other provisions for reductions of buffers in subsection F of this section.*

Response: Due to the topography and the road width requirements, it is not feasible to get the road around this wetland without minor impacts to the buffer. The impacts are from grading to support the road and a small park area.

1. *Averaging to improve wetland protection may be permitted when all of the following conditions are met:*

a. *The wetland has significant differences in characteristics that affect its habitat functions, such as wetland with a forested component adjacent to a degraded emergent component or a “dual-rated” wetland with a Category I area adjacent to a lower-rated area.*

Response: The portions of the buffer to be reduced are primarily overgrown with blackberry and/or old logging roadbeds and provide little function. The added areas are more heavily vegetated and will maintain the existing functions of the wetland.

b. *The buffer is increased adjacent to the higher-functioning area of habitat or more sensitive portion of the wetland and decreased adjacent to the lower-functioning or less sensitive portion.*

Response: As previously noted, the reduced portions are heavily overgrown with blackberry and do not contain any mature vegetation.

c. *The total area of buffer after averaging is equal to the area required without averaging.*

Response: The total area of buffer reduced is less than the amount added, resulting in a net increase in buffer area of 174sf.

d. *The buffer at its narrowest point is never less than three-quarters of the required width.*

Response: The minimum buffer width is 37.5' which is 75% of the standard 50' buffer as required.

#### *Buffer Averaging Wetland B*

As depicted on the site plan, buffer averaging is proposed along the outer part of the buffer of Wetland B in 3 locations. These are being required by the existing grades and slopes which require some grading along the buffer edge as well as to fit several lots better than the layout.

The total reduced portion of the buffer is 11,637sf. This will be averaged by adding 11,912sf of buffer as depicted.

According to Poulsbo Municipal Code 16.20.230.E, buffer averaging can be utilized if the following criteria are met;

*E. Buffer Width Averaging. The widths of buffers may be averaged if this will improve the protection of wetland functions, or if it is the only way to allow for reasonable use of a parcel. Averaging may not be used in conjunction with any of the other provisions for reductions of buffers in subsection F of this section.*

*1. Averaging to improve wetland protection may be permitted when all of the following conditions are met:*

*a. The wetland has significant differences in characteristics that affect its habitat functions, such as wetland with a forested component adjacent to a degraded emergent component or a “dual-rated” wetland with a Category I area adjacent to a lower-rated area.*

Response: The portions of the buffer to be reduced are primarily shrub dominated with no special habitat features. The added areas are more heavily vegetated and will maintain the existing functions of the wetland.

*b. The buffer is increased adjacent to the higher-functioning area of habitat or more sensitive portion of the wetland and decreased adjacent to the lower-functioning or less sensitive portion.*

Response: As previously noted, the added area is mature native vegetation with similar function to that to be removed through the averaging. The large width of this buffer on Wetland B as well as its slope type and separation by an old logging road between the wetland and the reduced buffer will maintain buffer functions. .

*c. The total area of buffer after averaging is equal to the area required without averaging.*

Response: The total area of buffer reduced is less than the amount added, resulting in a net increase in buffer area of 275sf.

*d. The buffer at its narrowest point is never less than three-quarters of the required width.*

Response: The minimum buffer width is 112.5’ which is 75% of the standard 150’ buffer as required.

### Stream A Temporary impact

In order to get utilities through the area near Stream A, a temporary impact to 3,788sf of the buffer will be required as well as the channel bottom. This will be restored following work and all channel work will follow requirements of an HPA through WDFW.

### Stream D Buffer Impact

As depicted on the plan, a small temporary impact (477sf) of buffer will occur from placement of a 5'x10' storm water outfall. The buffer area will be restored with native vegetation and the outfall area (50sf) will be added to the buffer to maintain total buffer area.

All of the above impacts and mitigation will be detailed in a Mitigation Plan to be submitted to the City following approval of the conceptual items described above and shown on the site plan.

### **Habitat Management Plan Requirements**

As detailed in PMC 16.20.755;

*A. When intrusions, reductions, alterations or impacts to a fish and wildlife habitat conservation area is proposed, or when otherwise required, a habitat management plan shall be prepared. The habitat management plan shall identify how the development impacts from the proposed project will be mitigated. The Washington Department of Fish and Wildlife Priority Habitat and Species Management Recommendations, dated May 1991, or bald eagle protection rules outlined in WAC 220-610-100, as now or hereafter amended, may serve as guidance for this report. The recommendations in Washington Department of Fish and Wildlife Priority Habitat and Species Management Recommendations found at [http://wdfw.wa.gov/conservation/phs/mgmt\\_recommendations/](http://wdfw.wa.gov/conservation/phs/mgmt_recommendations/) may serve as guidance for habitat management plans created to regulate the design, construction, and operation of projects that affect fish and wildlife conservation areas.*

*B. The habitat management plan shall contain a map prepared at an easily readable scale, showing:*

*1. The location of the proposed development site;*

Response: See images and description of Page 1& 2 of this report and the attached site plan.

*2. The relationship of the site to surrounding topography, water features, and cultural features;*

Response: The site consists of a generally southwesterly sloping forested hillside. The eastern two parcels have an extension of Sunrise Ridge Avenue NE passing through it as well as a single family home and storm water facility. The eastern edge of the site is bordered by unimproved Maple Hill Avenue NE.

As previously described, the site consists of a large forested hillside bordered by subdivisions to the east and west. An undeveloped forested park known as “Frank Raab Park” is located to the north of the site. The eastern side of the site contains a gated portion of Sunrise Ridge Avenue NE that is partially paved and partially gravel. A small single family house and gravel driveway are located along the south east corner of the site as well as a small storm water facility.

The site contains several old overgrown roadbeds, possibly relics of past logging operations. The stream on the western side of the site has an old culverted road crossing completely overgrown.

The site contains a plateau on the northeast which slopes off to the south and west. A large depression is located near the north side of the site which contains a large slope wetland. A small Type Ns stream known as Barrante’s Creek is located along the western side of the site. This drains water from Wetlands B, C & D on site as well as potential wetlands north of the site. This water drains through the creek down a steep slope approximately 1,000’ to Liberty Bay.

No known cultural features are on or near the site.

*3. Proposed building locations and arrangements; and*

Response: See attached site plan.

4. *A legend which includes a complete legal description, acreage of the parcel, scale, north arrow, and date of map revision.*

Response: See attached site plan.

C. *The habitat management plan shall also contain a report which describes:*

1. *The nature and intensity of the proposed development;*

Response: The proposed project is the construction of a 151 lot residential plat with associated infrastructure. Townhomes are proposed on the southeast portion of the site. This all meets existing zoning for the site. All of the area along Barrante's Creek, the wetlands and their buffers as well as forested land to the west of the stream will be left undeveloped. Wetland A and Stream A will also be left undisturbed with additional forested land surrounding them left undisturbed.

2. *An analysis of the effect of the proposed development, activity or land use change upon the wildlife species and habitat identified for protection, including impacts on buffer and building setbacks.*

Response: As detailed on pages 18-22 of this report, the wetlands, and streams will be protected as will their buffers with some buffer averaging where needed as well as a crossing of Barrante's Creek from the west to allow access to the site.

The site as been zoned for residential development by the City of Poulsbo. The proposed site plan is within the zoning allowed for the site. Any development on undeveloped land impacts habitat and species using the site. No state or federally listed species have been noted to use the site or the area around the site. The site is used by typical human tolerant wildlife species such as coyote, raccoon, eastern gray squirrels, and common bird species. The area provides a habitat island within a large area of residential development.

The site is the southern end of an approximate 84 acre area of continuous forested habitat which includes off-site area to the north and west. This forested area is surrounded by dense residential development, a park and roads which all reduce its habitat value to some species due to isolation.



*Above: Area of contiguous habitat including the site is 84 acres.*

The site plan protects the most important habitat features on the site which are the wetlands and the associated streams. The entire western side of the site and most of the north in the large topographic depression with the wetland is located are proposed to be protected. These are the areas that have the most evidence of wildlife use.

*3. An analysis of any special management recommendations that will be implemented to ensure protection of the species and/or habitat.*

As detailed in the site plan, wetlands and the streams on the site will be protected as well as the buffers required by the City of Poulsbo. This will ensure that the most important habitat features on the site are undisturbed and remain contiguous with the 44 acres of forested land to the north. Storm water that comes from the site will be controlled and treated as required under the storm water manual to maintain water quality of the receiving streams on the site.

4. *A plan which identifies how the applicant proposes to mitigate any adverse impacts to wildlife habitats created by the proposed development. Mitigation measures are required where buffer reduction or intrusions into building setbacks are proposed, and shall include buffer enhancement.*

Response: The proposed site plan depicts conceptually the areas of buffer reduction through averaging as well as the creek crossing of Barrante's Creek. Any of the reduced buffer areas, as well as the temporarily impacted buffer areas during construction will be replanted with native trees and shrubs to restore the habitat and function of these areas. The crossing of Barrante's Creek will be with a WDFW approved crossing/culvert and will meet any requirements of the HPA permit.

Once a more detailed site plan has approval of the City, a final Mitigation Plan will be prepared to show details of the proposed mitigation for any impacts previously discussed.

5. *Assessment and evaluation of the effectiveness of the mitigation measures proposed.*

Response: Any proposed mitigation will have monitoring goals and requirements to determine effectiveness of the proposed mitigation. This will be detailed in the final mitigation plan.

6. *Assessment and evaluation of ongoing management practices which will protect fish and wildlife habitat conservation areas after development of the project site, including monitoring and maintenance programs, and operation constraints.*

Response: The undeveloped critical habitat areas of the site outside of the proposed development will be in protected tracts with operational constraints and limitations on what activities can occur in these areas.

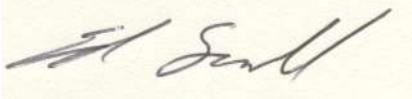
7. *Assessment of project impact or effect on water quality upon SF Dogfish Creek or any regulated stream, and any proposed methods or practices to avoid degradation of water quality.*

Response: As previously described, the storm water outfalls for the proposed storm water facilities will discharge to Barrante's creek as well as Stream D. These outfalls will be from water quality facilities that will

treat water to within the required standards as dictated by the City's storm water manual. Best management practices will be utilized during construction to include timing of the work as well as temporarily sediment ponds and fences. Storm water testing as required for the storm water facilities based upon the City stands should maintain water quality in the sites streams.

If you have any questions in regards to this report or need additional information, please feel free to contact me at (253) 859-0515 or at [esewall@sewallwc.com](mailto:esewall@sewallwc.com) .

Sincerely,  
*Sewall Wetland Consulting, Inc.*

A handwritten signature in black ink on a light yellow background, appearing to read 'Ed Sewall'.

Ed Sewall  
Senior Wetlands Ecologist PWS #212

*Attached: Site Plan  
Data Sheets  
Rating forms and associated exhibits*

## REFERENCES

Cowardin, L., V. Carter, F. Golet, and E. LaRoe. 1979. Classification of Wetlands and Deepwater Habitats of the United States. U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, FWS/OBS-79-31, Washington, D. C.

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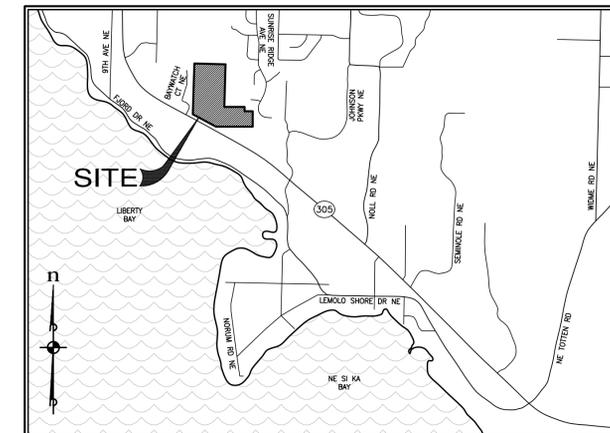
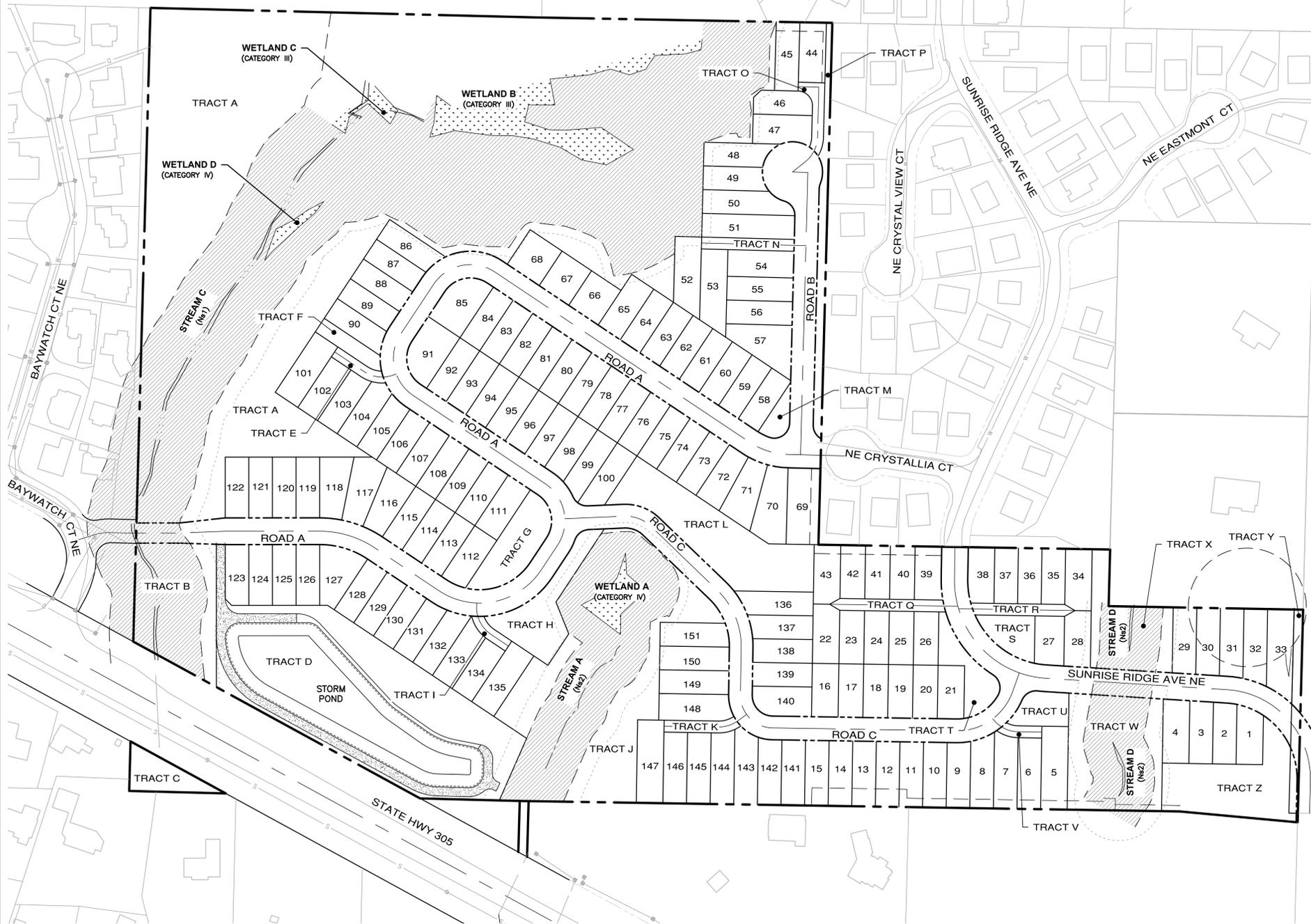
National Technical Committee for Hydric Soils. 1991. Hydric Soils of the United States. USDA Misc. Publ. No. 1491.

City of Poulsbo Municipal Code

Reed, P., Jr. 1988. National List of Plant Species that Occur in Wetlands: Northwest (Region 9). 1988. U. S. Fish and Wildlife Service, Inland Freshwater Ecology Section, St. Petersburg, Florida.

Reed, P.B. Jr. 1993. 1993 Supplement to the list of plant species that occur in wetlands: Northwest (Region 9). USFWS supplement to Biol. Rpt. 88(26.9) May 1988.

USDA NRCS & National Technical Committee for Hydric Soils, September 1995. Field Indicators of Hydric Soils in the United States - Version 2.1



VICINITY MAP  
NOT TO SCALE



SCALE: 1" = 100'  
100 50 0 100 200

**SHEET INDEX**

Dwg.	Description
PP-01	COVER SHEET
PP-02 - PP-04	EXISTING CONDITIONS
PP-05	BUFFER MITIGATION PLAN
PP-06	OVERALL SITE PLAN & PHASING PLAN
PP-07 - PP-09	PRELIMINARY SITE PLANS
PP-10 - PP-12	PRELIMINARY GRADING PLANS
PP-13	OVERALL ROAD & UTILITY PLAN
PP-14 - PP-16	PRELIMINARY ROAD & UTILITY PLANS
PP-17	PRELIMINARY POND LAYOUT
PP-18	PRELIMINARY POND SECTIONS
PP-19	PRELIMINARY VAULT SECTIONS
PP-20	OFFSITE SEWER CONNECTION/CROSSING PLAN & PROFILE
PP-21	STREAM A STORM/SEWER CROSSING PLAN & PROFILE
PP-22	STREAM C STORM/SEWER CROSSING PLAN & PROFILE
PP-23	ENTERING SITE DISTANCE (BAYWATCH CT NE)
PP-24 - PP-26	PRELIMINARY LANDSCAPE PLANS

**PROJECT TEAM**

**OWNER/DEVELOPER**  
MONTEBANC MANAGEMENT, LLC  
400 NW GILMAN BLVD. #2781  
ISSAQUAH, WA 98027  
CONTACT: PAUL DEVENZIO  
PHONE: (206) 391-8366

**CIVIL ENGINEER/SURVEYOR**  
ESM CONSULTING ENGINEERS  
33400 8TH AVE S SUITE #205  
FEDERAL WAY, WA 98003  
CONTACT: JOHN EVERETT  
PHONE: (253) 838-6113

**GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER**  
ASPECT CONSULTING, LLC  
350 MADISON AVE N  
BAINBRIDGE ISLAND, WA 98110  
CONTACT: ALISON DENNISON, LEG  
PHONE: (206) 780-7717

**BIOLOGIST**  
SEWALL WETLAND CONSULTING, INC  
PO BOX 880  
FALL CITY, WA 98024  
CONTACT: ED SEWALL  
PHONE: (253) 859-0515

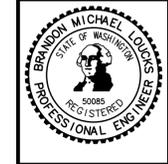
**TRAFFIC ENGINEER**  
HEATH & ASSOCIATES  
1011 E MAIN AVE, STE 453  
PUYALLUP, WA 98372  
CONTACT: AARON VAN AKEN  
PHONE: (253) 859-0515

**SITE STATISTICS**

NUMBER OF LOTS: 151  
LOTS PER GROSS ACRE: xxx  
TOTAL SITE AREA: x,xxx,xxx SF xx.xx ACRES  
SITE ADDRESS: ADDRESS NOT ASSIGNED  
PARCEL NUMBER(S):  
23260140012009  
24260130032008  
24260130182001  
24260130052006  
2426013019200

LOT SIZE:  
LARGEST LOT: 7,035 SF  
SMALLEST LOT: 3,758 SF  
AVERAGE LOT: 4,456 SF  
SEWERAGE SYSTEM: CITY OF POULSBO  
WATER SUPPLY: CITY OF POULSBO  
FIRE DISTRICT: CITY OF POULSBO

REVISIONS		
NO.	DESCRIPTION/DATE	BY



**ESM CONSULTING ENGINEERS, LLC**  
33400 8TH AVE S, SUITE 205  
FEDERAL WAY, WA 98003  
www.esmcivil.com

Civil Engineering | Land Surveying  
Public Works | Project Management  
Landscape Architecture

**MONTEBANC MANAGEMENT, LLC**  
**PINNACLE AT LIBERTY BAY SUBDIVISION**  
COVER SHEET  
CITY OF POULSBO WASHINGTON

JOB NO.: 2090-004-022  
DWG. NAME: PP-01  
DESIGNED BY: TLS  
DRAWN BY: HAF  
CHECKED BY:  
DATE: 6/19/2025  
DATE OF PRINT:

File: \\nms\ENGR\ESM-JOB\2090\004\022\PP-01\PP-01.dwg  
Printed: 6/19/2025 11:26 AM  
Plotted By: Corrie Corbett

**LEGAL DESCRIPTIONS**

**PARCEL A (TAX PARCEL NO. 232601-4-001):**

THE EAST HALF OF THE SOUTHEAST QUARTER OF THE SOUTHEAST QUARTER IN SECTION 23, TOWNSHIP 26 NORTH, RANGE 1 EAST, W.M., KITSAP COUNTY, WASHINGTON;  
EXCEPT 1.43 ACRES TO HIGHWAY 21A.

**PARCEL B (TAX PARCEL 242601-3-003):**

THE WEST 15 ACRES OF THE SOUTHWEST QUARTER OF THE SOUTHWEST QUARTER OF SECTION 24, TOWNSHIP 26 NORTH, RANGE 1 EAST, W.M., KITSAP COUNTY, WASHINGTON.

**PARCEL C (TAX PARCEL 252601-2-047):**

THE WEST 15 FEET OF GOVERNMENT LOT 7, SECTION 25, TOWNSHIP 26 NORTH, RANGE 1 EAST, W.M. LYING NORTHEASTERLY OF STATE HIGHWAY NO. 21A;

SITUATED IN KITSAP COUNTY, WASHINGTON.

**PARCEL D (TAX PARCEL NO. 252601-2-048):**

THE WEST 15 FEET OF GOVERNMENT LOT 7, SECTION 25, TOWNSHIP 26 NORTH, RANGE 1 EAST, W.M. LYING SOUTHEASTERLY OF STATE HIGHWAY NO. 21A;

SITUATED IN KITSAP COUNTY, WASHINGTON.

**PARCEL E (PORTION OF TAX PARCEL 242601-3-005 LYING NORTH OF SECTION LINE):**

THAT PORTION OF THE SOUTHWEST QUARTER OF THE SOUTHWEST QUARTER OF SECTION 24, TOWNSHIP 26 NORTH, RANGE 1 EAST, W.M., IN KITSAP COUNTY, WASHINGTON, DESCRIBED AS FOLLOWS:

BEGINNING AT THE SOUTHEAST CORNER OF SAID QUARTER:

THENCE WEST ALONG THE SOUTH LINE OF SAID SECTION 24 A DISTANCE OF 330 FEET; THENCE NORTH PARALLEL WITH THE EAST LINE OF SAID QUARTER A DISTANCE OF 345.7 FOOT; THENCE EAST PARALLEL WITH THE SOUTH LINE OF SAID QUARTER A DISTANCE OF 330 FEET TO THE EAST LINE OF SAID QUARTER; THENCE SOUTH ALONG SAID EAST LINE A DISTANCE OF 345.7 FEET TO THE POINT OF BEGINNING;

EXCEPT THE EAST 15 FEET THEREOF.

**PARCEL E1 (PORTION OF TAX PARCEL 242601-3-005 LYING SOUTH OF SECTION LINE):**

THAT PORTION OF GOVERNMENT LOT 7, SECTION 25, TOWNSHIP 26 NORTH, RANGE 1 EAST, W.M., IN KITSAP COUNTY, WASHINGTON, DESCRIBED AS FOLLOWS:

BEGINNING AT THE NORTHEAST CORNER OF SAID GOVERNMENT LOT 7; THENCE SOUTH 15 FEET; THENCE NORTHWESTERLY IN A STRAIGHT LINE TO A POINT ON THE NORTH LINE OF SAID GOVERNMENT LOT 7, WHICH IS 200 FEET WEST OF THE NORTHEAST CORNER OF SAID GOVERNMENT LOT 7; THENCE EAST ALONG SAID NORTH LINE 200 FEET TO THE NORTHEAST CORNER THEREOF AND THE POINT OF BEGINNING, AS DISCLOSED IN DECREE FILED IN KITSAP COUNTY SUPERIOR COURT CAUSE NO. 57080.

SITUATE IN THE COUNTY OF KITSAP, STATE OF WASHINGTON.

**PARCEL F (TAX PARCEL NO. 242601-3-018):**

THE SOUTH 1/3, EXCEPT COUNTY ROAD NO. 141, OF THE FOLLOWING DESCRIBED PROPERTY: THAT PORTION OF THE SOUTHWEST QUARTER OF THE SOUTHWEST QUARTER, SECTION 24, TOWNSHIP 26 NORTH, RANGE 1 EAST, W.M., IN KITSAP COUNTY, WASHINGTON, DESCRIBED AS FOLLOWS:

BEGINNING AT A POINT 330 FEET WEST OF THE NORTHEAST CORNER OF THE SOUTHWEST QUARTER OF SAID SECTION 24; THENCE WEST 495 FEET; THENCE SOUTH 1320 FEET; THENCE EAST 495 FEET; THENCE NORTH 1320 FEET TO THE POINT OF BEGINNING.

SITUATE IN THE COUNTY OF KITSAP, STATE OF WASHINGTON.

**PARCEL G (TAX PARCEL 242601-3-019):**

THAT PORTION OF THE SOUTHWEST QUARTER OF THE SOUTHWEST QUARTER, SECTION 24, TOWNSHIP 26 NORTH, RANGE 1 EAST, W.M., IN KITSAP COUNTY, WASHINGTON, DESCRIBED AS FOLLOWS:

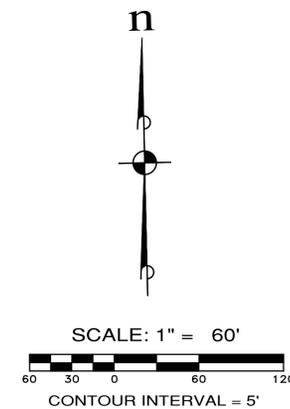
BEGINNING AT THE SOUTHEAST CORNER OF SAID SUBDIVISION:

THENCE NORTH 89°02'10" WEST ALONG SOUTH LINE, 15 FEET:

THENCE NORTH 01°30'56" EAST PARALLEL WITH THE EAST LINE OF SAID SUBDIVISION, 345.7 FEET:

THENCE SOUTH 29°02'10" EAST, 15 FEET TO THE EAST LINE OF SAID SUBDIVISION; THENCE SOUTH 01°30'56" WEST ALONG SAID EAST LINE, 345.7 FEET, MORE OR LESS, TO THE TRUE POINT OF BEGINNING.

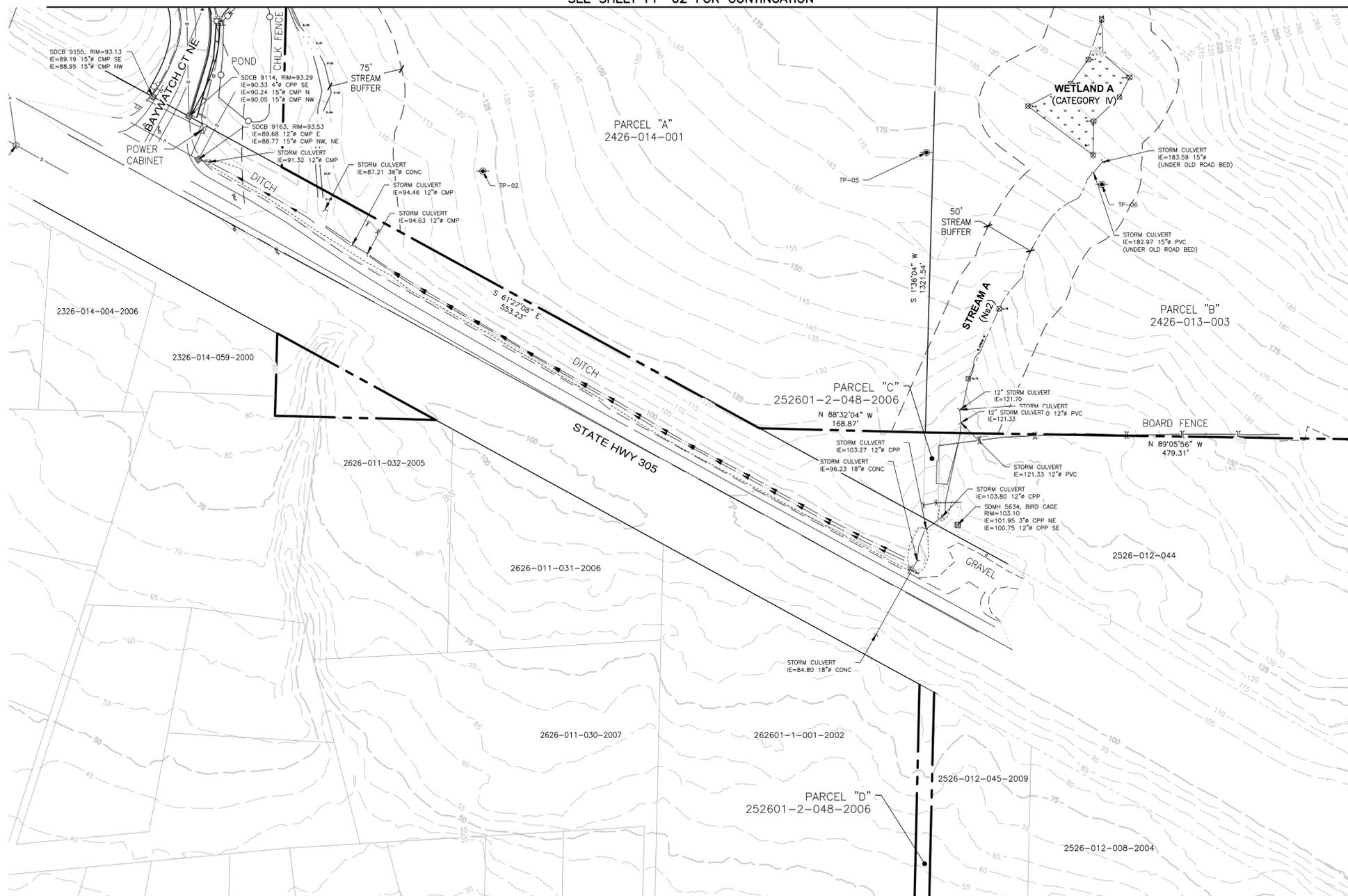
SITUATE IN THE COUNTY OF KITSAP, STATE OF WASHINGTON.



SEE LEGEND ON SHEET PP-02

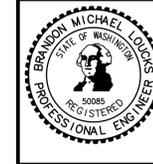
SEE SHEET PP-02 FOR CONTINUATION

SEE SHEET PP-04 FOR CONTINUATION



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Plotted By: Brandon Loucks

REVISIONS		
NO.	DESCRIPTION/DATE	BY



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Federal Way, WA 98003  
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Public Works | Land Planning

**MONTEBANC MANAGEMENT, LLC**  
**PINNACLE AT LIBERTY BAY SUBDIVISION**  
EXISTING CONDITIONS  
CITY OF POULSBORO WASHINGTON

JOB NO.:	2090-004-022
DWG. NAME:	PP-03
DESIGNED BY:	
DRAWN BY:	
CHECKED BY:	
DATE:	6/20/2025
DATE OF PRINT:	
<b>PP-03</b>	
3 OF 26 SHEETS	





BUFFER GIVE/TAKE ANALYSIS		
	WETLAND A	WETLAND B
TOTAL GIVE	2,207 SF	11,912 SF
TOTAL TAKE	2,033 SF	11,637 SF
NET GIVE	174 SF	275 SF



REVISIONS		
NO.	DESCRIPTION/DATE	BY

**BRANDON MICHAEL LOUIS**  
PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER  
STATE OF WASHINGTON  
REG/STERED  
50085  
425.297-9900

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Landscape Architecture

**MONTEBANC MANAGEMENT, LLC**

**PINNACLE AT LIBERTY BAY**

CITY OF POULSBORO WASHINGTON

BUFFER MITIGATION PLAN

JOB NO.:	2090-04-022
DWG. NAME:	PP-05
DESIGNED BY:	TLS
DRAWN BY:	HAF
CHECKED BY:	
DATE:	6/17/2025
DATE OF PRINT:	
PP-05	
5 OF 26 SHEETS	



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 Plotted By: Don Lapp

wetland A

**U.S. Army Corps of Engineers**  
**WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA SHEET - Western Mountains, Valleys, and Coast Region**  
 See ERDC/EL TR-10-3; the proponent agency is CECW-COR

OMB Control #: 0710-0024, Exp: 09/30/2027  
 Requirement Control Symbol EXEMPT:  
 (Authority: AR 335-15, paragraph 5-2a)

Project/Site: Montrose Paulsbo City/County: Paulsbo Sampling Date: 1-6-25  
 Applicant/Owner: \_\_\_\_\_ State: WA Sampling Point: DP#1  
 Investigator(s): Ed Smith Section, Township, Range: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Landform (hillside, terrace, etc.): \_\_\_\_\_ Local relief (concave, convex, none): \_\_\_\_\_ Slope (%): \_\_\_\_\_  
 Subregion (LRR/MLRA): \_\_\_\_\_ Lat: \_\_\_\_\_ Long: \_\_\_\_\_ Datum: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Soil Map Unit Name: \_\_\_\_\_ NWI classification: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes  No \_\_\_\_\_ (If no, explain in Remarks)  
 Are Vegetation \_\_\_\_\_, Soil \_\_\_\_\_, or Hydrology \_\_\_\_\_ significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes  No \_\_\_\_\_  
 Are Vegetation \_\_\_\_\_, Soil \_\_\_\_\_, or Hydrology \_\_\_\_\_ naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

**SUMMARY OF FINDINGS - Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.**

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No _____ Hydric Soil Present? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No _____ Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No _____	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No _____
Remarks: _____	

**VEGETATION - Use scientific names of plants.**

Tree Stratum (Plot size: _____)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	
1. <u>Alnus rubra</u>	<u>50</u>		<u>FAC</u>	<b>Dominance Test worksheet:</b> Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>4</u> (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: <u>4</u> (B) Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>100</u> (A/B)
2. _____				
3. _____				
4. _____				
=Total Cover				
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: _____)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	
1. <u>Salix sitchensis</u>	<u>20</u>		<u>FACW</u>	<b>Prevalence Index worksheet:</b> Total % Cover of: _____ Multiply by: _____ OBL species _____ x 1 = _____ FACW species _____ x 2 = _____ FAC species _____ x 3 = _____ FACU species _____ x 4 = _____ UPL species _____ x 5 = _____ Column Totals: _____ (A) _____ (B) Prevalence Index = B/A = _____
2. <u>Rubus discolor</u>	<u>50</u>		<u>FAC</u>	
3. _____				
4. _____				
5. _____				
=Total Cover				
Herb Stratum (Plot size: _____)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	
1. <u>Rumex crispus</u>	<u>30</u>		<u>FACW</u>	<b>Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:</b> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation _____ 2 - Dominance Test is >50% _____ 3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0 <sup>1</sup> _____ 4 - Morphological Adaptations <sup>1</sup> (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet) _____ 5 - Wetland Non-Vascular Plants <sup>1</sup> _____ Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation <sup>1</sup> (Explain) <sup>1</sup> Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
2. _____				
3. _____				
4. _____				
5. _____				
6. _____				
7. _____				
8. _____				
9. _____				
10. _____				
=Total Cover				
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: _____)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	
1. _____				<b>Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?</b> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No _____
2. _____				
=Total Cover				
% Bare Ground in Herb Stratum _____				
Remarks: _____				

**SOIL**

Sampling Point: 10A#1

**Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.)**

Depth (inches)	Matrix		Redox Features				Texture	Remarks
	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type <sup>1</sup>	Loc <sup>2</sup>		
<u>6</u>	<u>10YR 3/3</u>							
<u>16</u>	<u>2.5Y 4/2</u>		<u>Common nodules</u>				<u>silty clay loam</u>	

<sup>1</sup>Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, CS=Covered or Coated Sand Grains.      <sup>2</sup>Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.

Hydric Soil Indicators: (Applicable to all LRRs, unless otherwise noted.)		Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils <sup>3</sup> :
<input type="checkbox"/> Histosol (A1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4)	<input type="checkbox"/> 2 cm Muck (A10) (LRR A, E)
<input type="checkbox"/> Histic Epipedon (A2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Redox (S5)	<input type="checkbox"/> Iron-Manganese Masses (F12) (LRR D)
<input type="checkbox"/> Black Histic (A3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Stripped Matrix (S6)	<input type="checkbox"/> Red Parent Material (F21)
<input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (except MLRA 1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Very Shallow Dark Surface (F22)
<input type="checkbox"/> 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR D, G)	<input type="checkbox"/> Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Explain in Remarks)
<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11)	<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Matrix (F3)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Thick Dark Surface (A12)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Redox Dark Surface (F6)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Iron Monosulfide (A18)	<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Dark Surface (F7)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Redox Depressions (F8)	
<input type="checkbox"/> 2.5 cm Mucky Peat or Peat (S2) (LRR G)		

<sup>3</sup>Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.

**Restrictive Layer (if observed):**

Type: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Depth (inches): \_\_\_\_\_

Hydric Soil Present?      Yes       No

Remarks:

**HYDROLOGY**

Wetland Hydrology Indicators:	
Primary Indicators (minimum of one is required; check all that apply)	Secondary Indicators (2 or more required)
<input type="checkbox"/> Surface Water (A1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (except MLRA 1, 2, 4A, and 4B)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> High Water Table (A2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2, 4A, and 4B)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Saturation (A3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Drainage Patterns (B10)
<input type="checkbox"/> Water Marks (B1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Dry-Season Water Table (C2)
<input type="checkbox"/> Sediment Deposits (B2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
<input type="checkbox"/> Drift Deposits (B3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Geomorphic Position (D2)
<input type="checkbox"/> Algal Mat or Crust (B4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Shallow Aquitard (D3)
<input type="checkbox"/> Iron Deposits (B5)	<input type="checkbox"/> FAC-Neutral Test (D5)
<input type="checkbox"/> Surface Soil Cracks (B6)	<input type="checkbox"/> Raised Ant Mounds (D6) (LRR A)
<input type="checkbox"/> Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7)	<input type="checkbox"/> Frost-Heave Hummocks (D7)
<input type="checkbox"/> Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Salt Crust (B11)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Aquatic Invertebrates (B13)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roots (C3)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1) (LRR A)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Explain in Remarks)	

**Field Observations:**

Surface Water Present?    Yes     No     Depth (inches): \_\_\_\_\_

Water Table Present?    Yes     No     Depth (inches): \_\_\_\_\_

Saturation Present?    Yes     No     Depth (inches): 0'

(includes capillary fringe)

Wetland Hydrology Present?    Yes     No

Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:

Remarks:



**SOIL**

Sampling Point: **DP#2**

**Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.)**

Depth (inches)	Matrix		Redox Features				Texture	Remarks
	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type <sup>1</sup>	Loc <sup>2</sup>		
16	10YR 3/3						silt	

<sup>1</sup>Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, CS=Covered or Coated Sand Grains.      <sup>2</sup>Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.

Hydric Soil Indicators: (Applicable to all LRRs, unless otherwise noted.)		Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils <sup>3</sup> :
<input type="checkbox"/> Histosol (A1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4)	<input type="checkbox"/> 2 cm Muck (A10) (LRR A, E)
<input type="checkbox"/> Histic Epipedon (A2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Redox (S5)	<input type="checkbox"/> Iron-Manganese Masses (F12) (LRR D)
<input type="checkbox"/> Black Histic (A3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Stripped Matrix (S6)	<input type="checkbox"/> Red Parent Material (F21)
<input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (except MLRA 1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Very Shallow Dark Surface (F22)
<input type="checkbox"/> 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR D, G)	<input type="checkbox"/> Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Explain in Remarks)
<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11)	<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Matrix (F3)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Thick Dark Surface (A12)	<input type="checkbox"/> Redox Dark Surface (F6)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Iron Monosulfide (A18)	<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Dark Surface (F7)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Redox Depressions (F8)	
<input type="checkbox"/> 2.5 cm Mucky Peat or Peat (S2) (LRR G)		

<sup>3</sup>Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.

**Restrictive Layer (if observed):**

Type: \_\_\_\_\_

Depth (inches): \_\_\_\_\_

Hydric Soil Present?      Yes \_\_\_\_\_ No

Remarks:

**HYDROLOGY**

Wetland Hydrology Indicators:	
Primary Indicators (minimum of one is required; check all that apply)	Secondary Indicators (2 or more required)
<input type="checkbox"/> Surface Water (A1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (except MLRA 1, 2, 4A, and 4B)
<input type="checkbox"/> High Water Table (A2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2, 4A, and 4B)
<input type="checkbox"/> Saturation (A3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Salt Crust (B11)
<input type="checkbox"/> Water Marks (B1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Aquatic Invertebrates (B13)
<input type="checkbox"/> Sediment Deposits (B2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)
<input type="checkbox"/> Drift Deposits (B3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roots (C3)
<input type="checkbox"/> Algal Mat or Crust (B4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)
<input type="checkbox"/> Iron Deposits (B5)	<input type="checkbox"/> Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6)
<input type="checkbox"/> Surface Soil Cracks (B6)	<input type="checkbox"/> Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1) (LRR A)
<input type="checkbox"/> Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7)	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Explain in Remarks)
<input type="checkbox"/> Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8)	

**Field Observations:**

Surface Water Present?    Yes \_\_\_\_\_    No     Depth (inches): \_\_\_\_\_

Water Table Present?    Yes \_\_\_\_\_    No     Depth (inches): \_\_\_\_\_

Saturation Present?    Yes \_\_\_\_\_    No     Depth (inches): \_\_\_\_\_

(includes capillary fringe)

Wetland Hydrology Present?    Yes \_\_\_\_\_    No

Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:

Remarks:

upslope of wet A

**U.S. Army Corps of Engineers**  
**WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA SHEET – Western Mountains, Valleys, and Coast Region**  
 See ERDC/EL TR-10-3; the proponent agency is CECW-COR

OMB Control #: 0710-0024, Exp: 09/30/2027  
 Requirement Control Symbol EXEMPT:  
 (Authority: AR 335-15, paragraph 5-2e)

Project/Site: Montbore Paulsbo City/County: Paulsbo Sampling Date: 1-6-25  
 Applicant/Owner: \_\_\_\_\_ State: WA Sampling Point: DP#3  
 Investigator(s): Ed Smith Section, Township, Range: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Landform (hillside, terrace, etc.): \_\_\_\_\_ Local relief (concave, convex, none): \_\_\_\_\_ Slope (%): \_\_\_\_\_  
 Subregion (LRR/MLRA): \_\_\_\_\_ Lat: \_\_\_\_\_ Long: \_\_\_\_\_ Datum: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Soil Map Unit Name: \_\_\_\_\_ NWI classification: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes  No \_\_\_\_\_ (If no, explain in Remarks.)  
 Are Vegetation \_\_\_\_\_, Soil \_\_\_\_\_, or Hydrology \_\_\_\_\_ significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes  No \_\_\_\_\_  
 Are Vegetation \_\_\_\_\_, Soil \_\_\_\_\_, or Hydrology \_\_\_\_\_ naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

**SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.**

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No _____ Hydric Soil Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Remarks:	

**VEGETATION – Use scientific names of plants.**

Tree Stratum (Plot size: _____)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Dominance Test worksheet:
1. <u>Thuja plicata</u>	<u>30</u>		<u>FAC</u>	Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>2</u> (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: <u>2</u> (B) Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>100</u> (A/B)
2. _____				
3. _____				
4. _____				
=Total Cover				<b>Prevalence Index worksheet:</b> Total % Cover of: _____ Multiply by: _____ OBL species _____ x 1 = _____ FACW species _____ x 2 = _____ FAC species _____ x 3 = _____ FACU species _____ x 4 = _____ UPL species _____ x 5 = _____ Column Totals: _____ (A) _____ (B) Prevalence Index = B/A = _____
<b>Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: _____)</b>				
1. _____				
2. _____				
3. _____				
4. _____				
5. _____				
=Total Cover				
<b>Herb Stratum (Plot size: _____)</b>				<b>Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:</b> 1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation 2 - Dominance Test is >50% 3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0 <sup>1</sup> 4 - Morphological Adaptations <sup>1</sup> (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet) 5 - Wetland Non-Vascular Plants <sup>1</sup> Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation <sup>1</sup> (Explain) <sup>1</sup> Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
1. <u>Urtica dioica</u>	<u>60</u>		<u>FAC</u>	
2. _____				
3. _____				
4. _____				
5. _____				
6. _____				
7. _____				
8. _____				
9. _____				
10. _____				
11. _____				
=Total Cover				
<b>Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: _____)</b>				
1. _____				
2. _____				
=Total Cover				
% Bare Ground in Herb Stratum _____				
Remarks:				

**SOIL**

Sampling Point: DP#3

**Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.)**

Depth (inches)	Matrix		Redox Features				Texture	Remarks
	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type <sup>1</sup>	Loc <sup>2</sup>		
6	10YR3/2							
16	10YR3/3						silt tan	

<sup>1</sup>Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, CS=Covered or Coated Sand Grains. <sup>2</sup>Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.

**Hydric Soil Indicators: (Applicable to all LRRs, unless otherwise noted.)**

**Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils<sup>3</sup>:**

<input type="checkbox"/> Histosol (A1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4)	<input type="checkbox"/> 2 cm Muck (A10) (LRR A, E)
<input type="checkbox"/> Histic Epipedon (A2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Redox (S5)	<input type="checkbox"/> Iron-Manganese Masses (F12) (LRR D)
<input type="checkbox"/> Black Histic (A3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Stripped Matrix (S6)	<input type="checkbox"/> Red Parent Material (F21)
<input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (except MLRA 1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Very Shallow Dark Surface (F22)
<input type="checkbox"/> 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR D, G)	<input type="checkbox"/> Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Explain in Remarks)
<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11)	<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Matrix (F3)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Thick Dark Surface (A12)	<input type="checkbox"/> Redox Dark Surface (F6)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Iron Monosulfide (A18)	<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Dark Surface (F7)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Redox Depressions (F8)	
<input type="checkbox"/> 2.5 cm Mucky Peat or Peat (S2) (LRR G)		

<sup>3</sup>Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.

**Restrictive Layer (if observed):**

Type: \_\_\_\_\_  
Depth (inches): \_\_\_\_\_

Hydric Soil Present? Yes \_\_\_\_\_ No

Remarks:

**HYDROLOGY**

**Wetland Hydrology Indicators:**

Primary Indicators (minimum of one is required; check all that apply)

Secondary Indicators (2 or more required)

<input type="checkbox"/> Surface Water (A1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (except MLRA 1, 2, 4A, and 4B)	<input type="checkbox"/> Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2, 4A, and 4B)
<input type="checkbox"/> High Water Table (A2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Salt Crust (B11)	<input type="checkbox"/> Drainage Patterns (B10)
<input type="checkbox"/> Saturation (A3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Aquatic Invertebrates (B13)	<input type="checkbox"/> Dry-Season Water Table (C2)
<input type="checkbox"/> Water Marks (B1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
<input type="checkbox"/> Sediment Deposits (B2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roots (C3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Geomorphic Position (D2)
<input type="checkbox"/> Drift Deposits (B3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Shallow Aquitard (D3)
<input type="checkbox"/> Algal Mat or Crust (B4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6)	<input type="checkbox"/> FAC-Neutral Test (D5)
<input type="checkbox"/> Iron Deposits (B5)	<input type="checkbox"/> Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1) (LRR A)	<input type="checkbox"/> Raised Ant Mounds (D6) (LRR A)
<input type="checkbox"/> Surface Soil Cracks (B6)	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Explain in Remarks)	<input type="checkbox"/> Frost-Heave Hummocks (D7)
<input type="checkbox"/> Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7)		
<input type="checkbox"/> Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8)		

**Field Observations:**

Surface Water Present? Yes \_\_\_\_\_ No  Depth (inches): \_\_\_\_\_  
 Water Table Present? Yes \_\_\_\_\_ No  Depth (inches): \_\_\_\_\_  
 Saturation Present? Yes \_\_\_\_\_ No  Depth (inches): \_\_\_\_\_  
 (includes capillary fringe)

Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes \_\_\_\_\_ No

Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:

Remarks:

wet B east

**U.S. Army Corps of Engineers**  
**WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA SHEET - Western Mountains, Valleys, and Coast Region**  
 See ERDC/EL TR-10-3; the proponent agency is CECW-COR

OMB Control #: 0710-0024, Exp: 09/30/2027  
 Requirement Control Symbol EXEMPT:  
 (Authority: AR 335-15, paragraph 5-2a)

Project/Site: Montbanc Paulsbo City/County: Paulsbo Sampling Date: 1-6-25  
 Applicant/Owner: \_\_\_\_\_ State: WA Sampling Point: DP# 4  
 Investigator(s): Ed Smith Section, Township, Range: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Landform (hillside, terrace, etc.): \_\_\_\_\_ Local relief (concave, convex, none): \_\_\_\_\_ Slope (%): \_\_\_\_\_  
 Subregion (LRR/MLRA): \_\_\_\_\_ Lat: \_\_\_\_\_ Long: \_\_\_\_\_ Datum: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Soil Map Unit Name: \_\_\_\_\_ NWI classification: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes  No \_\_\_\_\_ (If no, explain in Remarks.)  
 Are Vegetation \_\_\_\_\_, Soil \_\_\_\_\_, or Hydrology \_\_\_\_\_ significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes  No \_\_\_\_\_  
 Are Vegetation \_\_\_\_\_, Soil \_\_\_\_\_, or Hydrology \_\_\_\_\_ naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

**SUMMARY OF FINDINGS - Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.**

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No _____ Hydric Soil Present? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No _____ Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No _____	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No _____
Remarks:	

**VEGETATION - Use scientific names of plants.**

Tree Stratum (Plot size: _____)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Dominance Test worksheet:
1. <u>Alnus rubra</u>	<u>50</u>		<u>FAC</u>	Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>3</u> (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: <u>3</u> (B) Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>100</u> (A/B)
2. _____				
3. _____				
4. _____				
=Total Cover				<b>Prevalence index worksheet:</b> Total % Cover of: _____ Multiply by: _____ OBL species _____ x 1 = _____ FACW species _____ x 2 = _____ FAC species _____ x 3 = _____ FACU species _____ x 4 = _____ UPL species _____ x 5 = _____ Column Totals: _____ (A) _____ (B) Prevalence Index = B/A = _____
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: _____)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	
1. <u>R-bus spectabilis</u>	<u>50</u>		<u>FAC</u>	
2. _____				
3. _____				
4. _____				
5. _____				
=Total Cover				
Herb Stratum (Plot size: _____)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	<b>Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:</b> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation _____ 2 - Dominance Test is >50% _____ 3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0 <sup>1</sup> _____ 4 - Morphological Adaptations <sup>1</sup> (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet) _____ 5 - Wetland Non-Vascular Plants <sup>1</sup> _____ Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation <sup>1</sup> (Explain) <sup>1</sup> Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
1. <u>Athyrium filix femina</u>	<u>20</u>		<u>FAC</u>	
2. _____				
3. _____				
4. _____				
5. _____				
6. _____				
7. _____				
8. _____				
9. _____				
10. _____				
11. _____				
=Total Cover				
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: _____)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	<b>Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?</b> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No _____
1. _____				
2. _____				
=Total Cover				
% Bare Ground in Herb Stratum _____				

Remarks:

**SOIL**

Sampling Point: DP#4

**Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.)**

Depth (inches)	Matrix		Redox Features				Texture	Remarks
	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type <sup>1</sup>	Loc <sup>2</sup>		
8	10YR 2/2						57% muck	
16	10YR 2/1						93%	

<sup>1</sup>Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, CS=Covered or Coated Sand Grains.      <sup>2</sup>Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.

Hydric Soil Indicators: (Applicable to all LRRs, unless otherwise noted.)		Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils <sup>3</sup> :	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Histosol (A1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4)	<input type="checkbox"/> 2 cm Muck (A10) (LRR A, E)	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Histic Epipedon (A2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Redox (S5)	<input type="checkbox"/> Iron-Manganese Masses (F12) (LRR D)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Black Histic (A3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Stripped Matrix (S6)	<input type="checkbox"/> Red Parent Material (F21)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (except MLRA 1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Very Shallow Dark Surface (F22)	
<input type="checkbox"/> 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR D, G)	<input type="checkbox"/> Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Explain in Remarks)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11)	<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Matrix (F3)		
<input type="checkbox"/> Thick Dark Surface (A12)	<input type="checkbox"/> Redox Dark Surface (F6)		
<input type="checkbox"/> Iron Monosulfide (A18)	<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Dark Surface (F7)		
<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Redox Depressions (F8)		
<input type="checkbox"/> 2.5 cm Mucky Peat or Peat (S2) (LRR G)			

**Restrictive Layer (if observed):**  
 Type: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Depth (inches): \_\_\_\_\_

**Hydric Soil Present?**      Yes       No

Remarks:

**HYDROLOGY**

Wetland Hydrology Indicators:		
Primary Indicators (minimum of one is required; check all that apply)		Secondary Indicators (2 or more required)
<input type="checkbox"/> Surface Water (A1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (except MLRA 1, 2, 4A, and 4B)	<input type="checkbox"/> Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2, 4A, and 4B)
<input type="checkbox"/> High Water Table (A2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Salt Crust (B11)	<input type="checkbox"/> Drainage Patterns (B10)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Saturation (A3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Aquatic Invertebrates (B13)	<input type="checkbox"/> Dry-Season Water Table (C2)
<input type="checkbox"/> Water Marks (B1)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
<input type="checkbox"/> Sediment Deposits (B2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roots (C3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Geomorphic Position (D2)
<input type="checkbox"/> Drift Deposits (B3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Shallow Aquitard (D3)
<input type="checkbox"/> Algal Mat or Crust (B4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6)	<input type="checkbox"/> FAC-Neutral Test (D5)
<input type="checkbox"/> Iron Deposits (B5)	<input type="checkbox"/> Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1) (LRR A)	<input type="checkbox"/> Raised Ant Mounds (D6) (LRR A)
<input type="checkbox"/> Surface Soil Cracks (B6)	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Explain in Remarks)	<input type="checkbox"/> Frost-Heave Hummocks (D7)
<input type="checkbox"/> Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7)		
<input type="checkbox"/> Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8)		

**Field Observations:**

Surface Water Present?	Yes <input type="checkbox"/>	No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Depth (inches): _____	<b>Wetland Hydrology Present?</b> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>
Water Table Present?	Yes <input type="checkbox"/>	No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Depth (inches): _____	
Saturation Present?	Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	No <input type="checkbox"/>	Depth (inches): <u>0</u>	

(includes capillary fringe)

Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:

Remarks:

upland part of wetland

**U.S. Army Corps of Engineers**  
**WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA SHEET - Western Mountains, Valleys, and Coast Region**  
 See ERDC/EL TR-10-3; the proponent agency is CECW-COR

OMB Control #: 0710-0024, Exp: 09/30/2027  
 Requirement Control Symbol EXEMPT:  
 (Authority: AR 335-15, paragraph 5-2a)

Project/Site: Montbore Paulsbo City/County: Paulsbo Sampling Date: 1-6-25  
 Applicant/Owner: \_\_\_\_\_ State: WA Sampling Point: DPIG  
 Investigator(s): Ed Smith Section, Township, Range: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Landform (hillside, terrace, etc.): \_\_\_\_\_ Local relief (concave, convex, none): \_\_\_\_\_ Slope (%): \_\_\_\_\_  
 Subregion (LRR/MLRA): \_\_\_\_\_ Lat: \_\_\_\_\_ Long: \_\_\_\_\_ Datum: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Soil Map Unit Name: \_\_\_\_\_ NWI classification: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes  No \_\_\_\_\_ (If no, explain in Remarks)  
 Are Vegetation \_\_\_\_\_, Soil \_\_\_\_\_, or Hydrology \_\_\_\_\_ significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes  No \_\_\_\_\_  
 Are Vegetation \_\_\_\_\_, Soil \_\_\_\_\_, or Hydrology \_\_\_\_\_ naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

**SUMMARY OF FINDINGS - Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.**

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Hydric Soil Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Remarks: _____	

**VEGETATION - Use scientific names of plants.**

Tree Stratum (Plot size: _____)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	<b>Dominance Test worksheet:</b> Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>2</u> (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: <u>4</u> (B) Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>50</u> (A/B)																
1. <u>Alnus rubra</u>	<u>30</u>		<u>FAC</u>																	
2. <u>Acer macrophyllum</u>	<u>30</u>		<u>FACW</u>																	
3. _____																				
4. _____																				
=Total Cover																				
<b>Sapling/Shrub Stratum</b> (Plot size: _____)				<b>Prevalence Index worksheet:</b> <table style="width:100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width:50%;">Total % Cover of:</td> <td style="width:50%;">Multiply by:</td> </tr> <tr> <td>OBL species _____</td> <td>x 1 = _____</td> </tr> <tr> <td>FACW species _____</td> <td>x 2 = _____</td> </tr> <tr> <td>FAC species <u>80</u></td> <td>x 3 = <u>240</u></td> </tr> <tr> <td>FACU species <u>50</u></td> <td>x 4 = <u>200</u></td> </tr> <tr> <td>UPL species _____</td> <td>x 5 = _____</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Column Totals: <u>130</u> (A)</td> <td><u>440</u> (B)</td> </tr> <tr> <td align="center" colspan="2">Prevalence Index = B/A = <u>3.38</u></td> </tr> </table>	Total % Cover of:	Multiply by:	OBL species _____	x 1 = _____	FACW species _____	x 2 = _____	FAC species <u>80</u>	x 3 = <u>240</u>	FACU species <u>50</u>	x 4 = <u>200</u>	UPL species _____	x 5 = _____	Column Totals: <u>130</u> (A)	<u>440</u> (B)	Prevalence Index = B/A = <u>3.38</u>	
Total % Cover of:	Multiply by:																			
OBL species _____	x 1 = _____																			
FACW species _____	x 2 = _____																			
FAC species <u>80</u>	x 3 = <u>240</u>																			
FACU species <u>50</u>	x 4 = <u>200</u>																			
UPL species _____	x 5 = _____																			
Column Totals: <u>130</u> (A)	<u>440</u> (B)																			
Prevalence Index = B/A = <u>3.38</u>																				
1. <u>Tsuga spectabilis</u>	<u>50</u>		<u>FAC</u>																	
2. _____																				
3. _____																				
4. _____																				
5. _____																				
=Total Cover																				
<b>Herb Stratum</b> (Plot size: _____)				<b>Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:</b> _____ 1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation _____ 2 - Dominance Test is >50% _____ 3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0 <sup>1</sup> _____ 4 - Morphological Adaptations <sup>1</sup> (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet) _____ 5 - Wetland Non-Vascular Plants <sup>1</sup> _____ Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation <sup>1</sup> (Explain) <sup>1</sup> Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.																
1. <u>Polystichum munitum</u>	<u>20</u>		<u>FACU</u>																	
2. _____																				
3. _____																				
4. _____																				
5. _____																				
6. _____																				
7. _____																				
8. _____																				
9. _____																				
10. _____																				
11. _____																				
=Total Cover																				
<b>Woody Vine Stratum</b> (Plot size: _____)				<b>Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?</b> Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>																
1. _____																				
2. _____																				
=Total Cover																				
% Bare Ground in Herb Stratum _____																				

Remarks: \_\_\_\_\_

**SOIL**

Sampling Point: D046

Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.)								
Depth (inches)	Matrix		Redox Features				Texture	Remarks
	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type <sup>1</sup>	Loc <sup>2</sup>		
2"	duff							
14	10R3/3						90L	

<sup>1</sup>Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, CS=Covered or Coated Sand Grains. <sup>2</sup>Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.

Hydric Soil Indicators: (Applicable to all LRRs, unless otherwise noted.)		Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils <sup>3</sup> :
<input type="checkbox"/> Histosol (A1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4)	<input type="checkbox"/> 2 cm Muck (A10) (LRR A, E)
<input type="checkbox"/> Histic Epipedon (A2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Redox (S5)	<input type="checkbox"/> Iron-Manganese Masses (F12) (LRR D)
<input type="checkbox"/> Black Histic (A3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Stripped Matrix (S6)	<input type="checkbox"/> Red Parent Material (F21)
<input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (except MLRA 1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Very Shallow Dark Surface (F22)
<input type="checkbox"/> 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR D, G)	<input type="checkbox"/> Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Explain in Remarks)
<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11)	<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Matrix (F3)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Thick Dark Surface (A12)	<input type="checkbox"/> Redox Dark Surface (F6)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Iron Monosulfide (A18)	<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Dark Surface (F7)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Redox Depressions (F8)	
<input type="checkbox"/> 2.5 cm Mucky Peat or Peat (S2) (LRR G)		

<sup>3</sup>Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.

<b>Restrictive Layer (if observed):</b> Type: _____ Depth (inches): _____	<b>Hydric Soil Present?</b> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Remarks:	

**HYDROLOGY**

Wetland Hydrology Indicators:		
Primary Indicators (minimum of one is required; check all that apply)		Secondary Indicators (2 or more required)
<input type="checkbox"/> Surface Water (A1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (except MLRA 1, 2, 4A, and 4B)	<input type="checkbox"/> Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2, 4A, and 4B)
<input type="checkbox"/> High Water Table (A2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Salt Crust (B11)	<input type="checkbox"/> Drainage Patterns (B10)
<input type="checkbox"/> Saturation (A3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Aquatic Invertebrates (B13)	<input type="checkbox"/> Dry-Season Water Table (C2)
<input type="checkbox"/> Water Marks (B1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
<input type="checkbox"/> Sediment Deposits (B2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roots (C3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Geomorphic Position (D2)
<input type="checkbox"/> Drift Deposits (B3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Shallow Aquitard (D3)
<input type="checkbox"/> Algal Mat or Crust (B4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6)	<input type="checkbox"/> FAC-Neutral Test (D5)
<input type="checkbox"/> Iron Deposits (B5)	<input type="checkbox"/> Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1) (LRR A)	<input type="checkbox"/> Raised Ant Mounds (D6) (LRR A)
<input type="checkbox"/> Surface Soil Cracks (B6)	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Explain in Remarks)	<input type="checkbox"/> Frost-Heave Hummocks (D7)
<input type="checkbox"/> Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7)		
<input type="checkbox"/> Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8)		

<b>Field Observations:</b> Surface Water Present? Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Depth (inches): _____ Water Table Present? Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Depth (inches): _____ Saturation Present? Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Depth (inches): _____ (includes capillary fringe)	<b>Wetland Hydrology Present?</b> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
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Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:

Remarks:

Wet B south west

**U.S. Army Corps of Engineers**  
**WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA SHEET - Western Mountains, Valleys, and Coast Region**  
 See ERDC/EL TR-10-3; the proponent agency is CECW-COR

OMB Control #: 0710-0024, Exp: 09/30/2027  
 Requirement Control Symbol EXEMPT:  
 (Authority: AR 335-15, paragraph 5-2a)

Project/Site: Montmore Park City/County: Poulsbo Sampling Date: 1-6-25  
 Applicant/Owner: \_\_\_\_\_ State: WA Sampling Point: DP#7  
 Investigator(s): Ed Smith Section, Township, Range: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Landform (hillside, terrace, etc.): \_\_\_\_\_ Local relief (concave, convex, none): \_\_\_\_\_ Slope (%): \_\_\_\_\_  
 Subregion (LRR/MLRA): \_\_\_\_\_ Lat: \_\_\_\_\_ Long: \_\_\_\_\_ Datum: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Soil Map Unit Name: \_\_\_\_\_ NWI classification: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes  No \_\_\_\_\_ (If no, explain in Remarks.)  
 Are Vegetation \_\_\_\_\_, Soil \_\_\_\_\_, or Hydrology \_\_\_\_\_ significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes  No \_\_\_\_\_  
 Are Vegetation \_\_\_\_\_, Soil \_\_\_\_\_, or Hydrology \_\_\_\_\_ naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

**SUMMARY OF FINDINGS - Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.**

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No _____	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No _____
Hydric Soil Present? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No _____	
Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No _____	
Remarks:	

**VEGETATION - Use scientific names of plants.**

Tree Stratum (Plot size: _____)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Dominance Test worksheet: Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>4</u> (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: <u>4</u> (B) Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>100</u> (A/B)
1. <u>Alnus rubra</u>	<u>50</u>		<u>FAC</u>	
2. _____				
3. _____				
4. _____				
=Total Cover				
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: _____)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Prevalence Index worksheet: Total % Cover of: _____ Multiply by: _____ OBL species _____ x 1 = _____ FACW species _____ x 2 = _____ FAC species _____ x 3 = _____ FACU species _____ x 4 = _____ UPL species _____ x 5 = _____ Column Totals: _____ (A) _____ (B) Prevalence Index = B/A = _____
1. <u>Rubus spectabilis</u>	<u>80</u>		<u>FAC</u>	
2. _____				
3. _____				
4. _____				
5. _____				
=Total Cover				
Herb Stratum (Plot size: _____)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation <input type="checkbox"/> 2 - Dominance Test is >50% <input type="checkbox"/> 3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0 <sup>1</sup> <input type="checkbox"/> 4 - Morphological Adaptations <sup>1</sup> (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet) <input type="checkbox"/> 5 - Wetland Non-Vascular Plants <sup>1</sup> <input type="checkbox"/> Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation <sup>1</sup> (Explain) <sup>1</sup> Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
1. <u>Lysichiton americanus</u>	<u>20</u>		<u>O3L</u>	
2. <u>T. lina maritima</u>	<u>20</u>		<u>FAC</u>	
3. _____				
4. _____				
5. _____				
6. _____				
7. _____				
8. _____				
9. _____				
10. _____				
11. _____				
=Total Cover				
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: _____)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No _____
1. _____				
2. _____				
=Total Cover				
% Bare Ground in Herb Stratum _____				

Remarks:

**SOIL**

Sampling Point: DP#7

**Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.)**

Depth (inches)	Matrix		Redox Features				Texture	Remarks
	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type <sup>1</sup>	Loc <sup>2</sup>		
5	70YR 2/1						Supra-mud	
10	10YR 3/2		Fcu	Fcu	Fcu		gs ✓	

<sup>1</sup>Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, CS=Covered or Coated Sand Grains. <sup>2</sup>Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.

Hydric Soil Indicators: (Applicable to all LRRs, unless otherwise noted.)		Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils <sup>3</sup> :
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Histosol (A1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4)	<input type="checkbox"/> 2 cm Muck (A10) (LRR A, E)
<input type="checkbox"/> Histic Epipedon (A2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Redox (S5)	<input type="checkbox"/> Iron-Manganese Masses (F12) (LRR D)
<input type="checkbox"/> Black Histic (A3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Stripped Matrix (S6)	<input type="checkbox"/> Red Parent Material (F21)
<input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (except MLRA 1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Very Shallow Dark Surface (F22)
<input type="checkbox"/> 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR D, G)	<input type="checkbox"/> Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Explain in Remarks)
<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11)	<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Matrix (F3)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Thick Dark Surface (A12)	<input type="checkbox"/> Redox Dark Surface (F6)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Iron Monosulfide (A18)	<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Dark Surface (F7)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Redox Depressions (F8)	
<input type="checkbox"/> 2.5 cm Mucky Peat or Peat (S2) (LRR G)		

<sup>3</sup>Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.

**Restrictive Layer (if observed):**  
 Type: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Depth (inches): \_\_\_\_\_

**Hydric Soil Present?**      Yes       No

Remarks:

**HYDROLOGY**

Wetland Hydrology Indicators:	
Primary Indicators (minimum of one is required; check all that apply)	Secondary Indicators (2 or more required)
<input type="checkbox"/> Surface Water (A1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (except MLRA 1, 2, 4A, and 4B)
<input type="checkbox"/> High Water Table (A2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2, 4A, and 4B)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Saturation (A3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Salt Crust (B11)
<input type="checkbox"/> Water Marks (B1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Aquatic Invertebrates (B13)
<input type="checkbox"/> Sediment Deposits (B2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)
<input type="checkbox"/> Drift Deposits (B3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roots (C3)
<input type="checkbox"/> Algal Mat or Crust (B4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)
<input type="checkbox"/> Iron Deposits (B5)	<input type="checkbox"/> Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6)
<input type="checkbox"/> Surface Soil Cracks (B6)	<input type="checkbox"/> Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1) (LRR A)
<input type="checkbox"/> Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7)	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Explain in Remarks)
<input type="checkbox"/> Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8)	

**Field Observations:**

Surface Water Present?	Yes <input type="checkbox"/>	No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Depth (inches): _____	<b>Wetland Hydrology Present?</b> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>
Water Table Present?	Yes <input type="checkbox"/>	No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Depth (inches): _____	
Saturation Present?	Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	No <input type="checkbox"/>	Depth (inches): <u>-3"</u>	

(includes capillary fringe)

Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:

Remarks:

wet, c

**U.S. Army Corps of Engineers**  
**WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA SHEET – Western Mountains, Valleys, and Coast Region**  
 See ERDC/EL TR-10-3; the proponent agency is CECW-COR

OMB Control #: 0710-0024, Exp: 09/30/2027  
 Requirement Control Symbol EXEMPT:  
 (Authority: AR 335-15, paragraph 5-2a)

Project/Site: Montrose Paulsbo City/County: Paulsbo Sampling Date: 1-6-25  
 Applicant/Owner: \_\_\_\_\_ State: WA Sampling Point: DP#8  
 Investigator(s): Ed Smith Section, Township, Range: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Landform (hillside, terrace, etc.): \_\_\_\_\_ Local relief (concave, convex, none): \_\_\_\_\_ Slope (%): \_\_\_\_\_  
 Subregion (LRR/MLRA): \_\_\_\_\_ Lat: \_\_\_\_\_ Long: \_\_\_\_\_ Datum: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Soil Map Unit Name: \_\_\_\_\_ NWI classification: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes  No \_\_\_\_\_ (If no, explain in Remarks)  
 Are Vegetation \_\_\_\_\_, Soil \_\_\_\_\_, or Hydrology \_\_\_\_\_ significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes  No \_\_\_\_\_  
 Are Vegetation \_\_\_\_\_, Soil \_\_\_\_\_, or Hydrology \_\_\_\_\_ naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

**SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.**

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No _____ Hydric Soil Present? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No _____ Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No _____	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No _____
Remarks:	

**VEGETATION – Use scientific names of plants.**

Tree Stratum (Plot size: _____)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Dominance Test worksheet:
1. _____	_____	_____	_____	Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>2</u> (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: <u>2</u> (B) Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>100</u> (A/B)
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	
3. _____	_____	_____	_____	
4. _____	_____	_____	_____	
=Total Cover				<b>Prevalence Index worksheet:</b> Total % Cover pf: _____ Multiply by: _____ OBL species _____ x 1 = _____ FACW species _____ x 2 = _____ FAC species _____ x 3 = _____ FACU species _____ x 4 = _____ UPL species _____ x 5 = _____ Column Totals: _____ (A) _____ (B) Prevalence Index = B/A = _____
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: _____)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	
1. <u>Rubus spectabilis</u>	<u>60</u>	_____	<u>FAC</u>	
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	
3. _____	_____	_____	_____	
4. _____	_____	_____	_____	
5. _____	_____	_____	_____	<b>Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:</b> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation _____ 2 - Dominance Test is >50% _____ 3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0 <sup>1</sup> _____ 4 - Morphological Adaptations <sup>1</sup> (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet) _____ 5 - Wetland Non-Vascular Plants <sup>1</sup> _____ Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation <sup>1</sup> (Explain) <sup>1</sup> Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
=Total Cover				
Herb Stratum (Plot size: _____)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	
1. <u>Tolmie myrsine</u>	<u>30</u>	_____	<u>FAC</u>	
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	
3. _____	_____	_____	_____	
4. _____	_____	_____	_____	
5. _____	_____	_____	_____	
6. _____	_____	_____	_____	
7. _____	_____	_____	_____	
8. _____	_____	_____	_____	
9. _____	_____	_____	_____	
10. _____	_____	_____	_____	
11. _____	_____	_____	_____	
=Total Cover				
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: _____)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	<b>Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?</b> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No _____
1. _____	_____	_____	_____	
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	<b>Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?</b> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No _____
=Total Cover				
% Bare Ground in Herb Stratum _____				<b>Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?</b> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No _____
Remarks:				

**SOIL**

Sampling Point: DP#8

**Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.)**

Depth (inches)	Matrix		Redox Features				Texture	Remarks
	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type <sup>1</sup>	Loc <sup>2</sup>		
6	10N 2/2						syn muck	
14	10N 2/2						os	

<sup>1</sup>Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, CS=Covered or Coated Sand Grains. <sup>2</sup>Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.

Hydric Soil Indicators: (Applicable to all LRRs, unless otherwise noted.)		Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils <sup>3</sup> :
<input type="checkbox"/> Histosol (A1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4)	<input type="checkbox"/> 2 cm Muck (A10) (LRR A, E)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Histic Epipedon (A2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Redox (S5)	<input type="checkbox"/> Iron-Manganese Masses (F12) (LRR D)
<input type="checkbox"/> Black Histic (A3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Stripped Matrix (S6)	<input type="checkbox"/> Red Parent Material (F21)
<input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (except MLRA 1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Very Shallow Dark Surface (F22)
<input type="checkbox"/> 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR D, G)	<input type="checkbox"/> Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Explain in Remarks)
<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11)	<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Matrix (F3)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Thick Dark Surface (A12)	<input type="checkbox"/> Redox Dark Surface (F6)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Iron Monosulfide (A18)	<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Dark Surface (F7)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Redox Depressions (F8)	
<input type="checkbox"/> 2.5 cm Mucky Peat or Peat (S2) (LRR G)		

<sup>3</sup>Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.

**Restrictive Layer (if observed):**  
 Type: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Depth (inches): \_\_\_\_\_

**Hydric Soil Present?**      Yes       No

Remarks:

**HYDROLOGY**

Wetland Hydrology Indicators:	
Primary Indicators (minimum of one is required; check all that apply)	Secondary Indicators (2 or more required)
<input type="checkbox"/> Surface Water (A1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2, 4A, and 4B)
<input type="checkbox"/> High Water Table (A2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2, 4A, and 4B)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Saturation (A3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Drainage Patterns (B10)
<input type="checkbox"/> Water Marks (B1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Dry-Season Water Table (C2)
<input type="checkbox"/> Sediment Deposits (B2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
<input type="checkbox"/> Drift Deposits (B3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Geomorphic Position (D2)
<input type="checkbox"/> Algal Mat or Crust (B4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Shallow Aquitard (D3)
<input type="checkbox"/> Iron Deposits (B5)	<input type="checkbox"/> FAC-Neutral Test (D5)
<input type="checkbox"/> Surface Soil Cracks (B6)	<input type="checkbox"/> Raised Ant Mounds (D6) (LRR A)
<input type="checkbox"/> Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7)	<input type="checkbox"/> Frost-Heave Hummocks (D7)
<input type="checkbox"/> Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (except MLRA 1, 2, 4A, and 4B)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Salt Crust (B11)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Aquatic Invertebrates (B13)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roots (C3)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1) (LRR A)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Explain in Remarks)	

**Field Observations:**

Surface Water Present?	Yes <input type="checkbox"/>	No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Depth (inches): _____	<b>Wetland Hydrology Present?</b> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>
Water Table Present?	Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	No <input type="checkbox"/>	Depth (inches): _____	
Saturation Present?	Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	No <input type="checkbox"/>	Depth (inches): <u>4"</u>	

(includes capillary fringe)

Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:

Remarks:

wetland D

**U.S. Army Corps of Engineers**  
**WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA SHEET – Western Mountains, Valleys, and Coast Region**  
 See ERDC/EL TR-10-3; the proponent agency is CECW-COR

OMB Control #: 0710-0024, Exp: 09/30/2027  
 Requirement Control Symbol EXEMPT:  
 (Authority: AR 335-15, paragraph 5-2a)

Project/Site: Montmore Park City/County: Paulsbo Sampling Date: 1-6-25  
 Applicant/Owner: \_\_\_\_\_ State: WA Sampling Point: BP#9  
 Investigator(s): Ed Smith Section, Township, Range: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Landform (hillside, terrace, etc.): \_\_\_\_\_ Local relief (concave, convex, none): \_\_\_\_\_ Slope (%): \_\_\_\_\_  
 Subregion (LRR/MLRA): \_\_\_\_\_ Lat: \_\_\_\_\_ Long: \_\_\_\_\_ Datum: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Soil Map Unit Name: \_\_\_\_\_ NWI classification: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes  No \_\_\_\_\_ (If no, explain in Remarks.)  
 Are Vegetation \_\_\_\_\_, Soil \_\_\_\_\_, or Hydrology \_\_\_\_\_ significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes  No \_\_\_\_\_  
 Are Vegetation \_\_\_\_\_, Soil \_\_\_\_\_, or Hydrology \_\_\_\_\_ naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

**SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.**

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No _____	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No _____
Hydric Soil Present? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No _____	
Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes _____ No _____	
Remarks:	

**VEGETATION – Use scientific names of plants.**

Tree Stratum (Plot size: _____)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	<b>Dominance Test worksheet:</b> Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>3</u> (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: <u>5</u> (B) Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>100</u> (A/B)																
1. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
2. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
3. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
4. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
=Total Cover																				
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: _____)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	<b>Prevalence Index worksheet:</b> <table border="0"> <tr> <td>Total % Cover of:</td> <td>Multiply by:</td> </tr> <tr> <td>OBL species _____</td> <td>x 1 = _____</td> </tr> <tr> <td>FACW species _____</td> <td>x 2 = _____</td> </tr> <tr> <td>FAC species _____</td> <td>x 3 = _____</td> </tr> <tr> <td>FACU species _____</td> <td>x 4 = _____</td> </tr> <tr> <td>UPL species _____</td> <td>x 5 = _____</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Column Totals: _____ (A)</td> <td>_____ (B)</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="2">Prevalence Index = B/A = _____</td> </tr> </table>	Total % Cover of:	Multiply by:	OBL species _____	x 1 = _____	FACW species _____	x 2 = _____	FAC species _____	x 3 = _____	FACU species _____	x 4 = _____	UPL species _____	x 5 = _____	Column Totals: _____ (A)	_____ (B)	Prevalence Index = B/A = _____	
Total % Cover of:	Multiply by:																			
OBL species _____	x 1 = _____																			
FACW species _____	x 2 = _____																			
FAC species _____	x 3 = _____																			
FACU species _____	x 4 = _____																			
UPL species _____	x 5 = _____																			
Column Totals: _____ (A)	_____ (B)																			
Prevalence Index = B/A = _____																				
1. <u>Rubus discolor</u>	<u>20</u>		<u>FAC</u>																	
2. <u>Rubus spectabilis</u>	<u>60</u>		<u>FAC</u>																	
3. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
4. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
5. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
=Total Cover																				
Herb Stratum (Plot size: _____)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	<b>Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:</b> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation <input type="checkbox"/> 2 - Dominance Test is >50% <input type="checkbox"/> 3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0 <sup>1</sup> <input type="checkbox"/> 4 - Morphological Adaptations <sup>1</sup> (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet) <input type="checkbox"/> 5 - Wetland Non-Vascular Plants <sup>1</sup> <input type="checkbox"/> Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation <sup>1</sup> (Explain) <sup>1</sup> Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.																
1. <u>Athyrium filix-femina</u>	<u>30</u>		<u>FAC</u>																	
2. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
3. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
4. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
5. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
6. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
7. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
8. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
9. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
10. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
11. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
=Total Cover																				
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: _____)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	<b>Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?</b> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No _____																
1. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
2. _____	_____	_____	_____																	
=Total Cover																				
% Bare Ground in Herb Stratum _____																				
Remarks:																				

**SOIL**

Sampling Point: DP#9

**Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.)**

Depth (inches)	Matrix		Redox Features				Texture	Remarks
	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type <sup>1</sup>	Loc <sup>2</sup>		
6	10Y 2/1						fine m.c.	
10	10Y 2/2						fine	

<sup>1</sup>Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, CS=Covered or Coated Sand Grains.      <sup>2</sup>Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.

Hydric Soil Indicators: (Applicable to all LRRs, unless otherwise noted.)		Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils <sup>3</sup> :
<input type="checkbox"/> Histosol (A1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4)	<input type="checkbox"/> 2 cm Muck (A10) (LRR A, E)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Histic Epipedon (A2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Redox (S5)	<input type="checkbox"/> Iron-Manganese Masses (F12) (LRR D)
<input type="checkbox"/> Black Histic (A3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Stripped Matrix (S6)	<input type="checkbox"/> Red Parent Material (F21)
<input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (except MLRA 1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Very Shallow Dark Surface (F22)
<input type="checkbox"/> 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR D, G)	<input type="checkbox"/> Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Explain in Remarks)
<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11)	<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Matrix (F3)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Thick Dark Surface (A12)	<input type="checkbox"/> Redox Dark Surface (F6)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Iron Monosulfide (A18)	<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Dark Surface (F7)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Redox Depressions (F8)	
<input type="checkbox"/> 2.5 cm Mucky Peat or Peat (S2) (LRR G)		

**Restrictive Layer (if observed):**

Type: \_\_\_\_\_

Depth (inches): \_\_\_\_\_

Hydric Soil Present?      Yes       No

Remarks:

**HYDROLOGY**

Wetland Hydrology Indicators:	
Primary Indicators (minimum of one is required; check all that apply)	Secondary Indicators (2 or more required)
<input type="checkbox"/> Surface Water (A1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (except MLRA 1, 2, 4A, and 4B)
<input type="checkbox"/> High Water Table (A2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2, 4A, and 4B)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Saturation (A3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Salt Crust (B11)
<input type="checkbox"/> Water Marks (B1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Aquatic Invertebrates (B13)
<input type="checkbox"/> Sediment Deposits (B2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)
<input type="checkbox"/> Drift Deposits (B3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roots (C3)
<input type="checkbox"/> Algal Mat or Crust (B4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)
<input type="checkbox"/> Iron Deposits (B5)	<input type="checkbox"/> Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6)
<input type="checkbox"/> Surface Soil Cracks (B6)	<input type="checkbox"/> Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1) (LRR A)
<input type="checkbox"/> Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7)	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Explain in Remarks)
<input type="checkbox"/> Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8)	

**Field Observations:**

Surface Water Present?      Yes       No       Depth (inches): \_\_\_\_\_

Water Table Present?      Yes       No       Depth (inches): \_\_\_\_\_

Saturation Present?      Yes       No       Depth (inches): 2'

(includes capillary fringe)

Wetland Hydrology Present?      Yes       No

Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:

Remarks:

*Swide 1/4 Section  
South west*

**U.S. Army Corps of Engineers**  
**WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA SHEET – Western Mountains, Valleys, and Coast Region**  
 See ERDC/EL TR-10-3; the proponent agency is CECW-COR

OMB Control #: 0710-0024, Exp: 09/30/2027  
 Requirement Control Symbol EXEMPT:  
 (Authority: AR 335-15, paragraph 5-2a)

Project/Site: Montrose Paulsbo City/County: Paulsbo Sampling Date: 1/6-25  
 Applicant/Owner: \_\_\_\_\_ State: WA Sampling Point: DP#10  
 Investigator(s): Ed Smith Section, Township, Range: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Landform (hillside, terrace, etc.): \_\_\_\_\_ Local relief (concave, convex, none): \_\_\_\_\_ Slope (%): \_\_\_\_\_  
 Subregion (LRR/MLRA): \_\_\_\_\_ Lat: \_\_\_\_\_ Long: \_\_\_\_\_ Datum: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Soil Map Unit Name: \_\_\_\_\_ NWI classification: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes  No \_\_\_\_\_ (If no, explain in Remarks.)  
 Are Vegetation \_\_\_\_\_, Soil \_\_\_\_\_, or Hydrology \_\_\_\_\_ significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes  No \_\_\_\_\_  
 Are Vegetation \_\_\_\_\_, Soil \_\_\_\_\_, or Hydrology \_\_\_\_\_ naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

**SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.**

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No _____	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Hydric Soil Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes _____ No _____	

Remarks: \_\_\_\_\_

**VEGETATION – Use scientific names of plants.**

Tree Stratum (Plot size: _____)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Dominance Test worksheet:
1. <u>Alnus rubra</u>	<u>30</u>		<u>FAC</u>	
2. _____				Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: <u>3</u> (B)
3. _____				Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>100</u> (A/B)
4. _____				
=Total Cover				
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: _____)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Prevalence Index worksheet:
1. <u>Rubus spectabilis</u>	<u>50</u>		<u>FAC</u>	
2. <u>Rubus idaeus</u>	<u>20</u>		<u>FA</u>	OBL species _____ x 1 = _____
3. _____				FACW species _____ x 2 = _____
4. _____				FAC species _____ x 3 = _____
5. _____				FACU species _____ x 4 = _____
=Total Cover				UPL species _____ x 5 = _____
				Column Totals: _____ (A) _____ (B)
				Prevalence Index = B/A = _____
Herb Stratum (Plot size: _____)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
1. _____				
2. _____				_____ 2 - Dominance Test is >50%
3. _____				_____ 3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0 <sup>1</sup>
4. _____				_____ 4 - Morphological Adaptations <sup>1</sup> (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
5. _____				_____ 5 - Wetland Non-Vascular Plants <sup>1</sup>
6. _____				_____ Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation <sup>1</sup> (Explain)
7. _____				<sup>1</sup> Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
8. _____				
9. _____				
10. _____				
11. _____				
=Total Cover				
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: _____)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
1. _____				
2. _____				
=Total Cover				

Remarks: \_\_\_\_\_

**SOIL**

Sampling Point: DP#10

Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.)								
Depth (inches)	Matrix		Redox Features				Texture	Remarks
	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type <sup>1</sup>	Loc <sup>2</sup>		
<u>10</u>	<u>10YR3/2</u>						<u>90L</u>	

<sup>1</sup>Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, CS=Covered or Coated Sand Grains. <sup>2</sup>Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.

**Hydric Soil Indicators: (Applicable to all LRRs, unless otherwise noted.)**

**Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils<sup>3</sup>:**

<input type="checkbox"/> Histosol (A1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4)	<input type="checkbox"/> 2 cm Muck (A10) (LRR A, E)
<input type="checkbox"/> Histic Epipedon (A2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Redox (S5)	<input type="checkbox"/> Iron-Manganese Masses (F12) (LRR D)
<input type="checkbox"/> Black Histic (A3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Stripped Matrix (S6)	<input type="checkbox"/> Red Parent Material (F21)
<input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (except MLRA 1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Very Shallow Dark Surface (F22)
<input type="checkbox"/> 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR D, G)	<input type="checkbox"/> Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Explain in Remarks)
<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11)	<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Matrix (F3)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Thick Dark Surface (A12)	<input type="checkbox"/> Redox Dark Surface (F6)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Iron Monosulfide (A18)	<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Dark Surface (F7)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Redox Depressions (F8)	
<input type="checkbox"/> 2.5 cm Mucky Peat or Peat (S2) (LRR G)		

<sup>3</sup>Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.

**Restrictive Layer (if observed):**

Type: \_\_\_\_\_  
Depth (inches): \_\_\_\_\_

Hydric Soil Present?

Yes \_\_\_\_\_ No

Remarks:

**HYDROLOGY**

**Wetland Hydrology Indicators:**

Primary Indicators (minimum of one is required; check all that apply)

- Surface Water (A1)
- High Water Table (A2)
- Saturation (A3)
- Water Marks (B1)
- Sediment Deposits (B2)
- Drift Deposits (B3)
- Algal Mat or Crust (B4)
- Iron Deposits (B5)
- Surface Soil Cracks (B6)
- Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7)
- Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8)
- Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (except MLRA 1, 2, 4A, and 4B)
- Salt Crust (B11)
- Aquatic Invertebrates (B13)
- Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)
- Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roots (C3)
- Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)
- Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6)
- Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1) (LRR A)
- Other (Explain in Remarks)

Secondary Indicators (2 or more required)

- Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2, 4A, and 4B)
- Drainage Patterns (B10)
- Dry-Season Water Table (C2)
- Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
- Geomorphic Position (D2)
- Shallow Aquitard (D3)
- FAC-Neutral Test (D5)
- Raised Ant Mounds (D6) (LRR A)
- Frost-Heave Hummocks (D7)

**Field Observations:**

Surface Water Present? Yes \_\_\_\_\_ No  Depth (inches): \_\_\_\_\_  
 Water Table Present? Yes \_\_\_\_\_ No  Depth (inches): \_\_\_\_\_  
 Saturation Present? Yes \_\_\_\_\_ No  Depth (inches): \_\_\_\_\_  
 (includes capillary fringe)

Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes \_\_\_\_\_ No

Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:

Remarks:

Wetland name or number A

## RATING SUMMARY – Western Washington

Name of wetland (or ID #): Montbanc Wet A Date of site visit: 9-4-24  
 Rated by El Soud Trained by Ecology?  Yes  No Date of training \_\_\_\_\_

HGM Class used for rating Slope Wetland has multiple HGM classes?  Y  N

NOTE: Form is not complete without the required figures (figures can be combined).  
 Source of base aerial photo/map \_\_\_\_\_

OVERALL WETLAND CATEGORY IV (based on functions \_\_\_ or special characteristics \_\_\_)

### 1. Category of wetland based on FUNCTIONS

- \_\_\_\_\_ Category I – Total score = 23 - 27
- \_\_\_\_\_ Category II – Total score = 20 - 22
- Category III – Total score = 16 - 19
- \_\_\_\_\_ Category IV – Total score = 9 - 15

**Score for each function based on three ratings**  
 (order of ratings is not important)

9 = H, H, H  
 8 = H, H, M  
 7 = H, H, L  
 7 = H, M, M  
 6 = H, M, L  
 6 = M, M, M  
 5 = H, L, L  
 5 = M, M, L  
 4 = M, L, L  
 3 = L, L, L

FUNCTION	Improving Water Quality	Hydrologic	Habitat	
<i>Circle the appropriate ratings</i>				
Site Potential	H (M) L	H M (L)	H M (L)	
Landscape Potential	H M (L)	H M (L)	H M (L)	
Value	(H) M L	H (M) L	H (M) L	<b>TOTAL</b>
Score Based on Ratings	6	4	4	14

### 2. Category based on SPECIAL CHARACTERISTICS of wetland

CHARACTERISTIC	CATEGORY
Estuarine	I II
Wetland of High Conservation Value	I
Bog	I
Mature Forest	I
Old Growth Forest	I
Coastal Lagoon	I II
Interdunal	I II III IV
None of the above	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

Wetland name or number     A    

**Maps and figures required to answer questions correctly for Western Washington**

**Depressional Wetlands**

Map of:	To answer questions:	Figure #
Cowardin plant classes	D 1.3, H 1.1, H 1.4	
Hydroperiods	D 1.4, H 1.2	
Location of outlet ( <i>can be added to map of hydroperiods</i> )	D 1.1, D 4.1	
Boundary of area within 150 ft of the wetland ( <i>can be added to another figure</i> )	D 2.2, D 5.2	
Map of the contributing basin	D 4.3, D 5.3	
1 km Polygon: Area that extends 1 km from entire wetland edge - including polygons for accessible habitat and total habitat	H 2.1, H 2.2, H 2.3	
Screen capture of map of 303(d) listed waters in basin (from Ecology website)	D 3.1, D 3.2	
Screen capture of list of TMDLs for WRIA in which unit is found (from web)	D 3.3	

**Riverine Wetlands**

Map of:	To answer questions:	Figure #
Cowardin plant classes	H 1.1, H 1.4	
Hydroperiods	H 1.2	
Ponded depressions	R 1.1	
Boundary of area within 150 ft of the wetland ( <i>can be added to another figure</i> )	R 2.4	
Plant cover of trees, shrubs, and herbaceous plants	R 1.2, R 4.2	
Width of unit vs. width of stream ( <i>can be added to another figure</i> )	R 4.1	
Map of the contributing basin	R 2.2, R 2.3, R 5.2	
1 km Polygon: Area that extends 1 km from entire wetland edge - including polygons for accessible habitat and total habitat	H 2.1, H 2.2, H 2.3	
Screen capture of map of 303(d) listed waters in basin (from Ecology website)	R 3.1	
Screen capture of list of TMDLs for WRIA in which unit is found (from web)	R 3.2, R 3.3	

**Lake Fringe Wetlands**

Map of:	To answer questions:	Figure #
Cowardin plant classes	L 1.1, L 4.1, H 1.1, H 1.4	
Plant cover of trees, shrubs, and herbaceous plants	L 1.2	
Boundary of area within 150 ft of the wetland ( <i>can be added to another figure</i> )	L 2.2	
1 km Polygon: Area that extends 1 km from entire wetland edge - including polygons for accessible habitat and total habitat	H 2.1, H 2.2, H 2.3	
Screen capture of map of 303(d) listed waters in basin (from Ecology website)	L 3.1, L 3.2	
Screen capture of list of TMDLs for WRIA in which unit is found (from web)	L 3.3	

**Slope Wetlands**

Map of:	To answer questions:	Figure #
Cowardin plant classes	H 1.1, H 1.4	
Hydroperiods	H 1.2	
Plant cover of <b>dense</b> trees, shrubs, and herbaceous plants	S 1.3	
Plant cover of <b>dense, rigid</b> trees, shrubs, and herbaceous plants ( <i>can be added to figure above</i> )	S 4.1	
Boundary of 150 ft buffer ( <i>can be added to another figure</i> )	S 2.1, S 5.1	
1 km Polygon: Area that extends 1 km from entire wetland edge - including polygons for accessible habitat and total habitat	H 2.1, H 2.2, H 2.3	
Screen capture of map of 303(d) listed waters in basin (from Ecology website)	S 3.1, S 3.2	
Screen capture of list of TMDLs for WRIA in which unit is found (from web)	S 3.3	

Wetland name or number A

## HGM Classification of Wetlands in Western Washington

For questions 1-7, the criteria described must apply to the entire unit being rated.

If the hydrologic criteria listed in each question do not apply to the entire unit being rated, you probably have a unit with multiple HGM classes. In this case, identify which hydrologic criteria in questions 1-7 apply, and go to Question 8.

1. Are the water levels in the entire unit usually controlled by tides except during floods?

NO – go to 2

YES – the wetland class is **Tidal Fringe** – go to 1.1

1.1 Is the salinity of the water during periods of annual low flow below 0.5 ppt (parts per thousand)?

NO – Saltwater Tidal Fringe (Estuarine)

YES – Freshwater Tidal Fringe

If your wetland can be classified as a Freshwater Tidal Fringe use the forms for **Riverine** wetlands. If it is Saltwater Tidal Fringe, it is an **Estuarine** wetland and is not scored. This method **cannot** be used to score functions for estuarine wetlands.

2. The entire wetland unit is flat, and precipitation is the only source (>90%) of water to it. Groundwater and surface water runoff are NOT sources of water to the unit.

NO – go to 3

YES – The wetland class is **Flats**

If your wetland can be classified as a Flats wetland, use the form for **Depressional** wetlands.

3. Does the entire wetland unit **meet all** of the following criteria?

- The vegetated part of the wetland is on the shores of a body of permanent open water (without any plants on the surface at any time of the year) at least 20 ac (8 ha) in size,
- At least 30% of the open water area is deeper than 6.6 ft (2 m).

NO – go to 4

YES – The wetland class is **Lake Fringe** (Lacustrine Fringe)

4. Does the entire wetland unit **meet all** of the following criteria?

- The wetland is on a slope (slope can be very gradual),
- The water flows through the wetland in one direction (unidirectional) and usually comes from seeps. It may flow subsurface, as sheet flow, or in a swale without distinct banks,
- The water leaves the wetland **without being impounded**.

NO – go to 5

YES – The wetland class is **Slope**

**NOTE:** Surface water does not pond in these type of wetlands except occasionally in very small and shallow depressions or behind hummocks (depressions are usually <3 ft diameter and less than 1 ft deep).

Wetland name or number A

5. Does the entire wetland unit **meet all** of the following criteria?

- The unit is in a valley, or stream channel, where it gets inundated by overbank flooding from that stream or river,
- The overbank flooding occurs at least once every 2 years.

NO – go to 6

YES – The wetland class is **Riverine**

**NOTE:** The Riverine unit can contain depressions that are filled with water when the river is not flooding

6. Is the entire wetland unit in a topographic depression in which water ponds, or is saturated to the surface, at some time during the year? This means that any outlet, if present, is higher than the interior of the wetland.

NO – go to 7

YES – The wetland class is **Depressional**

7. Is the entire wetland unit located in a very flat area with no obvious depression and no overbank flooding? The unit does not pond surface water more than a few inches. The unit seems to be maintained by high groundwater in the area. The wetland may be ditched but has no obvious natural outlet.

NO – go to 8

YES – The wetland class is **Depressional**

8. Your wetland unit seems to be difficult to classify and probably contains several different HGM classes. For example, seeps at the base of a slope may grade into a riverine floodplain, or a small stream within a Depressional wetland has a zone of flooding along its sides. **GO BACK AND IDENTIFY WHICH OF THE HYDROLOGIC REGIMES DESCRIBED IN QUESTIONS 1-7 APPLY TO DIFFERENT AREAS IN THE UNIT** (make a rough sketch to help you decide). Use the following table to identify the appropriate class to use for the rating system if you have several HGM classes present within the wetland unit being scored.

**NOTE:** Use this table only if the class that is recommended in the second column represents 10% or more of the total area of the wetland unit being rated. If the area of the HGM class listed in column 2 is less than 10% of the unit; classify the wetland using the class that represents more than 90% of the total area.

HGM classes within the wetland unit being rated	HGM class to use in rating
Slope + Riverine	Riverine
Slope + Depressional	Depressional
Slope + Lake Fringe	Lake Fringe
Depressional + Riverine along stream within boundary of depression	Depressional
Depressional + Lake Fringe	Depressional
Riverine + Lake Fringe	Riverine
Salt Water Tidal Fringe and any other class of freshwater wetland	Treat as ESTUARINE

If you are still unable to determine which of the above criteria apply to your wetland, or if you have **more than 2 HGM classes** within a wetland boundary, classify the wetland as Depressional for the rating.

Wetland name or number A

<b>SLOPE WETLANDS</b>		
<b>Water Quality Functions - Indicators that the site functions to improve water quality</b>		
<b>S 1.0. Does the site have the potential to improve water quality?</b>		
S 1.1. Characteristics of the average slope of the wetland: (A 1% slope has a 1 ft vertical change in elevation for every 100 ft of horizontal distance.)		
Slope is 1% or less	points = 3	
Slope is > 1%-2%	points = 2	
Slope is > 2%-5%	points = 1	
Slope is greater than 5%	points = 0	0
S 1.2. The soil 2 in. below the surface (or duff layer) is true clay or true organic (use NRCS definitions):	Yes = 3 No = 0	0
S 1.3. Characteristics of the plants in the wetland that trap sediments and pollutants: Choose the points appropriate for the description that best fits the plants in the wetland. Dense means you have trouble seeing the soil surface (>75% cover), and uncut means not grazed or mowed, and plants are higher than 6 in.		
Dense, uncut, herbaceous plants > 90% of the wetland area	points = 6	
Dense, uncut, herbaceous plants > 1/2 of area	points = 3	
Dense, woody, plants > 1/2 of area	points = 2	
Dense, uncut, herbaceous plants > 1/4 of area	points = 1	6
Does not meet any of the criteria above for plants	points = 0	
<b>Total for S 1</b>	<b>Add the points in the boxes above</b>	<b>6</b>

**Rating of Site Potential** If score is: 12 = H 6-11 = M 0-5 = L Record the rating on the first page

<b>S 2.0. Does the landscape have the potential to support the water quality function of the site?</b>		
S 2.1. Is > 10% of the area within 150 ft on the uphill side of the wetland in land uses that generate pollutants?	Yes = 1 No = 0	0
S 2.2. Are there other sources of pollutants coming into the wetland that are not listed in question S 2.1? Other sources _____	Yes = 1 No = 0	0
<b>Total for S 2</b>	<b>Add the points in the boxes above</b>	<b>0</b>

**Rating of Landscape Potential** If score is: 1-2 = M 0 = L Record the rating on the first page

<b>S 3.0. Is the water quality improvement provided by the site valuable to society?</b>		
S 3.1. Does the wetland discharge directly (i.e., within 1 mi) to a stream, river, lake, or marine water that is on the 303(d) list?	Yes = 1 No = 0	1
S 3.2. Is the wetland in a basin or sub-basin where water quality is an issue? (At least one aquatic resource in the basin is on the 303(d) list.)	Yes = 1 No = 0	1
S 3.3. Has the site been identified in a watershed or local plan as important for maintaining water quality? (Answer YES if there is a TMDL in development or in effect for the basin in which unit is found.)	Yes = 2 No = 0	2
<b>Total for S 3</b>	<b>Add the points in the boxes above</b>	<b>4</b>

**Rating of Value** If score is: 2-4 = H 1 = M 0 = L Record the rating on the first page

Wetland name or number A

**SLOPE WETLANDS**  
**Hydrologic Functions - Indicators that the site functions to reduce flooding and stream erosion**

S 4.0. Does the site have the potential to reduce flooding and stream erosion?

S 4.1. Characteristics of plants that reduce the velocity of surface flows during storms: Choose the points appropriate for the description that best fits conditions in the wetland. Stems of plants should be thick enough (usually > 1/8 in), or dense enough, to remain erect during surface flows.  
 Dense, uncut, rigid plants cover > 90% of the area of the wetland  
 All other conditions

points = 1  
 points = 0

**Rating of Site Potential** If score is: 1 = M 0 = L *Record the rating on the first page*

S 5.0. Does the landscape have the potential to support the hydrologic functions of the site?

S 5.1. Is more than 25% of the area within 150 ft upslope of wetland in land uses or cover that generate excess surface runoff?  
 Yes = 1 No = 0

**Rating of Landscape Potential** If score is: 1 = M 0 = L *Record the rating on the first page*

S 6.0. Are the hydrologic functions provided by the site valuable to society?

S 6.1. Distance to the nearest areas downstream that have flooding problems:  
 The sub-basin immediately downgradient of site has flooding problems that result in damage to human or natural resources (e.g., houses or salmon redds) points = 2  
 Surface flooding problems are in a sub-basin farther downgradient points = 1  
 No flooding problems anywhere downstream points = 0

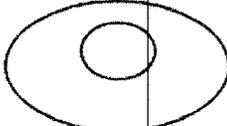
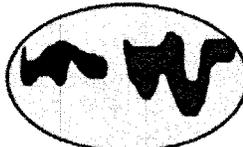
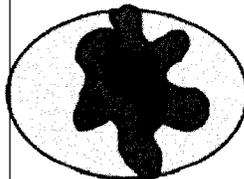
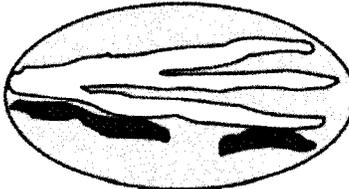
S 6.2. Has the site been identified as important for flood storage or flood conveyance in a regional flood control plan?  
 Yes = 2 No = 0

Total for S 6 Add the points in the boxes above

**Rating of Value** If score is: 2-4 = H 1 = M 0 = L *Record the rating on the first page*

NOTES and FIELD OBSERVATIONS:

Wetland name or number A

<b>These questions apply to wetlands of all HGM classes.</b> <b>HABITAT FUNCTIONS - Indicators that site functions to provide important habitat</b>	
<b>H 1.0. Does the site have the potential to provide habitat?</b>	
<p>H 1.1. Structure of plant community: Indicators are Cowardin classes and strata within the Forested class. Check the Cowardin plant classes in the wetland. Up to 10 patches may be combined for each class to meet the threshold of ¼ ac if the unit is at least 2.5 ac, or more than 10% of the unit if it is smaller than 2.5 ac.</p> <p> <input type="checkbox"/> Aquatic bed  <input type="checkbox"/> Emergent  <input type="checkbox"/> Scrub-shrub (areas where shrubs have &gt; 30% cover)  <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Forested (areas where trees have &gt; 30% cover)                 </p> <p><i>If the unit has a Forested class, check if:</i></p> <p> <input type="checkbox"/> The Forested class has 3 out of 5 strata (canopy, sub-canopy, shrubs, herbaceous, moss/groundcover) that each cover 20% within the Forested polygon                 </p>	<p>4 structures or more: points = 4                      3 structures: points = 2                      2 structures: points = <u>1</u>                      1 structure: points = 0</p>
<p>H 1.2. Hydroperiods</p> <p>Check the types of water regimes (hydroperiods) present within the wetland. The water regime has to cover more than 10% of the wetland if the unit is &lt; 2.5 ac, or ¼ ac if the unit is at least 2.5 ac to count (see text for descriptions of hydroperiods).</p> <p> <input type="checkbox"/> Permanently flooded or inundated  <input type="checkbox"/> Seasonally flooded or inundated  <input type="checkbox"/> Occasionally flooded or inundated  <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Saturated only  <input type="checkbox"/> Permanently flowing stream or river in, or adjacent to, the wetland  <input type="checkbox"/> Intermittently or seasonally flowing stream in, or adjacent to, the wetland  <input type="checkbox"/> Lake Fringe wetland  <input type="checkbox"/> Freshwater tidal wetland                 </p>	<p>4 or more types present: points = 3                      3 types present: points = 2                      2 types present: points = <u>1</u>                      1 type present: points = 0</p> <p><b>2 points</b> <b>2 points</b></p>
<p>H 1.3. Richness of plant species</p> <p>Count the number of plant species in the wetland that cover at least 10 ft<sup>2</sup>. Different patches of the same species can be combined to meet the size threshold and you do not have to name the species. <b>Do not include Eurasian milfoil, reed canarygrass, purple loosestrife, Canada thistle</b></p> <p>If you counted: &gt; 19 species                      5 - 19 species                      &lt; 5 species</p>	<p>points = 2                      points = <u>1</u>                      points = 0</p>
<p>H 1.4. Interspersion of habitats</p> <p>Decide from the diagrams below whether interspersion among Cowardin plants classes (described in H 1.1), or the classes and unvegetated areas (can include open water or mudflats) is high, moderate, low, or none. If you have four or more plant classes or three classes and open water, the rating is always high.</p> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; align-items: flex-end;"> <div style="text-align: center;">   <b>None = 0 points</b> </div> <div style="text-align: center;">   <b>Low = 1 point</b> </div> <div style="text-align: center;">   <b>Moderate = 2 points</b> </div> </div> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; align-items: flex-end; margin-top: 20px;"> <div style="text-align: center;">   <b>High = 3 points</b> </div> <div style="text-align: center;">  </div> <div style="text-align: center;">  </div> </div> <p>All three diagrams in this row are <b>High = 3 points</b></p>	

Wetland name or number A

3

<p><b>H 1.5. Special habitat features:</b>          Check the habitat features that are present in the wetland. The number of checks is the number of points.  <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Large, downed, woody debris within the wetland (&gt; 4 in. diameter and 6 ft long).  <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Standing snags (dbh &gt; 4 in.) within the wetland  <input type="checkbox"/> Undercut banks are present for at least 6.6 ft (2 m) <b>and/or</b> overhanging plants extend at least 3.3 ft (1 m) over open water or a stream (or ditch) in, or contiguous with the wetland, for at least 33 ft (10 m)  <input type="checkbox"/> Stable steep banks of fine material that might be used by beaver or muskrat for denning (&gt; 30 degree slope) OR signs of recent beaver activity are present (cut shrubs or trees that have not yet weathered where wood is exposed)  <input type="checkbox"/> At least ¼ ac of thin-stemmed persistent plants or woody branches are present in areas that are permanently or seasonally inundated (structures for egg-laying by amphibians)  <input type="checkbox"/> Invasive plants cover less than 25% of the wetland area in every stratum of plants (see H 1.1 above for the list of strata and H 1.5 in the manual for the list of aggressive plant species)</p>		?
Total for H 1	Add the points in the boxes above	5

**Rating of Site Potential** If score is: 15-18 = H 7-14 = M 0-6 = L Record the rating on the first page

<p><b>H 2.0. Does the landscape have the potential to support the habitat functions of the site?</b></p>		
<p><b>H 2.1. Accessible habitat</b> (include only habitat polygons accessible from the wetland.  <i>Calculate:</i> % relatively undisturbed habitat <math>\frac{3}{3} + [(\% \text{ moderate and low intensity land uses})/2] = 13\%</math>          Total accessible habitat is:          &gt; 1/3 (33.3%) of 1 km Polygon <span style="float: right;">points = 3</span>          20-33% of 1 km Polygon <span style="float: right;">points = 2</span>          10-19% of 1 km Polygon <span style="float: right;">points = 1</span>          &lt; 10% of 1 km Polygon <span style="float: right;">points = 0</span></p>		1
<p><b>H 2.2. Total habitat in 1 km Polygon around the wetland.</b>  <i>Calculate:</i> % relatively undisturbed habitat <math>\frac{2}{2} + [(\% \text{ moderate and low intensity land uses})/2] = 22\%</math>          Total habitat &gt; 50% of Polygon <span style="float: right;">points = 3</span>          Total habitat 10-50% and in 1-3 patches <span style="float: right;">points = 2</span>          Total habitat 10-50% and &gt; 3 patches <span style="float: right;">points = 1</span>          Total habitat &lt; 10% of 1 km Polygon <span style="float: right;">points = 0</span></p>		1
<p><b>H 2.3. Land use intensity in 1 km Polygon:</b>          &gt; 50% of 1 km Polygon is high intensity land use <span style="float: right;">points = (-2)</span>          ≤ 50% of 1 km Polygon is high intensity <span style="float: right;">points = 0</span></p>		-2
Total for H 2	Add the points in the boxes above	0

**Rating of Landscape Potential** If score is: 4-6 = H 1-3 = M < 1 = L Record the rating on the first page

<p><b>H 3.0. Is the habitat provided by the site valuable to society?</b></p>		
<p><b>H 3.1. Does the site provide habitat for species valued in laws, regulations, or policies? Choose only the highest score that applies to the wetland being rated.</b>          Site meets ANY of the following criteria: <span style="float: right;">points = 2</span>          — It has 3 or more Priority Habitats within 100 m (see next page)          — It provides habitat for Threatened or Endangered species (any plant or animal on the state or federal lists)          — It is mapped as a location for an individual WDFW Priority Species          — It is a Wetland of High Conservation Value as determined by the Department of Natural Resources data          — It has been categorized as an important habitat site in a local or regional comprehensive plan, in a Shoreline Master Plan, or in a watershed plan          Site has 1 or 2 Priority Habitats (listed on next page) within 100 m <span style="float: right;">points = 1</span>          Site does not meet any of the criteria above <span style="float: right;">points = 0</span></p>		1

**Rating of Value** If score is: 2 = H 1 = M 0 = L Record the rating on the first page

Wetland name or number     

## WDFW Priority Habitats

See complete descriptions of Priority Habitats listed by WDFW, and the counties in which they can be found, in: Washington Department of Fish and Wildlife. 2008 (current year, as revised). Priority Habitat and Species List.<sup>133</sup> This list was updated for consistency with guidance from WDFW.

This question is independent of the land use between the wetland unit and the Priority Habitat. All vegetated wetlands are by definition a Priority Habitat but are not included in this list because they are addressed by this rating system.

Count how many of the following Priority Habitats are within 330 ft (100 m) of the wetland unit:

- **Aspen Stands:** Pure or mixed stands of aspen greater than 1 ac (0.4 ha).
- **Biodiversity Areas and Corridors:** Areas of habitat that are relatively important to various species of native fish and wildlife. This habitat automatically counts if mapped on the PHS online map within 100m of the wetland. If not mapped, a determination can be made in the field.
- **Caves:** A naturally occurring cavity, recess, void, or system of interconnected passages under the earth in soils, rock, ice, or other geological formations and is large enough to contain a human.
- **Cliffs:** Greater than 25 ft (7.6 m) high and occurring below 5000 ft elevation.
- **Fresh Deepwater:** Lands permanently flooded with freshwater, including environments where surface water is permanent and often deep, so that water, rather than air, is the principal medium within which the dominant organisms live. Substrate does not support emergent vegetation. Do not select if Instream habitat is also present, or if the entire Deepwater feature is included in the wetland unit being rated (such as a pond with a vegetated fringe).
- **Herbaceous Balds:** Variable size patches of grass and forbs on shallow soils over bedrock.
- **Instream:** The combination of physical, biological, and chemical processes and conditions that interact to provide functional life history requirements for instream fish and wildlife resources. Do not select if Fresh Deepwater habitat is also present.
- **Nearshore:** Relatively undisturbed nearshore habitats. These include Coastal Nearshore, Open Coast Nearshore, and Puget Sound Nearshore.
- **Old-growth/Mature forests:** Old-growth west of Cascade crest – Stands of at least 2 tree species, forming a multi-layered canopy with occasional small openings; with at least 8 trees/ac (20 trees/ha ) > 32 in. (81 cm) diameter at breast height (dbh) or > 200 years of age. Mature forests – Stands with average diameters exceeding 21 in. (53 cm) dbh; crown cover may be less than 100%; decay, decadence, numbers of snags, and quantity of large downed material is generally less than that found in old-growth; 80-200 years old west of the Cascade crest.

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<sup>133</sup> <http://wdfw.wa.gov/publications/00165/wdfw00165.pdf>  
Wetland Rating System for Western WA: 2014 Update  
Rating Form – Version 2, July 2023

Wetland name or number A

- **Oregon White Oak:** Woodland stands of pure oak or oak/conifer associations where canopy coverage of the oak component is important. For single oaks or oak stands <0.4 ha in urban areas, WDFW's Management Recommendations for Oregon White Oak<sup>134</sup> provides more detail for determining if they are Priority Habitats
- **Riparian:** The area adjacent to freshwater aquatic systems with flowing or standing water that contains elements of both aquatic and terrestrial ecosystems which mutually influence each other.
- **Snags and Logs:** Trees are considered snags if they are dead or dying and exhibit sufficient decay characteristics to enable cavity excavation/use by wildlife. Priority snags have a diameter at breast height of > 20 in. (51 cm) in western Washington and are > 6.5 ft (2 m) in height. Priority logs are > 12 in. (30 cm) in diameter at the largest end, and > 20 ft (6 m) long.
- **Talus:** Homogenous areas of rock rubble ranging in average size 0.5 - 6.5 ft (0.15 - 2.0 m), composed of basalt, andesite, and/or sedimentary rock, including riprap slides and mine tailings. May be associated with cliffs.
- **Westside Prairies:** Herbaceous, non-forested plant communities that can either take the form of a dry prairie or a wet prairie.

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<sup>134</sup> <https://wdfw.wa.gov/publications/00030/wdfw00030.pdf>  
Wetland Rating System for Western WA: 2014 Update  
Rating Form – Version 2, July 2023

Wetland name or number A

### CATEGORIZATION BASED ON SPECIAL CHARACTERISTICS

Wetland Type		Category
<i>Check off any criteria that apply to the wetland. Circle the category when the appropriate criteria are met.</i>		
<b>SC 1.0. Estuarine wetlands</b> Does the wetland meet the following criteria for Estuarine wetlands? — The dominant water regime is tidal, — Vegetated, and — With a salinity greater than 0.5 ppt	Yes – Go to <b>SC 1.1</b> No = <b>Not an estuarine wetland</b>	
<b>SC 1.1.</b> Is the wetland within a National Wildlife Refuge, National Park, National Estuary Reserve, Natural Area Preserve, State Park or Educational, Environmental, or Scientific Reserve designated under WAC 332-30-151?	Yes = <b>Category I</b> No – Go to <b>SC 1.2</b>	Cat. I
<b>SC 1.2.</b> Is the wetland unit at least 1 ac in size and meets at least two of the following three conditions? — The wetland is relatively undisturbed (has no diking, ditching, filling, cultivation, grazing), and has less than 10% cover of non-native plant species. If non-native species are <i>Spartina</i> , see chapter 4.8 in the manual. — At least ¾ of the landward edge of the wetland has a 100 ft buffer of shrub, forest, or un-grazed or unmowed grassland. — The wetland has at least two of the following features: tidal channels, depressions with open water, or contiguous freshwater wetlands.	Yes = <b>Category I</b> No = <b>Category II</b>	Cat. I  Cat. II
<b>SC 2.0. Wetlands of High Conservation Value (WHCV)</b> <b>SC 2.1.</b> Does the wetland overlap with any known or historical rare plant or rare & high-quality ecosystem polygons on the WNHP Data Explorer? <sup>135</sup> <b>SC 2.2.</b> Does the wetland have a rare plant species, rare ecosystem (e.g., plant community), or high-quality common ecosystem that may qualify the site as a WHCV? Contact WNHP for resources to help determine the presence of these elements. Yes – Submit data to WA Natural Heritage Program for determination, <sup>136</sup> Go to <b>SC 2.3</b> No = <b>Not a WHCV</b> <b>SC 2.3.</b> Did WNHP review the site within 30 days and determine that it has a rare plant or ecosystem that meets their criteria?	Yes = <b>Category I</b> No = <b>Not a WHCV</b>	Cat. I
<b>SC 3.0. Bogs</b> Does the wetland (or any part of the unit) meet both the criteria for soils and vegetation in bogs? <i>Use the key below. If you answer YES, you will still need to rate the wetland based on its functions.</i> <b>SC 3.1.</b> Does an area within the wetland unit have organic soil horizons, either peats or mucks, that compose 16 in. or more of the first 32 in. of the soil profile? <b>SC 3.2.</b> Does an area within the wetland unit have organic soils, either peats or mucks, that are less than 16 in. deep over bedrock, or an impermeable hardpan such as clay or volcanic ash, or that are floating on top of a lake or pond? <b>SC 3.3.</b> Does an area with peats or mucks have more than 70% cover of mosses at ground level, AND at least a 30% cover of plant species listed in Table 4? <b>NOTE:</b> If you are uncertain about the extent of mosses in the understory, you may substitute that criterion by measuring the pH of the water that seeps into a hole dug at least 16 in. deep. If the pH is less than 5.0 and the plant species in Table 4 are present, the wetland is a bog. <b>SC 3.4.</b> Is an area with peats or mucks forested (> 30% cover) with Sitka spruce, subalpine fir, western red cedar, western hemlock, lodgepole pine, quaking aspen, Engelmann spruce, or western white pine, AND any of the species (or combination of species) listed in Table 4 provide more than 30% of the cover under the canopy?	Yes – Go to <b>SC 3.3</b> No – Go to <b>SC 3.2</b> Yes – Go to <b>SC 3.3</b> No = <b>Not a bog</b> Yes = <b>Category I bog</b> No – Go to <b>SC 3.4</b> Yes = <b>Category I bog</b> No = <b>Not a bog</b>	Cat. I

<sup>135</sup> <https://www.dnr.wa.gov/NHPdata>

<sup>136</sup> [https://www.dnr.wa.gov/Publications/amp\\_nh\\_sighting\\_form.pdf](https://www.dnr.wa.gov/Publications/amp_nh_sighting_form.pdf)

Wetland name or number A

<p><b>SC 4.0. Forested Wetlands</b></p> <p>Does the wetland have at least <u>1 contiguous acre</u> of forest that meets one of these criteria for the WA Department of Fish and Wildlife's forests as Priority Habitats? <b><i>If you answer YES, you will still need to rate the wetland based on its functions.</i></b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>— <b>Old-growth forests</b> (west of Cascade crest): Stands of at least two tree species, forming a multi-layered canopy with occasional small openings; with at least 8 trees/ac (20 trees/ha) that are at least 200 years of age OR have a diameter at breast height (dbh) of 32 in. (81 cm) or more.</li> <li>— <b>Mature forests</b> (west of the Cascade Crest): Stands where the largest trees are 80- 200 years old OR the species that make up the canopy have an average diameter (dbh) exceeding 21 in. (53 cm).</li> </ul> <p>Yes = <b>Category I</b>    No = <b>Not a forested wetland for this section</b></p>		<p><b>Cat. I</b></p>
<p><b>SC 5.0. Wetlands in Coastal Lagoons</b></p> <p>Does the wetland meet all of the following criteria of a wetland in a coastal lagoon?</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>— The wetland lies in a depression adjacent to marine waters that is wholly or partially separated from marine waters by sandbanks, gravel banks, shingle, or, less frequently, rocks</li> <li>— The lagoon in which the wetland is located contains ponded water that is saline or brackish (&gt; 0.5 ppt) during most of the year in at least a portion of the lagoon (<i>needs to be measured near the bottom</i>)</li> <li>— The lagoon retains some of its surface water at low tide during spring tides</li> </ul> <p>Yes – Go to <b>SC 5.1</b>    No = <b>Not a wetland in a coastal lagoon</b></p> <p><b>SC 5.1. Does the wetland meet all of the following three conditions?</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>— The wetland is relatively undisturbed (has no diking, ditching, filling, cultivation, grazing), and has less than 20% cover of aggressive, opportunistic plant species (see list of species in H 1.5 in the manual).</li> <li>— At least ¼ of the landward edge of the wetland has a 100 ft buffer of shrub, forest, or un-grazed or unmowed grassland.</li> <li>— The wetland is larger than 1/10 ac (4350 ft<sup>2</sup>)</li> </ul> <p>Yes = <b>Category I</b>    No = <b>Category II</b></p>		<p><b>Cat. I</b></p> <p><b>Cat. II</b></p>
<p><b>SC 6.0. Interdunal Wetlands</b></p> <p>Is the wetland west of the 1889 line (also called the Western Boundary of Upland Ownership or WBUO)? <b><i>If you answer YES, you will still need to rate the wetland based on its habitat functions.</i></b></p> <p>In practical terms that means the following geographic areas:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>— Long Beach Peninsula: Lands west of SR 103</li> <li>— Grayland-Westport: Lands west of SR 105</li> <li>— Ocean Shores-Copalis: Lands west of SR 115 and SR 109 and Ocean Shores Blvd SW, including lands west of E. Oceans Shores Blvd SW.</li> </ul> <p>Yes – Go to <b>SC 6.1</b>    No = <b>Not an interdunal wetland for rating</b></p> <p>SC 6.1. Is the wetland 1 ac or larger and scores an 8 or 9 for the habitat functions on the form (rates H,H,H or H,H,M for the three aspects of function)? Yes = <b>Category I</b>    No – Go to <b>SC 6.2</b></p> <p>SC 6.2. Is the wetland 1 ac or larger, or is it in a mosaic of wetlands that is 1 ac or larger? Yes = <b>Category II</b>    No – Go to <b>SC 6.3</b></p> <p>SC 6.3. Is the unit between 0.1 and 1 ac, or is it in a mosaic of wetlands that is between 0.1 and 1 ac? Yes = <b>Category III</b>    No = <b>Category IV</b></p>		<p><b>Cat I</b></p> <p><b>Cat. II</b></p> <p><b>Cat. III</b></p> <p><b>Cat. IV</b></p>
<p><b>Category of wetland based on Special Characteristics</b> If you answered No for all types, enter "Not Applicable" on Summary Form</p>		<p><b>NA</b></p>

Wetland name or number B

## RATING SUMMARY – Western Washington

Name of wetland (or ID #): Martinez Wet B Date of site visit: 9-4-24

Rated by SJ Small Trained by Ecology?  Yes  No Date of training \_\_\_\_\_

HGM Class used for rating Slope Wetland has multiple HGM classes?  Y  N

**NOTE: Form is not complete without the required figures (figures can be combined).**  
 Source of base aerial photo/map \_\_\_\_\_

**OVERALL WETLAND CATEGORY III** (based on functions  or special characteristics )

### 1. Category of wetland based on FUNCTIONS

- \_\_\_\_\_ Category I – Total score = 23 - 27
- Category II – Total score = 20 - 22
- \_\_\_\_\_ Category III – Total score = 16 - 19
- \_\_\_\_\_ Category IV – Total score = 9 - 15

**Score for each function based on three ratings**  
 (order of ratings is not important)

9 = H, H, H  
 8 = H, H, M  
 7 = H, H, L  
 7 = H, M, M  
 6 = H, M, L  
 6 = M, M, M  
 5 = H, L, L  
 5 = M, M, L  
 4 = M, L, L  
 3 = L, L, L

FUNCTION	Improving Water Quality	Hydrologic	Habitat	
<i>Circle the appropriate ratings</i>				
Site Potential	H (M) L	H (M) L	H (M) L	
Landscape Potential	H (M) L	H M (L)	H M (L)	
Value	(H) M L	H (M) L	(H) M L	<b>TOTAL</b>
<b>Score Based on Ratings</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>18</b>

### 2. Category based on SPECIAL CHARACTERISTICS of wetland

CHARACTERISTIC	CATEGORY
Estuarine	I II
Wetland of High Conservation Value	I
Bog	I
Mature Forest	I
Old Growth Forest	I
Coastal Lagoon	I II
Interdunal	I II III IV
None of the above	

Wetland name or number B

**Maps and figures required to answer questions correctly for Western Washington**

**Depressional Wetlands**

Map of:	To answer questions:	Figure #
Cowardin plant classes	D 1.3, H 1.1, H 1.4	
Hydroperiods	D 1.4, H 1.2	
Location of outlet <i>(can be added to map of hydroperiods)</i>	D 1.1, D 4.1	
Boundary of area within 150 ft of the wetland <i>(can be added to another figure)</i>	D 2.2, D 5.2	
Map of the contributing basin	D 4.3, D 5.3	
1 km Polygon: Area that extends 1 km from entire wetland edge - including polygons for accessible habitat and total habitat	H 2.1, H 2.2, H 2.3	
Screen capture of map of 303(d) listed waters in basin (from Ecology website)	D 3.1, D 3.2	
Screen capture of list of TMDLs for WRIA in which unit is found (from web)	D 3.3	

**Riverine Wetlands**

Map of:	To answer questions:	Figure #
Cowardin plant classes	H 1.1, H 1.4	
Hydroperiods	H 1.2	
Ponded depressions	R 1.1	
Boundary of area within 150 ft of the wetland <i>(can be added to another figure)</i>	R 2.4	
Plant cover of trees, shrubs, and herbaceous plants	R 1.2, R 4.2	
Width of unit vs. width of stream <i>(can be added to another figure)</i>	R 4.1	
Map of the contributing basin	R 2.2, R 2.3, R 5.2	
1 km Polygon: Area that extends 1 km from entire wetland edge - including polygons for accessible habitat and total habitat	H 2.1, H 2.2, H 2.3	
Screen capture of map of 303(d) listed waters in basin (from Ecology website)	R 3.1	
Screen capture of list of TMDLs for WRIA in which unit is found (from web)	R 3.2, R 3.3	

**Lake Fringe Wetlands**

Map of:	To answer questions:	Figure #
Cowardin plant classes	L 1.1, L 4.1, H 1.1, H 1.4	
Plant cover of trees, shrubs, and herbaceous plants	L 1.2	
Boundary of area within 150 ft of the wetland <i>(can be added to another figure)</i>	L 2.2	
1 km Polygon: Area that extends 1 km from entire wetland edge - including polygons for accessible habitat and total habitat	H 2.1, H 2.2, H 2.3	
Screen capture of map of 303(d) listed waters in basin (from Ecology website)	L 3.1, L 3.2	
Screen capture of list of TMDLs for WRIA in which unit is found (from web)	L 3.3	

**Slope Wetlands**

Map of:	To answer questions:	Figure #
Cowardin plant classes	H 1.1, H 1.4	
Hydroperiods	H 1.2	
Plant cover of <b>dense</b> trees, shrubs, and herbaceous plants	S 1.3	
Plant cover of <b>dense, rigid</b> trees, shrubs, and herbaceous plants <i>(can be added to figure above)</i>	S 4.1	
Boundary of 150 ft buffer <i>(can be added to another figure)</i>	S 2.1, S 5.1	
1 km Polygon: Area that extends 1 km from entire wetland edge - including polygons for accessible habitat and total habitat	H 2.1, H 2.2, H 2.3	
Screen capture of map of 303(d) listed waters in basin (from Ecology website)	S 3.1, S 3.2	
Screen capture of list of TMDLs for WRIA in which unit is found (from web)	S 3.3	

Wetland name or number B

## HGM Classification of Wetlands in Western Washington

For questions 1-7, the criteria described must apply to the entire unit being rated.

If the hydrologic criteria listed in each question do not apply to the entire unit being rated, you probably have a unit with multiple HGM classes. In this case, identify which hydrologic criteria in questions 1-7 apply, and go to Question 8.

1. Are the water levels in the entire unit usually controlled by tides except during floods?

NO – go to 2

YES – the wetland class is **Tidal Fringe** – go to 1.1

1.1 Is the salinity of the water during periods of annual low flow below 0.5 ppt (parts per thousand)?

**NO – Saltwater Tidal Fringe (Estuarine)**

**YES – Freshwater Tidal Fringe**

If your wetland can be classified as a Freshwater Tidal Fringe use the forms for **Riverine** wetlands. If it is Saltwater Tidal Fringe, it is an **Estuarine** wetland and is not scored. This method **cannot** be used to score functions for estuarine wetlands.

2. The entire wetland unit is flat, and precipitation is the only source (>90%) of water to it. Groundwater and surface water runoff are NOT sources of water to the unit.

NO – go to 3

YES – The wetland class is **Flats**

If your wetland can be classified as a Flats wetland, use the form for **Depressional** wetlands.

3. Does the entire wetland unit **meet all** of the following criteria?

- The vegetated part of the wetland is on the shores of a body of permanent open water (without any plants on the surface at any time of the year) at least 20 ac (8 ha) in size,
- At least 30% of the open water area is deeper than 6.6 ft (2 m).

NO – go to 4

YES – The wetland class is **Lake Fringe** (Lacustrine Fringe)

4. Does the entire wetland unit **meet all** of the following criteria?

- The wetland is on a slope (slope can be very gradual),
- The water flows through the wetland in one direction (unidirectional) and usually comes from seeps. It may flow subsurface, as sheet flow, or in a swale without distinct banks,
- The water leaves the wetland **without being impounded**.

NO – go to 5

YES – The wetland class is **Slope**

**NOTE:** Surface water does not pond in these type of wetlands except occasionally in very small and shallow depressions or behind hummocks (depressions are usually <3 ft diameter and less than 1 ft deep).

Wetland name or number B

5. Does the entire wetland unit **meet all** of the following criteria?

- The unit is in a valley, or stream channel, where it gets inundated by overbank flooding from that stream or river,
- The overbank flooding occurs at least once every 2 years.

NO – go to 6

YES – The wetland class is **Riverine**

**NOTE:** The Riverine unit can contain depressions that are filled with water when the river is not flooding

6. Is the entire wetland unit in a topographic depression in which water ponds, or is saturated to the surface, at some time during the year? This means that any outlet, if present, is higher than the interior of the wetland.

NO – go to 7

YES – The wetland class is **Depressional**

7. Is the entire wetland unit located in a very flat area with no obvious depression and no overbank flooding? The unit does not pond surface water more than a few inches. The unit seems to be maintained by high groundwater in the area. The wetland may be ditched but has no obvious natural outlet.

NO – go to 8

YES – The wetland class is **Depressional**

8. Your wetland unit seems to be difficult to classify and probably contains several different HGM classes. For example, seeps at the base of a slope may grade into a riverine floodplain, or a small stream within a Depressional wetland has a zone of flooding along its sides. **GO BACK AND IDENTIFY WHICH OF THE HYDROLOGIC REGIMES DESCRIBED IN QUESTIONS 1-7 APPLY TO DIFFERENT AREAS IN THE UNIT** (make a rough sketch to help you decide). Use the following table to identify the appropriate class to use for the rating system if you have several HGM classes present within the wetland unit being scored.

**NOTE:** Use this table only if the class that is recommended in the second column represents 10% or more of the total area of the wetland unit being rated. If the area of the HGM class listed in column 2 is less than 10% of the unit; classify the wetland using the class that represents more than 90% of the total area.

HGM classes within the wetland unit being rated	HGM class to use in rating
Slope + Riverine	Riverine
Slope + Depressional	Depressional
Slope + Lake Fringe	Lake Fringe
Depressional + Riverine along stream within boundary of depression	Depressional
Depressional + Lake Fringe	Depressional
Riverine + Lake Fringe	Riverine
Salt Water Tidal Fringe and any other class of freshwater wetland	Treat as ESTUARINE

If you are still unable to determine which of the above criteria apply to your wetland, or if you have **more than 2 HGM classes** within a wetland boundary, classify the wetland as Depressional for the rating.

Wetland name or number B

<b>SLOPE WETLANDS</b>		
<b>Water Quality Functions - Indicators that the site functions to improve water quality</b>		
<b>S 1.0. Does the site have the potential to improve water quality?</b>		
S 1.1. Characteristics of the average slope of the wetland: (A 1% slope has a 1 ft vertical change in elevation for every 100 ft of horizontal distance.) Slope is 1% or less Slope is > 1%-2% Slope is > 2%-5% Slope is greater than 5%	points = 3 points = 2 points = 1 points = 0	1
S 1.2. <u>The soil 2 in. below the surface (or duff layer)</u> is true clay or true organic (use NRCS definitions): Yes = 3 No = 0		0
S 1.3. Characteristics of the plants in the wetland that trap sediments and pollutants: Choose the points appropriate for the description that best fits the plants in the wetland. Dense means you have trouble seeing the soil surface (>75% cover), and uncut means not grazed or mowed, and plants are higher than 6 in. Dense, uncut, herbaceous plants > 90% of the wetland area Dense, uncut, herbaceous plants > ½ of area Dense, woody, plants > ½ of area Dense, uncut, herbaceous plants > ¼ of area Does not meet any of the criteria above for plants	points = 6 points = 3 points = 2 points = 1 points = 0	6
Total for S 1	Add the points in the boxes above	7

**Rating of Site Potential** If score is: 12 = H 6-11 = M 0-5 = L *Record the rating on the first page*

<b>S 2.0. Does the landscape have the potential to support the water quality function of the site?</b>		
S 2.1. Is > 10% of the area within 150 ft on the uphill side of the wetland in land uses that generate pollutants?	Yes = 1 No = 0	1
S 2.2. Are there other sources of pollutants coming into the wetland that are not listed in question S 2.1? Other sources _____	Yes = 1 No = 0	0
Total for S 2	Add the points in the boxes above	1

**Rating of Landscape Potential** If score is: 1-2 = M 0 = L *Record the rating on the first page*

<b>S 3.0. Is the water quality improvement provided by the site valuable to society?</b>		
S 3.1. Does the wetland discharge directly (i.e., within 1 mi) to a stream, river, lake, or marine water that is on the 303(d) list?	Yes = 1 No = 0	1
S 3.2. Is the wetland in a basin or sub-basin where water quality is an issue? (At least one aquatic resource in the basin is on the 303(d) list.)	Yes = 1 No = 0	1
S 3.3. Has the site been identified in a watershed or local plan as important for maintaining water quality? (Answer YES if there is a TMDL in development or in effect for the basin in which unit is found.)	Yes = 2 No = 0	2
Total for S 3	Add the points in the boxes above	4

**Rating of Value** If score is: 2-4 = H 1 = M 0 = L *Record the rating on the first page*

Wetland name or number B

**SLOPE WETLANDS**

**Hydrologic Functions - Indicators that the site functions to reduce flooding and stream erosion**

S 4.0. Does the site have the potential to reduce flooding and stream erosion?

S 4.1. Characteristics of plants that reduce the velocity of surface flows during storms: Choose the points appropriate for the description that best fits conditions in the wetland. Stems of plants should be thick enough (usually > 1/8 in), or dense enough, to remain erect during surface flows.  
 Dense, uncut, rigid plants cover > 90% of the area of the wetland points = 1  
 All other conditions points = 0

**Rating of Site Potential** If score is:  1 = M  0 = L Record the rating on the first page

S 5.0. Does the landscape have the potential to support the hydrologic functions of the site?

S 5.1. Is more than 25% of the area within 150 ft upslope of wetland in land uses or cover that generate excess surface runoff? Yes = 1  No = 0

**Rating of Landscape Potential** If score is:  1 = M  0 = L Record the rating on the first page

S 6.0. Are the hydrologic functions provided by the site valuable to society?

S 6.1. Distance to the nearest areas downstream that have flooding problems:  
 The sub-basin immediately downgradient of site has flooding problems that result in damage to human or natural resources (e.g., houses or salmon redds) points = 2  
 Surface flooding problems are in a sub-basin farther downgradient points = 1  
 No flooding problems anywhere downstream points = 0

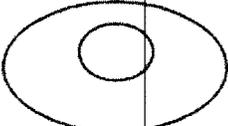
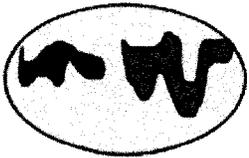
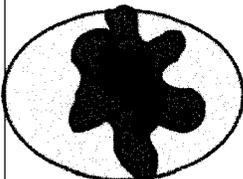
S 6.2. Has the site been identified as important for flood storage or flood conveyance in a regional flood control plan? Yes = 2  No = 0

Total for S 6 Add the points in the boxes above 1

**Rating of Value** If score is:  2-4 = H  1 = M  0 = L Record the rating on the first page

NOTES and FIELD OBSERVATIONS:

Wetland name or number B

These questions apply to wetlands of all HGM classes.		
HABITAT FUNCTIONS - Indicators that site functions to provide important habitat		
H 1.0. Does the site have the potential to provide habitat?		
<p>H 1.1. Structure of plant community: Indicators are Cowardin classes and strata within the Forested class. Check the Cowardin plant classes in the wetland. Up to 10 patches may be combined for each class to meet the threshold of ¼ ac if the unit is at least 2.5 ac, or more than 10% of the unit if it is smaller than 2.5 ac.</p> <p> <input type="checkbox"/> Aquatic bed  <input type="checkbox"/> Emergent  <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Scrub-shrub (areas where shrubs have &gt; 30% cover)  <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Forested (areas where trees have &gt; 30% cover)                      If the unit has a Forested class, check if:  <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> The Forested class has 3 out of 5 strata (canopy, sub-canopy, shrubs, herbaceous, moss/groundcover) that each cover 20% within the Forested polygon                 </p>	<p>4 structures or more: points = 4                      3 structures: points = <u>2</u>                      2 structures: points = 1                      1 structure: points = 0</p>	2
<p>H 1.2. Hydroperiods</p> <p>Check the types of water regimes (hydroperiods) present within the wetland. The water regime has to cover more than 10% of the wetland if the unit is &lt; 2.5 ac, or ¼ ac if the unit is at least 2.5 ac to count (see text for descriptions of hydroperiods).</p> <p> <input type="checkbox"/> Permanently flooded or inundated  <input type="checkbox"/> Seasonally flooded or inundated  <input type="checkbox"/> Occasionally flooded or inundated  <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Saturated only  <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Permanently flowing stream or river in, or adjacent to, the wetland  <input type="checkbox"/> Intermittently or seasonally flowing stream in, or adjacent to, the wetland  <input type="checkbox"/> Lake Fringe wetland  <input type="checkbox"/> Freshwater tidal wetland                 </p>	<p>4 or more types present: points = 3                      3 types present: points = 2                      2 types present: points = <u>1</u>                      1 type present: points = 0</p> <p style="text-align: right;">2 points 2 points</p>	1
<p>H 1.3. Richness of plant species</p> <p>Count the number of plant species in the wetland that cover at least 10 ft<sup>2</sup>. Different patches of the same species can be combined to meet the size threshold and you do not have to name the species. <b>Do not include Eurasian milfoil, reed canarygrass, purple loosestrife, Canada thistle</b></p> <p>If you counted: &gt; 19 species                      5 - 19 species                      &lt; 5 species</p>	<p>points = <u>2</u>                      points = 1                      points = 0</p>	2
<p>H 1.4. Interspersion of habitats</p> <p>Decide from the diagrams below whether interspersion among Cowardin plants classes (described in H 1.1), or the classes and unvegetated areas (can include open water or mudflats) is high, moderate, low, or none. If you have four or more plant classes or three classes and open water, the rating is always high.</p> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; align-items: flex-start;"> <div style="text-align: center;">  <p>None = 0 points</p> </div> <div style="text-align: center;">  <p>Low = 1 point</p> </div> <div style="text-align: center;">  <p>Moderate = 2 points</p> </div> </div> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; align-items: flex-start; margin-top: 20px;"> <div style="text-align: center;">  </div> <div style="text-align: center;">  </div> <div style="text-align: center;">  </div> </div> <p>All three diagrams in this row are High = 3 points</p>		2

Wetland name or number B

7

<p>H 1.5. Special habitat features:          Check the habitat features that are present in the wetland. The number of checks is the number of points.  <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Large, downed, woody debris within the wetland (&gt; 4 in. diameter and 6 ft long).  <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Standing snags (dbh &gt; 4 in.) within the wetland  <input type="checkbox"/> Undercut banks are present for at least 6.6 ft (2 m) and/or overhanging plants extend at least 3.3 ft (1 m) over open water or a stream (or ditch) in, or contiguous with the wetland, for at least 33 ft (10 m)  <input type="checkbox"/> Stable steep banks of fine material that might be used by beaver or muskrat for denning (&gt; 30 degree slope) OR signs of recent beaver activity are present (cut shrubs or trees that have not yet weathered where wood is exposed)  <input type="checkbox"/> At least 1/4 ac of thin-stemmed persistent plants or woody branches are present in areas that are permanently or seasonally inundated (structures for egg-laying by amphibians)  <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Invasive plants cover less than 25% of the wetland area in every stratum of plants (see H 1.1 above for the list of strata and H 1.5 in the manual for the list of aggressive plant species)</p>		3
Total for H 1	Add the points in the boxes above	16

**Rating of Site Potential** If score is: 15-18 = H  7-14 = M 0-6 = L Record the rating on the first page

<p>H 2.0. Does the landscape have the potential to support the habitat functions of the site?</p>			
<p>H 2.1. Accessible habitat (include only habitat polygons accessible from the wetland.  <i>Calculate:</i> % relatively undisturbed habitat <u>13</u> + [(% moderate and low intensity land uses)/2] <u>0</u> = <u>13</u> %          Total accessible habitat is:          &gt; 1/3 (33.3%) of 1 km Polygon <span style="float: right;">points = 3</span>          20-33% of 1 km Polygon <span style="float: right;">points = 2</span>          10-19% of 1 km Polygon <span style="float: right;">points = 1</span>          &lt; 10% of 1 km Polygon <span style="float: right;">points = 0</span></p>			1
<p>H 2.2. Total habitat in 1 km Polygon around the wetland.  <i>Calculate:</i> % relatively undisturbed habitat <u>20</u> + [(% moderate and low intensity land uses)/2] <u>2</u> = <u>21</u> %          Total habitat &gt; 50% of Polygon <span style="float: right;">points = 3</span>          Total habitat 10-50% and in 1-3 patches <span style="float: right;">points = 2</span>          Total habitat 10-50% and &gt; 3 patches <span style="float: right;">points = 1</span>          Total habitat &lt; 10% of 1 km Polygon <span style="float: right;">points = 0</span></p>			1
<p>H 2.3. Land use intensity in 1 km Polygon:          &gt; 50% of 1 km Polygon is high intensity land use <span style="float: right;">points = (-2)</span>          ≤ 50% of 1 km Polygon is high intensity <span style="float: right;">points = 0</span></p>			-2
Total for H 2	Add the points in the boxes above	0	

**Rating of Landscape Potential** If score is: 4-6 = H 1-3 = M  < 1 = L Record the rating on the first page

<p>H 3.0. Is the habitat provided by the site valuable to society?</p>			
<p>H 3.1. Does the site provide habitat for species valued in laws, regulations, or policies? <i>Choose only the highest score that applies to the wetland being rated.</i>          Site meets ANY of the following criteria: <span style="float: right;">points = 2</span>  <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> It has 3 or more Priority Habitats within 100 m (see next page)  <input type="checkbox"/> It provides habitat for Threatened or Endangered species (any plant or animal on the state or federal lists)  <input type="checkbox"/> It is mapped as a location for an individual WDFW Priority Species  <input type="checkbox"/> It is a Wetland of High Conservation Value as determined by the Department of Natural Resources data  <input type="checkbox"/> It has been categorized as an important habitat site in a local or regional comprehensive plan, in a Shoreline Master Plan, or in a watershed plan          Site has 1 or 2 Priority Habitats (listed on next page) within 100 m <span style="float: right;">points = 1</span>          Site does not meet any of the criteria above <span style="float: right;">points = 0</span></p>			2

**Rating of Value** If score is:  2 = H 1 = M 0 = L Record the rating on the first page

Wetland name or number B

## WDFW Priority Habitats

See complete descriptions of Priority Habitats listed by WDFW, and the counties in which they can be found, in: Washington Department of Fish and Wildlife. 2008 (current year, as revised). Priority Habitat and Species List.<sup>133</sup> This list was updated for consistency with guidance from WDFW.

This question is independent of the land use between the wetland unit and the Priority Habitat. All vegetated wetlands are by definition a Priority Habitat but are not included in this list because they are addressed by this rating system.

Count how many of the following Priority Habitats are within 330 ft (100 m) of the wetland unit:

- **Aspen Stands:** Pure or mixed stands of aspen greater than 1 ac (0.4 ha).
- **Biodiversity Areas and Corridors:** Areas of habitat that are relatively important to various species of native fish and wildlife. This habitat automatically counts if mapped on the PHS online map within 100m of the wetland. If not mapped, a determination can be made in the field.
- **Caves:** A naturally occurring cavity, recess, void, or system of interconnected passages under the earth in soils, rock, ice, or other geological formations and is large enough to contain a human.
- **Cliffs:** Greater than 25 ft (7.6 m) high and occurring below 5000 ft elevation.
- **Fresh Deepwater:** Lands permanently flooded with freshwater, including environments where surface water is permanent and often deep, so that water, rather than air, is the principal medium within which the dominant organisms live. Substrate does not support emergent vegetation. Do not select if Instream habitat is also present, or if the entire Deepwater feature is included in the wetland unit being rated (such as a pond with a vegetated fringe).
- **Herbaceous Balds:** Variable size patches of grass and forbs on shallow soils over bedrock.
- **Instream:** The combination of physical, biological, and chemical processes and conditions that interact to provide functional life history requirements for instream fish and wildlife resources. Do not select if Fresh Deepwater habitat is also present.
- **Nearshore:** Relatively undisturbed nearshore habitats. These include Coastal Nearshore, Open Coast Nearshore, and Puget Sound Nearshore.
- **Old-growth/Mature forests:** Old-growth west of Cascade crest – Stands of at least 2 tree species, forming a multi-layered canopy with occasional small openings; with at least 8 trees/ac (20 trees/ha ) > 32 in. (81 cm) diameter at breast height (dbh) or > 200 years of age. Mature forests – Stands with average diameters exceeding 21 in. (53 cm) dbh; crown cover may be less than 100%; decay, decadence, numbers of snags, and quantity of large downed material is generally less than that found in old-growth; 80-200 years old west of the Cascade crest.

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<sup>133</sup> <http://wdfw.wa.gov/publications/00165/wdfw00165.pdf>  
Wetland Rating System for Western WA: 2014 Update  
Rating Form – Version 2, July 2023

Wetland name or number 13

- **Oregon White Oak:** Woodland stands of pure oak or oak/conifer associations where canopy coverage of the oak component is important. For single oaks or oak stands <0.4 ha in urban areas, WDFW's Management Recommendations for Oregon White Oak<sup>134</sup> provides more detail for determining if they are Priority Habitats
- **Riparian:** The area adjacent to freshwater aquatic systems with flowing or standing water that contains elements of both aquatic and terrestrial ecosystems which mutually influence each other.
- **Snags and Logs:** Trees are considered snags if they are dead or dying and exhibit sufficient decay characteristics to enable cavity excavation/use by wildlife. Priority snags have a diameter at breast height of > 20 in. (51 cm) in western Washington and are > 6.5 ft (2 m) in height. Priority logs are > 12 in. (30 cm) in diameter at the largest end, and > 20 ft (6 m) long.
- **Talus:** Homogenous areas of rock rubble ranging in average size 0.5 - 6.5 ft (0.15 - 2.0 m), composed of basalt, andesite, and/or sedimentary rock, including riprap slides and mine tailings. May be associated with cliffs.
- **Westside Prairies:** Herbaceous, non-forested plant communities that can either take the form of a dry prairie or a wet prairie.

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<sup>134</sup> <https://wdfw.wa.gov/publications/00030/wdfw00030.pdf>  
Wetland Rating System for Western WA: 2014 Update  
Rating Form – Version 2, July 2023

Wetland name or number B

**CATEGORIZATION BASED ON SPECIAL CHARACTERISTICS**

Wetland Type		Category
<i>Check off any criteria that apply to the wetland. Circle the category when the appropriate criteria are met.</i>		
<p><b>SC 1.0. Estuarine wetlands</b>            Does the wetland meet the following criteria for Estuarine wetlands?            — The dominant water regime is tidal,            — Vegetated, and            — With a salinity greater than 0.5 ppt</p>	<p>Yes – Go to <b>SC 1.1</b>    No – <b>Not an estuarine wetland</b></p>	
<p><b>SC 1.1.</b> Is the wetland within a National Wildlife Refuge, National Park, National Estuary Reserve, Natural Area Preserve, State Park or Educational, Environmental, or Scientific Reserve designated under WAC 332-30-151?</p>	<p>Yes = <b>Category I</b>    No – Go to <b>SC 1.2</b></p>	<p><b>Cat. I</b></p>
<p><b>SC 1.2.</b> Is the wetland unit at least 1 ac in size and meets at least two of the following three conditions?            — The wetland is relatively undisturbed (has no diking, ditching, filling, cultivation, grazing), and has less than 10% cover of non-native plant species. If non-native species are <i>Spartina</i>, see chapter 4.8 in the manual.            — At least ¾ of the landward edge of the wetland has a 100 ft buffer of shrub, forest, or un-grazed or un-mowed grassland.            — The wetland has at least two of the following features: tidal channels, depressions with open water, or contiguous freshwater wetlands.</p>	<p>Yes = <b>Category I</b>    No = <b>Category II</b></p>	<p><b>Cat. I</b>  <b>Cat. II</b></p>
<p><b>SC 2.0. Wetlands of High Conservation Value (WHCV)</b></p>		
<p><b>SC 2.1.</b> Does the wetland overlap with any known or historical rare plant or rare &amp; high-quality ecosystem polygons on the WNHP Data Explorer?<sup>135</sup>  <b>SC 2.2.</b> Does the wetland have a rare plant species, rare ecosystem (e.g., plant community), or high-quality common ecosystem that may qualify the site as a WHCV? Contact WNHP for resources to help determine the presence of these elements.            Yes – Submit data to WA Natural Heritage Program for determination,<sup>136</sup> Go to <b>SC 2.3</b>  <b>SC 2.3.</b> Did WNHP review the site within 30 days and determine that it has a rare plant or ecosystem that meets their criteria?</p>	<p>Yes = <b>Category I</b>    No – Go to <b>SC 2.2</b>            No = <b>Not a WHCV</b>            Yes = <b>Category I</b>    No = <b>Not a WHCV</b></p>	<p><b>Cat. I</b></p>
<p><b>SC 3.0. Bogs</b></p>		
<p>Does the wetland (or any part of the unit) meet both the criteria for soils and vegetation in bogs? <i>Use the key below. If you answer YES, you will still need to rate the wetland based on its functions.</i></p>		
<p><b>SC 3.1.</b> Does an area within the wetland unit have organic soil horizons, either peats or mucks, that compose 16 in. or more of the first 32 in. of the soil profile?  <b>SC 3.2.</b> Does an area within the wetland unit have organic soils, either peats or mucks, that are less than 16 in. deep over bedrock, or an impermeable hardpan such as clay or volcanic ash, or that are floating on top of a lake or pond?  <b>SC 3.3.</b> Does an area with peats or mucks have more than 70% cover of mosses at ground level, AND at least a 30% cover of plant species listed in Table 4?  <b>NOTE:</b> If you are uncertain about the extent of mosses in the understory, you may substitute that criterion by measuring the pH of the water that seeps into a hole dug at least 16 in. deep. If the pH is less than 5.0 and the plant species in Table 4 are present, the wetland is a bog.  <b>SC 3.4.</b> Is an area with peats or mucks forested (&gt; 30% cover) with Sitka spruce, subalpine fir, western red cedar, western hemlock, lodgepole pine, quaking aspen, Engelmann spruce, or western white pine, AND any of the species (or combination of species) listed in Table 4 provide more than 30% of the cover under the canopy?</p>	<p>Yes – Go to <b>SC 3.3</b>    No – Go to <b>SC 3.2</b>            Yes – Go to <b>SC 3.3</b>    No = <b>Not a bog</b>            Yes = <b>Category I bog</b>    No – Go to <b>SC 3.4</b>            Yes = <b>Category I bog</b>    No = <b>Not a bog</b></p>	<p><b>Cat. I</b></p>

<sup>135</sup> <https://www.dnr.wa.gov/NHPdata>

<sup>136</sup> [https://www.dnr.wa.gov/Publications/amp\\_nh\\_sighting\\_form.pdf](https://www.dnr.wa.gov/Publications/amp_nh_sighting_form.pdf)

Wetland name or number 3

<p><b>SC 4.0. Forested Wetlands</b></p> <p>Does the wetland have at least <u>1 contiguous acre</u> of forest that meets one of these criteria for the WA Department of Fish and Wildlife's forests as Priority Habitats? <i>If you answer YES, you will still need to rate the wetland based on its functions.</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>— <b>Old-growth forests</b> (west of Cascade crest): Stands of at least two tree species, forming a multi-layered canopy with occasional small openings; with at least 8 trees/ac (20 trees/ha) that are at least 200 years of age OR have a diameter at breast height (dbh) of 32 in. (81 cm) or more.</li> <li>— <b>Mature forests</b> (west of the Cascade Crest): Stands where the largest trees are 80- 200 years old OR the species that make up the canopy have an average diameter (dbh) exceeding 21 in. (53 cm).</li> </ul> <p>Yes = <b>Category I</b>    No = <b>Not a forested wetland for this section</b></p>		<p><b>Cat. I</b></p>
<p><b>SC 5.0. Wetlands in Coastal Lagoons</b></p> <p>Does the wetland meet all of the following criteria of a wetland in a coastal lagoon?</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>— The wetland lies in a depression adjacent to marine waters that is wholly or partially separated from marine waters by sandbanks, gravel banks, shingle, or, less frequently, rocks</li> <li>— The lagoon in which the wetland is located contains ponded water that is saline or brackish (&gt; 0.5 ppt) during most of the year in at least a portion of the lagoon (<i>needs to be measured near the bottom</i>)</li> <li>— The lagoon retains some of its surface water at low tide during spring tides</li> </ul> <p>Yes – Go to <b>SC 5.1</b>    No = <b>Not a wetland in a coastal lagoon</b></p> <p><b>SC 5.1. Does the wetland meet all of the following three conditions?</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>— The wetland is relatively undisturbed (has no diking, ditching, filling, cultivation, grazing), and has less than 20% cover of aggressive, opportunistic plant species (see list of species in H 1.5 in the manual).</li> <li>— At least ¾ of the landward edge of the wetland has a 100 ft buffer of shrub, forest, or un-grazed or un-mowed grassland.</li> <li>— The wetland is larger than 1/10 ac (4350 ft<sup>2</sup>)</li> </ul> <p>Yes = <b>Category I</b>    No = <b>Category II</b></p>		<p><b>Cat. I</b></p> <p><b>Cat. II</b></p>
<p><b>SC 6.0. Interdunal Wetlands</b></p> <p>Is the wetland west of the 1889 line (also called the Western Boundary of Upland Ownership or WBUO)? <i>If you answer YES, you will still need to rate the wetland based on its habitat functions.</i></p> <p>In practical terms that means the following geographic areas:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>— Long Beach Peninsula: Lands west of SR 103</li> <li>— Grayland-Westport: Lands west of SR 105</li> <li>— Ocean Shores-Copalis: Lands west of SR 115 and SR 109 and Ocean Shores Blvd SW, including lands west of E. Oceans Shores Blvd SW.</li> </ul> <p>Yes – Go to <b>SC 6.1</b>    No = <b>Not an interdunal wetland for rating</b></p> <p><b>SC 6.1. Is the wetland 1 ac or larger and scores an 8 or 9 for the habitat functions on the form (rates H,H,H or H,H,M for the three aspects of function)?</b> Yes = <b>Category I</b>    No – Go to <b>SC 6.2</b></p> <p><b>SC 6.2. Is the wetland 1 ac or larger, or is it in a mosaic of wetlands that is 1 ac or larger?</b> Yes = <b>Category II</b>    No – Go to <b>SC 6.3</b></p> <p><b>SC 6.3. Is the unit between 0.1 and 1 ac, or is it in a mosaic of wetlands that is between 0.1 and 1 ac?</b> Yes = <b>Category III</b>    No = <b>Category IV</b></p>		<p><b>Cat I</b></p> <p><b>Cat. II</b></p> <p><b>Cat. III</b></p> <p><b>Cat. IV</b></p>
<p><b>Category of wetland based on Special Characteristics</b> If you answered No for all types, enter "Not Applicable" on Summary Form</p>		<p><i>NA</i></p>

Wetland name or number C

## RATING SUMMARY – Western Washington

Name of wetland (or ID #): Mouthave - Wet C Date of site visit: 7-6-25  
 Rated by SJ Sand Trained by Ecology?  Yes  No Date of training 2017  
 HGM Class used for rating Rivine Wetland has multiple HGM classes?  Y  N

**NOTE: Form is not complete without the required figures (figures can be combined).**  
 Source of base aerial photo/map \_\_\_\_\_

**OVERALL WETLAND CATEGORY III** (based on functions  or special characteristics )

### 1. Category of wetland based on FUNCTIONS

- \_\_\_\_\_ Category I – Total score = 23 - 27  
 \_\_\_\_\_ Category II – Total score = 20 - 22  
 Category III – Total score = 16 - 19  
 \_\_\_\_\_ Category IV – Total score = 9 - 15

FUNCTION	Improving Water Quality	Hydrologic	Habitat	
<i>Circle the appropriate ratings</i>				
Site Potential	H <input type="radio"/> M <input checked="" type="radio"/> L	H <input type="radio"/> M <input checked="" type="radio"/> L	H <input type="radio"/> M <input checked="" type="radio"/> L	
Landscape Potential	H <input type="radio"/> M <input checked="" type="radio"/> L	H <input checked="" type="radio"/> M <input type="radio"/> L	H <input type="radio"/> M <input checked="" type="radio"/> L	
Value	H <input type="radio"/> M <input checked="" type="radio"/> L	H <input type="radio"/> M <input checked="" type="radio"/> L	H <input type="radio"/> M <input checked="" type="radio"/> L	<b>TOTAL</b>
Score Based on Ratings	<u>6</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>17</u>

**Score for each function based on three ratings**  
 (order of ratings is not important)

- 9 = H, H, H
- 8 = H, H, M
- 7 = H, H, L
- 7 = H, M, M
- 6 = H, M, L
- 6 = M, M, M
- 5 = H, L, L
- 5 = M, M, L
- 4 = M, L, L
- 3 = L, L, L

### 2. Category based on SPECIAL CHARACTERISTICS of wetland

CHARACTERISTIC	CATEGORY
Estuarine	I II
Wetland of High Conservation Value	I
Bog	I
Mature Forest	I
Old Growth Forest	I
Coastal Lagoon	I II
Interdunal	I II III IV
None of the above	

Wetland name or number C

**Maps and figures required to answer questions correctly for Western Washington**

**Depressional Wetlands**

Map of:	To answer questions:	Figure #
Cowardin plant classes	D 1.3, H 1.1, H 1.4	
Hydroperiods	D 1.4, H 1.2	
Location of outlet ( <i>can be added to map of hydroperiods</i> )	D 1.1, D 4.1	
Boundary of area within 150 ft of the wetland ( <i>can be added to another figure</i> )	D 2.2, D 5.2	
Map of the contributing basin	D 4.3, D 5.3	
1 km Polygon: Area that extends 1 km from entire wetland edge - including polygons for accessible habitat and total habitat	H 2.1, H 2.2, H 2.3	
Screen capture of map of 303(d) listed waters in basin (from Ecology website)	D 3.1, D 3.2	
Screen capture of list of TMDLs for WRIA in which unit is found (from web)	D 3.3	

**Riverine Wetlands**

Map of:	To answer questions:	Figure #
Cowardin plant classes	H 1.1, H 1.4	
Hydroperiods	H 1.2	
Ponded depressions	R 1.1	
Boundary of area within 150 ft of the wetland ( <i>can be added to another figure</i> )	R 2.4	
Plant cover of trees, shrubs, and herbaceous plants	R 1.2, R 4.2	
Width of unit vs. width of stream ( <i>can be added to another figure</i> )	R 4.1	
Map of the contributing basin	R 2.2, R 2.3, R 5.2	
1 km Polygon: Area that extends 1 km from entire wetland edge - including polygons for accessible habitat and total habitat	H 2.1, H 2.2, H 2.3	
Screen capture of map of 303(d) listed waters in basin (from Ecology website)	R 3.1	
Screen capture of list of TMDLs for WRIA in which unit is found (from web)	R 3.2, R 3.3	

**Lake Fringe Wetlands**

Map of:	To answer questions:	Figure #
Cowardin plant classes	L 1.1, L 4.1, H 1.1, H 1.4	
Plant cover of trees, shrubs, and herbaceous plants	L 1.2	
Boundary of area within 150 ft of the wetland ( <i>can be added to another figure</i> )	L 2.2	
1 km Polygon: Area that extends 1 km from entire wetland edge - including polygons for accessible habitat and total habitat	H 2.1, H 2.2, H 2.3	
Screen capture of map of 303(d) listed waters in basin (from Ecology website)	L 3.1, L 3.2	
Screen capture of list of TMDLs for WRIA in which unit is found (from web)	L 3.3	

**Slope Wetlands**

Map of:	To answer questions:	Figure #
Cowardin plant classes	H 1.1, H 1.4	
Hydroperiods	H 1.2	
Plant cover of <b>dense</b> trees, shrubs, and herbaceous plants	S 1.3	
Plant cover of <b>dense, rigid</b> trees, shrubs, and herbaceous plants ( <i>can be added to figure above</i> )	S 4.1	
Boundary of 150 ft buffer ( <i>can be added to another figure</i> )	S 2.1, S 5.1	
1 km Polygon: Area that extends 1 km from entire wetland edge - including polygons for accessible habitat and total habitat	H 2.1, H 2.2, H 2.3	
Screen capture of map of 303(d) listed waters in basin (from Ecology website)	S 3.1, S 3.2	
Screen capture of list of TMDLs for WRIA in which unit is found (from web)	S 3.3	

Wetland name or number C

## HGM Classification of Wetlands in Western Washington

For questions 1-7, the criteria described must apply to the entire unit being rated.

If the hydrologic criteria listed in each question do not apply to the entire unit being rated, you probably have a unit with multiple HGM classes. In this case, identify which hydrologic criteria in questions 1-7 apply, and go to Question 8.

1. Are the water levels in the entire unit usually controlled by tides except during floods?

NO – go to 2

YES – the wetland class is **Tidal Fringe** – go to 1.1

1.1 Is the salinity of the water during periods of annual low flow below 0.5 ppt (parts per thousand)?

NO – **Saltwater Tidal Fringe (Estuarine)**

YES – **Freshwater Tidal Fringe**

If your wetland can be classified as a **Freshwater Tidal Fringe** use the forms for **Riverine** wetlands. If it is **Saltwater Tidal Fringe**, it is an **Estuarine** wetland and is not scored. This method **cannot** be used to score functions for estuarine wetlands.

2. The entire wetland unit is flat, and precipitation is the only source (>90%) of water to it. Groundwater and surface water runoff are NOT sources of water to the unit.

NO – go to 3

YES – The wetland class is **Flats**

If your wetland can be classified as a **Flats** wetland, use the form for **Depressional** wetlands.

3. Does the entire wetland unit **meet all** of the following criteria?

- The vegetated part of the wetland is on the shores of a body of permanent open water (without any plants on the surface at any time of the year) at least 20 ac (8 ha) in size,  
 At least 30% of the open water area is deeper than 6.6 ft (2 m).

NO – go to 4

YES – The wetland class is **Lake Fringe (Lacustrine Fringe)**

4. Does the entire wetland unit **meet all** of the following criteria?

- The wetland is on a slope (slope can be very gradual),  
 The water flows through the wetland in one direction (unidirectional) and usually comes from seeps. It may flow subsurface, as sheet flow, or in a swale without distinct banks,  
 The water leaves the wetland **without being impounded**.

NO – go to 5

YES – The wetland class is **Slope**

**NOTE:** Surface water does not pond in these type of wetlands except occasionally in very small and shallow depressions or behind hummocks (depressions are usually <3 ft diameter and less than 1 ft deep).

Wetland name or number     c    

5. Does the entire wetland unit **meet all** of the following criteria?

- The unit is in a valley, or stream channel, where it gets inundated by overbank flooding from that stream or river,
- The overbank flooding occurs at least once every 2 years.

NO – go to 6

**YES – The wetland class is Riverine**

**NOTE:** The Riverine unit can contain depressions that are filled with water when the river is not flooding

6. Is the entire wetland unit in a topographic depression in which water ponds, or is saturated to the surface, at some time during the year? This means that any outlet, if present, is higher than the interior of the wetland.

NO – go to 7

**YES – The wetland class is Depressional**

7. Is the entire wetland unit located in a very flat area with no obvious depression and no overbank flooding? The unit does not pond surface water more than a few inches. The unit seems to be maintained by high groundwater in the area. The wetland may be ditched but has no obvious natural outlet.

NO – go to 8

**YES – The wetland class is Depressional**

8. Your wetland unit seems to be difficult to classify and probably contains several different HGM classes. For example, seeps at the base of a slope may grade into a riverine floodplain, or a small stream within a Depressional wetland has a zone of flooding along its sides. **GO BACK AND IDENTIFY WHICH OF THE HYDROLOGIC REGIMES DESCRIBED IN QUESTIONS 1-7 APPLY TO DIFFERENT AREAS IN THE UNIT** (make a rough sketch to help you decide). Use the following table to identify the appropriate class to use for the rating system if you have several HGM classes present within the wetland unit being scored.

**NOTE:** Use this table only if the class that is recommended in the second column represents 10% or more of the total area of the wetland unit being rated. If the area of the HGM class listed in column 2 is less than 10% of the unit; classify the wetland using the class that represents more than 90% of the total area.

HGM classes within the wetland unit being rated	HGM class to use in rating
Slope + Riverine	Riverine
Slope + Depressional	Depressional
Slope + Lake Fringe	Lake Fringe
Depressional + Riverine along stream within boundary of depression	Depressional
Depressional + Lake Fringe	Depressional
Riverine + Lake Fringe	Riverine
Salt Water Tidal Fringe and any other class of freshwater wetland	Treat as ESTUARINE



If you are still unable to determine which of the above criteria apply to your wetland, or if you have **more than 2 HGM classes** within a wetland boundary, classify the wetland as Depressional for the rating.

Wetland name or number C

**RIVERINE AND FRESHWATER TIDAL FRINGE WETLANDS**

**Water Quality Functions - Indicators that the site functions to improve water quality**

<b>R 1.0. Does the site have the potential to improve water quality?</b>		
<b>R 1.1. Area of surface depressions within the Riverine wetland that can trap sediments during a flooding event:</b>		
Depressions cover $>3/4$ area of wetland	points = 8	
Depressions cover $>1/2$ area of wetland	points = 4	
Depressions present but cover $\leq 1/2$ area of wetland	points = 2	
No depressions present	points = 0	4
<b>R 1.2. Structure of plants in the wetland (areas with <math>&gt;90\%</math> cover at person height, not Cowardin classes)</b>		
Trees or shrubs $>2/3$ area of the wetland	points = 8	
Trees or shrubs $>1/3$ area of the wetland	points = 6	
Herbaceous plants ( $>6$ in. high) $>2/3$ area of the wetland	points = 6	
Herbaceous plants ( $>6$ in. high) $>1/3$ area of the wetland	points = 3	
Trees, shrubs, and ungrazed herbaceous $<1/3$ area of the wetland	points = 0	6
<b>Total for R 1</b>	<b>Add the points in the boxes above</b>	<b>10</b>

**Rating of Site Potential** If score is: 12-16 = H  6-11 = M 0-5 = L Record the rating on the first page

<b>R 2.0. Does the landscape have the potential to support the water quality function of the site?</b>		
<b>R 2.1. Is the wetland within an incorporated city or within its UGA?</b>	Yes = 2 No = 0	2
<b>R 2.2. Does the contributing basin to the wetland include a UGA or incorporated area?</b>	Yes = 1 No = 0	1
<b>R 2.3. Does at least 10% of the contributing basin contain tilled fields, pastures, or forests that have been clearcut within the last 5 years?</b>	Yes = 1 No = 0	0
<b>R 2.4. Is <math>&gt;10\%</math> of the area within 150 ft of the wetland in land uses that generate pollutants?</b>	Yes = 1 No = 0	0
<b>R 2.5. Are there other sources of pollutants coming into the wetland that are not listed in questions R 2.1-R 2.4?</b> Other sources _____	Yes = 1 No = 0	0
<b>Total for R 2</b>	<b>Add the points in the boxes above</b>	<b>3</b>

**Rating of Landscape Potential** If score is: 3-6 = H 1 or 2 = M 0 = L Record the rating on the first page

<b>R 3.0. Is the water quality improvement provided by the site valuable to society?</b>		
<b>R 3.1. Is the wetland along a stream or river that is on the 303(d) list or on a tributary that drains to one within 1 mi?</b>	Yes = 1 No = 0	1
<b>R 3.2. Is the wetland along a stream or river that has TMDL limits for nutrients, toxics, or pathogens?</b>	Yes = 1 No = 0	0
<b>R 3.3. Has the site been identified in a watershed or local plan as important for maintaining water quality? (Answer YES if there is a TMDL in development or in effect for the drainage in which the unit is found.)</b> Yes = 2 No = 0		0
<b>Total for R 3</b>	<b>Add the points in the boxes above</b>	<b>1</b>

**Rating of Value** If score is: 2-4 = H  1 = M 0 = L Record the rating on the first page

Wetland name or number C

**RIVERINE AND FRESHWATER TIDAL FRINGE WETLANDS**

**Hydrologic Functions - Indicators that site functions to reduce flooding and stream erosion**

<b>R 4.0. Does the site have the potential to reduce flooding and erosion?</b>		
<b>R 4.1. Characteristics of the overbank storage the wetland provides:</b> Estimate the average width of the wetland perpendicular to the direction of the flow and the width of the stream or river channel (distance between banks). Calculate the ratio: (average width of wetland)/(average width of stream between banks). If the ratio is more than 20 If the ratio is 10-20 If the ratio is 5-<10 If the ratio is 1-<5 If the ratio is < 1	points = 9 points = 6 points = 4 <u>points = 2</u> points = 1	2
<b>R 4.2. Characteristics of plants that slow down water velocities during floods: Treat large woody debris as forest or shrub. Choose the points appropriate for the best description (polygons need to have &gt;90% cover at person height. These are NOT Cowardin classes). Forest or shrub for &gt;1/3 area OR emergent plants &gt; 2/3 area Forest or shrub for &gt; 1/10 area OR emergent plants &gt; 1/3 area Plants do not meet above criteria</b>	points = 7 <u>points = 4</u> points = 0	4
<b>Total for R 4</b>	<b>Add the points in the boxes above</b>	<b>6</b>

**Rating of Site Potential** If score is: 12-16 = H  6-11 = M  0-5 = L *Record the rating on the first page*

<b>R 5.0. Does the landscape have the potential to support the hydrologic functions of the site?</b>		
<b>R 5.1. Is the stream or river adjacent to the wetland downcut?</b>	Yes = 0 <u>No = 1</u>	1
<b>R 5.2. Does the upgradient watershed include a UGA or incorporated area?</b>	<u>Yes = 1</u> No = 0	1
<b>R 5.3. Is the upgradient stream or river controlled by dams?</b>	Yes = 0 <u>No = 1</u>	1
<b>Total for R 5</b>	<b>Add the points in the boxes above</b>	<b>3</b>

**Rating of Landscape Potential** If score is:  3 = H  1 or 2 = M  0 = L *Record the rating on the first page*

<b>R 6.0. Are the hydrologic functions provided by the site valuable to society?</b>		
<b>R 6.1. Distance to the nearest areas downstream that have flooding problems?</b> Choose the description that best fits the site. The sub-basin immediately downgradient of the wetland has flooding problems that result in damage to human or natural resources (e.g., houses or salmon redds) Surface flooding problems are in a sub-basin farther downgradient No flooding problems anywhere downstream	points = 2 points = 1 <u>points = 0</u>	0
<b>R 6.2. Has the site been identified as important for flood storage or flood conveyance in a regional flood control plan?</b>	Yes = 2 <u>No = 0</u>	0
<b>Total for R 6</b>	<b>Add the points in the boxes above</b>	<b>0</b>

**Rating of Value** If score is:  2-4 = H  1 = M  0 = L *Record the rating on the first page*

Wetland name or number C

**These questions apply to wetlands of all HGM classes.**

**HABITAT FUNCTIONS - Indicators that site functions to provide important habitat**

H 1.0. Does the site have the potential to provide habitat?

H 1.1. Structure of plant community: Indicators are Cowardin classes and strata within the Forested class. Check the Cowardin plant classes in the wetland. Up to 10 patches may be combined for each class to meet the threshold of ¼ ac if the unit is at least 2.5 ac, or more than 10% of the unit if it is smaller than 2.5 ac.

- Aquatic bed
  - Emergent
  - Scrub-shrub (areas where shrubs have > 30% cover)
  - Forested (areas where trees have > 30% cover)
- If the unit has a Forested class, check if:
- The Forested class has 3 out of 5 strata (canopy, sub-canopy, shrubs, herbaceous, moss/groundcover) that each cover 20% within the Forested polygon

4 structures or more: points = 4  
 3 structures: points = 2  
 2 structures: points = 1  
 1 structure: points = 0

1

H 1.2. Hydroperiods

Check the types of water regimes (hydroperiods) present within the wetland. The water regime has to cover more than 10% of the wetland if the unit is < 2.5 ac, or ¼ ac if the unit is at least 2.5 ac to count (see text for descriptions of hydroperiods).

- Permanently flooded or inundated
- Seasonally flooded or inundated
- Occasionally flooded or inundated
- Saturated only
- Permanently flowing stream or river in, or adjacent to, the wetland
- Intermittently or seasonally flowing stream in, or adjacent to, the wetland
- Lake Fringe wetland
- Freshwater tidal wetland

4 or more types present: points = 3  
 3 types present: points = 2  
 2 types present: points = 1  
 1 type present: points = 0

2 points  
 2 points

2

H 1.3. Richness of plant species

Count the number of plant species in the wetland that cover at least 10 ft<sup>2</sup>. Different patches of the same species can be combined to meet the size threshold and you do not have to name the species. **Do not include Eurasian milfoil, reed canarygrass, purple loosestrife, Canada thistle**

- If you counted:
- > 19 species
  - 5 - 19 species
  - < 5 species

points = 2  
points = 1  
 points = 0

1

H 1.4. Interspersion of habitats

Decide from the diagrams below whether interspersion among Cowardin plants classes (described in H 1.1), or the classes and unvegetated areas (can include open water or mudflats) is high, moderate, low, or none. If you have four or more plant classes or three classes and open water, the rating is always high.



None = 0 points



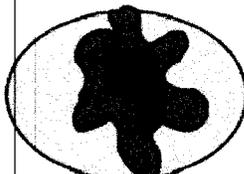
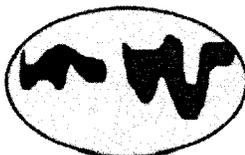
Low = 1 point



Moderate = 2 points



All three diagrams in this row are High = 3 points



1

Wetland name or number C

5

<p><b>H 1.5. Special habitat features:</b>          Check the habitat features that are present in the wetland. The number of checks is the number of points.  <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Large, downed, woody debris within the wetland (&gt; 4 in. diameter and 6 ft long).  <input type="checkbox"/> Standing snags (dbh &gt; 4 in.) within the wetland  <input type="checkbox"/> Undercut banks are present for at least 6.6 ft (2 m) and/or overhanging plants extend at least 3.3 ft (1 m) over open water or a stream (or ditch) in, or contiguous with the wetland, for at least 33 ft (10 m)  <input type="checkbox"/> Stable steep banks of fine material that might be used by beaver or muskrat for denning (&gt; 30 degree slope) OR signs of recent beaver activity are present (cut shrubs or trees that have not yet weathered where wood is exposed)  <input type="checkbox"/> At least ¼ ac of thin-stemmed persistent plants or woody branches are present in areas that are permanently or seasonally inundated (structures for egg-laying by amphibians)  <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Invasive plants cover less than 25% of the wetland area in every stratum of plants (see H 1.1 above for the list of strata and H 1.5 in the manual for the list of aggressive plant species)</p>		2
Total for H 1	Add the points in the boxes above	7

**Rating of Site Potential** If score is: 15-18 = H  7-14 = M  0-6 = L Record the rating on the first page

<p><b>H 2.0. Does the landscape have the potential to support the habitat functions of the site?</b></p>		
<p><b>H 2.1. Accessible habitat</b> (include only habitat polygons accessible from the wetland.  <i>Calculate:</i> % relatively undisturbed habitat <u>13</u> + [(% moderate and low intensity land uses)/2] <u>C</u> = <u>13</u> %          Total accessible habitat is:          &gt; 1/3 (33.3%) of 1 km Polygon <span style="float: right;">points = 3</span>          20-33% of 1 km Polygon <span style="float: right;">points = 2</span>          10-19% of 1 km Polygon <span style="float: right;">points = 1</span>          &lt; 10% of 1 km Polygon <span style="float: right;">points = 0</span></p>		1
<p><b>H 2.2. Total habitat in 1 km Polygon around the wetland.</b>  <i>Calculate:</i> % relatively undisturbed habitat <u>22</u> + [(% moderate and low intensity land uses)/2] <u>2</u> = <u>22</u> %          Total habitat &gt; 50% of Polygon <span style="float: right;">points = 3</span>          Total habitat 10-50% and in 1-3 patches <span style="float: right;">points = 2</span>          Total habitat 10-50% and &gt; 3 patches <span style="float: right;">points = 1</span>          Total habitat &lt; 10% of 1 km Polygon <span style="float: right;">points = 0</span></p>		1
<p><b>H 2.3. Land use intensity in 1 km Polygon:</b>          &gt; 50% of 1 km Polygon is high intensity land use <span style="float: right;">points = 2</span>          ≤ 50% of 1 km Polygon is high intensity <span style="float: right;">points = 0</span></p>		2
Total for H 2	Add the points in the boxes above	0

**Rating of Landscape Potential** If score is:  4-6 = H  1-3 = M  < 1 = L Record the rating on the first page

<p><b>H 3.0. Is the habitat provided by the site valuable to society?</b></p>		
<p><b>H 3.1. Does the site provide habitat for species valued in laws, regulations, or policies? Choose only the highest score that applies to the wetland being rated.</b>          Site meets ANY of the following criteria: <span style="float: right;">points = 2</span>          — It has 3 or more Priority Habitats within 100 m (see next page)          — It provides habitat for Threatened or Endangered species (any plant or animal on the state or federal lists)          — It is mapped as a location for an individual WDFW Priority Species          — It is a Wetland of High Conservation Value as determined by the Department of Natural Resources data          — It has been categorized as an important habitat site in a local or regional comprehensive plan, in a Shoreline Master Plan, or in a watershed plan          Site has 1 or 2 Priority Habitats (listed on next page) within 100 m <span style="float: right;">points = 1</span>          Site does not meet any of the criteria above <span style="float: right;">points = 0</span></p>		1

**Rating of Value** If score is:  2 = H  1 = M  0 = L Record the rating on the first page

Wetland name or number C

## WDFW Priority Habitats

See complete descriptions of Priority Habitats listed by WDFW, and the counties in which they can be found, in: Washington Department of Fish and Wildlife. 2008 (current year, as revised). Priority Habitat and Species List.<sup>133</sup> This list was updated for consistency with guidance from WDFW.

This question is independent of the land use between the wetland unit and the Priority Habitat. All vegetated wetlands are by definition a Priority Habitat but are not included in this list because they are addressed by this rating system.

Count how many of the following Priority Habitats are within 330 ft (100 m) of the wetland unit:

- **Aspen Stands:** Pure or mixed stands of aspen greater than 1 ac (0.4 ha).
- **Biodiversity Areas and Corridors:** Areas of habitat that are relatively important to various species of native fish and wildlife. This habitat automatically counts if mapped on the PHS online map within 100m of the wetland. If not mapped, a determination can be made in the field.
- **Caves:** A naturally occurring cavity, recess, void, or system of interconnected passages under the earth in soils, rock, ice, or other geological formations and is large enough to contain a human.
- **Cliffs:** Greater than 25 ft (7.6 m) high and occurring below 5000 ft elevation.
- **Fresh Deepwater:** Lands permanently flooded with freshwater, including environments where surface water is permanent and often deep, so that water, rather than air, is the principal medium within which the dominant organisms live. Substrate does not support emergent vegetation. Do not select if Instream habitat is also present, or if the entire Deepwater feature is included in the wetland unit being rated (such as a pond with a vegetated fringe).
- **Herbaceous Balds:** Variable size patches of grass and forbs on shallow soils over bedrock.
- **Instream:** The combination of physical, biological, and chemical processes and conditions that interact to provide functional life history requirements for instream fish and wildlife resources. Do not select if Fresh Deepwater habitat is also present.
- **Nearshore:** Relatively undisturbed nearshore habitats. These include Coastal Nearshore, Open Coast Nearshore, and Puget Sound Nearshore.
- **Old-growth/Mature forests:** Old-growth west of Cascade crest – Stands of at least 2 tree species, forming a multi-layered canopy with occasional small openings; with at least 8 trees/ac (20 trees/ha ) > 32 in. (81 cm) diameter at breast height (dbh) or > 200 years of age. Mature forests – Stands with average diameters exceeding 21 in. (53 cm) dbh; crown cover may be less than 100%; decay, decadence, numbers of snags, and quantity of large downed material is generally less than that found in old-growth; 80-200 years old west of the Cascade crest.

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<sup>133</sup> <http://wdfw.wa.gov/publications/00165/wdfw00165.pdf>  
Wetland Rating System for Western WA: 2014 Update  
Rating Form – Version 2, July 2023

Wetland name or number C

- **Oregon White Oak:** Woodland stands of pure oak or oak/conifer associations where canopy coverage of the oak component is important. For single oaks or oak stands <0.4 ha in urban areas, WDFW's Management Recommendations for Oregon White Oak<sup>134</sup> provides more detail for determining if they are Priority Habitats
- ✓ — **Riparian:** The area adjacent to freshwater aquatic systems with flowing or standing water that contains elements of both aquatic and terrestrial ecosystems which mutually influence each other.
- **Snags and Logs:** Trees are considered snags if they are dead or dying and exhibit sufficient decay characteristics to enable cavity excavation/use by wildlife. Priority snags have a diameter at breast height of > 20 in. (51 cm) in western Washington and are > 6.5 ft (2 m) in height. Priority logs are > 12 in. (30 cm) in diameter at the largest end, and > 20 ft (6 m) long.
- **Talus:** Homogenous areas of rock rubble ranging in average size 0.5 - 6.5 ft (0.15 - 2.0 m), composed of basalt, andesite, and/or sedimentary rock, including riprap slides and mine tailings. May be associated with cliffs.
- **Westside Prairies:** Herbaceous, non-forested plant communities that can either take the form of a dry prairie or a wet prairie.

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<sup>134</sup> <https://wdfw.wa.gov/publications/00030/wdfw00030.pdf>  
Wetland Rating System for Western WA: 2014 Update  
Rating Form – Version 2, July 2023



Wetland name or number C

<p><b>SC 4.0. Forested Wetlands</b></p> <p>Does the wetland have at least <u>1 contiguous acre</u> of forest that meets one of these criteria for the WA Department of Fish and Wildlife's forests as Priority Habitats? <i>If you answer YES, you will still need to rate the wetland based on its functions.</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>— <b>Old-growth forests</b> (west of Cascade crest): Stands of at least two tree species, forming a multi-layered canopy with occasional small openings; with at least 8 trees/ac (20 trees/ha) that are at least 200 years of age OR have a diameter at breast height (dbh) of 32 in. (81 cm) or more.</li> <li>— <b>Mature forests</b> (west of the Cascade Crest): Stands where the largest trees are 80- 200 years old OR the species that make up the canopy have an average diameter (dbh) exceeding 21 in. (53 cm).</li> </ul> <p>Yes = <b>Category I</b>    No = <b>Not a forested wetland for this section</b></p>		<p>Cat. I</p>
<p><b>SC 5.0. Wetlands in Coastal Lagoons</b></p> <p>Does the wetland meet all of the following criteria of a wetland in a coastal lagoon?</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>— The wetland lies in a depression adjacent to marine waters that is wholly or partially separated from marine waters by sandbanks, gravel banks, shingle, or, less frequently, rocks</li> <li>— The lagoon in which the wetland is located contains ponded water that is saline or brackish (&gt; 0.5 ppt) during most of the year in at least a portion of the lagoon (<i>needs to be measured near the bottom</i>)</li> <li>— The lagoon retains some of its surface water at low tide during spring tides</li> </ul> <p>Yes – Go to <b>SC 5.1</b>    No = <b>Not a wetland in a coastal lagoon</b></p> <p><b>SC 5.1. Does the wetland meet all of the following three conditions?</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>— The wetland is relatively undisturbed (has no diking, ditching, filling, cultivation, grazing), and has less than 20% cover of aggressive, opportunistic plant species (see list of species in H 1.5 in the manual).</li> <li>— At least ¾ of the landward edge of the wetland has a 100 ft buffer of shrub, forest, or un-grazed or unmowed grassland.</li> <li>— The wetland is larger than 1/10 ac (4350 ft<sup>2</sup>)</li> </ul> <p>Yes = <b>Category I</b>    No = <b>Category II</b></p>		<p>Cat. I</p> <p>Cat. II</p>
<p><b>SC 6.0. Interdunal Wetlands</b></p> <p>Is the wetland west of the 1889 line (also called the Western Boundary of Upland Ownership or WBUO)? <i>If you answer YES, you will still need to rate the wetland based on its habitat functions.</i></p> <p>In practical terms that means the following geographic areas:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>— Long Beach Peninsula: Lands west of SR 103</li> <li>— Grayland-Westport: Lands west of SR 105</li> <li>— Ocean Shores-Copalis: Lands west of SR 115 and SR 109 and Ocean Shores Blvd SW, including lands west of E. Oceans Shores Blvd SW.</li> </ul> <p>Yes – Go to <b>SC 6.1</b>    No = <b>Not an interdunal wetland for rating</b></p> <p>SC 6.1. Is the wetland 1 ac or larger and scores an 8 or 9 for the habitat functions on the form (rates H,H,H or H,H,M for the three aspects of function)?  Yes = <b>Category I</b>    No – Go to <b>SC 6.2</b></p> <p>SC 6.2. Is the wetland 1 ac or larger, or is it in a mosaic of wetlands that is 1 ac or larger?  Yes = <b>Category II</b>    No – Go to <b>SC 6.3</b></p> <p>SC 6.3. Is the unit between 0.1 and 1 ac, or is it in a mosaic of wetlands that is between 0.1 and 1 ac?  Yes = <b>Category III</b>    No = <b>Category IV</b></p>		<p>Cat I</p> <p>Cat. II</p> <p>Cat. III</p> <p>Cat. IV</p>
<p><b>Category of wetland based on Special Characteristics</b>  If you answered No for all types, enter "Not Applicable" on Summary Form</p>		<p>NA</p>

Wetland name or number D

## RATING SUMMARY – Western Washington

Name of wetland (or ID #): Matharc - Wet D Date of site visit: 1-6-25  
 Rated by Ed Smith Trained by Ecology?  Yes  No Date of training 2017  
 HGM Class used for rating Slope Wetland has multiple HGM classes?  Y  N

**NOTE: Form is not complete without the required figures (figures can be combined).**  
 Source of base aerial photo/map \_\_\_\_\_

**OVERALL WETLAND CATEGORY IV** (based on functions  or special characteristics )

### 1. Category of wetland based on FUNCTIONS

- \_\_\_\_\_ Category I – Total score = 23 - 27
- \_\_\_\_\_ Category II – Total score = 20 - 22
- \_\_\_\_\_ Category III – Total score = 16 - 19
- Category IV – Total score = 9 - 15

**Score for each function based on three ratings**  
 (order of ratings is not important)

9 = H, H, H  
 8 = H, H, M  
 7 = H, H, L  
 7 = H, M, M  
 6 = H, M, L  
 6 = M, M, M  
 5 = H, L, L  
 5 = M, M, L  
 4 = M, L, L  
 3 = L, L, L

FUNCTION	Improving Water Quality	Hydrologic	Habitat	
<i>Circle the appropriate ratings</i>				
Site Potential	H M <b>(L)</b>	H M <b>(L)</b>	H M <b>(L)</b>	
Landscape Potential	H M <b>(L)</b>	H M <b>(L)</b>	H M <b>(L)</b>	
Value	<b>(H)</b> M L	H M <b>(L)</b>	H <b>(M)</b> L	<b>TOTAL</b>
Score Based on Ratings	<b>5</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>12</b>

### 2. Category based on SPECIAL CHARACTERISTICS of wetland

CHARACTERISTIC	CATEGORY
Estuarine	I II
Wetland of High Conservation Value	I
Bog	I
Mature Forest	I
Old Growth Forest	I
Coastal Lagoon	I II
Interdunal	I II III IV
None of the above	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

Wetland name or number D

**Maps and figures required to answer questions correctly for Western Washington**

**Depressional Wetlands**

Map of:	To answer questions:	Figure #
Cowardin plant classes	D 1.3, H 1.1, H 1.4	
Hydroperiods	D 1.4, H 1.2	
Location of outlet <i>(can be added to map of hydroperiods)</i>	D 1.1, D 4.1	
Boundary of area within 150 ft of the wetland <i>(can be added to another figure)</i>	D 2.2, D 5.2	
Map of the contributing basin	D 4.3, D 5.3	
1 km Polygon: Area that extends 1 km from entire wetland edge - including polygons for accessible habitat and total habitat	H 2.1, H 2.2, H 2.3	
Screen capture of map of 303(d) listed waters in basin (from Ecology website)	D 3.1, D 3.2	
Screen capture of list of TMDLs for WRIA in which unit is found (from web)	D 3.3	

**Riverine Wetlands**

Map of:	To answer questions:	Figure #
Cowardin plant classes	H 1.1, H 1.4	
Hydroperiods	H 1.2	
Ponded depressions	R 1.1	
Boundary of area within 150 ft of the wetland <i>(can be added to another figure)</i>	R 2.4	
Plant cover of trees, shrubs, and herbaceous plants	R 1.2, R 4.2	
Width of unit vs. width of stream <i>(can be added to another figure)</i>	R 4.1	
Map of the contributing basin	R 2.2, R 2.3, R 5.2	
1 km Polygon: Area that extends 1 km from entire wetland edge - including polygons for accessible habitat and total habitat	H 2.1, H 2.2, H 2.3	
Screen capture of map of 303(d) listed waters in basin (from Ecology website)	R 3.1	
Screen capture of list of TMDLs for WRIA in which unit is found (from web)	R 3.2, R 3.3	

**Lake Fringe Wetlands**

Map of:	To answer questions:	Figure #
Cowardin plant classes	L 1.1, L 4.1, H 1.1, H 1.4	
Plant cover of trees, shrubs, and herbaceous plants	L 1.2	
Boundary of area within 150 ft of the wetland <i>(can be added to another figure)</i>	L 2.2	
1 km Polygon: Area that extends 1 km from entire wetland edge - including polygons for accessible habitat and total habitat	H 2.1, H 2.2, H 2.3	
Screen capture of map of 303(d) listed waters in basin (from Ecology website)	L 3.1, L 3.2	
Screen capture of list of TMDLs for WRIA in which unit is found (from web)	L 3.3	

**Slope Wetlands**

Map of:	To answer questions:	Figure #
Cowardin plant classes	H 1.1, H 1.4	
Hydroperiods	H 1.2	
Plant cover of <b>dense</b> trees, shrubs, and herbaceous plants	S 1.3	
Plant cover of <b>dense, rigid</b> trees, shrubs, and herbaceous plants <i>(can be added to figure above)</i>	S 4.1	
Boundary of 150 ft buffer <i>(can be added to another figure)</i>	S 2.1, S 5.1	
1 km Polygon: Area that extends 1 km from entire wetland edge - including polygons for accessible habitat and total habitat	H 2.1, H 2.2, H 2.3	
Screen capture of map of 303(d) listed waters in basin (from Ecology website)	S 3.1, S 3.2	
Screen capture of list of TMDLs for WRIA in which unit is found (from web)	S 3.3	

Wetland name or number   D  

## HGM Classification of Wetlands in Western Washington

For questions 1-7, the criteria described must apply to the entire unit being rated.

If the hydrologic criteria listed in each question do not apply to the entire unit being rated, you probably have a unit with multiple HGM classes. In this case, identify which hydrologic criteria in questions 1-7 apply, and go to Question 8.

1. Are the water levels in the entire unit usually controlled by tides except during floods?

NO – go to 2

YES – the wetland class is **Tidal Fringe** – go to 1.1

1.1 Is the salinity of the water during periods of annual low flow below 0.5 ppt (parts per thousand)?

**NO – Saltwater Tidal Fringe (Estuarine)**

**YES – Freshwater Tidal Fringe**

If your wetland can be classified as a Freshwater Tidal Fringe use the forms for **Riverine** wetlands. If it is Saltwater Tidal Fringe, it is an **Estuarine** wetland and is not scored. This method **cannot** be used to score functions for estuarine wetlands.

2. The entire wetland unit is flat, and precipitation is the only source (>90%) of water to it. Groundwater and surface water runoff are NOT sources of water to the unit.

NO – go to 3

YES – The wetland class is **Flats**

If your wetland can be classified as a Flats wetland, use the form for **Depressional** wetlands.

3. Does the entire wetland unit **meet all** of the following criteria?

- The vegetated part of the wetland is on the shores of a body of permanent open water (without any plants on the surface at any time of the year) at least 20 ac (8 ha) in size,
- At least 30% of the open water area is deeper than 6.6 ft (2 m).

NO – go to 4

YES – The wetland class is **Lake Fringe (Lacustrine Fringe)**

4. Does the entire wetland unit **meet all** of the following criteria?

- The wetland is on a slope (slope can be very gradual),
- The water flows through the wetland in one direction (unidirectional) and usually comes from seeps. It may flow subsurface, as sheet flow, or in a swale without distinct banks,
- The water leaves the wetland **without being impounded**.

NO – go to 5

YES – The wetland class is **Slope**

**NOTE:** Surface water does not pond in these type of wetlands except occasionally in very small and shallow depressions or behind hummocks (depressions are usually <3 ft diameter and less than 1 ft deep).

Wetland name or number   D  

5. Does the entire wetland unit **meet all** of the following criteria?

- The unit is in a valley, or stream channel, where it gets inundated by overbank flooding from that stream or river,
- The overbank flooding occurs at least once every 2 years.

NO – go to 6

YES – The wetland class is **Riverine**

**NOTE:** The Riverine unit can contain depressions that are filled with water when the river is not flooding

6. Is the entire wetland unit in a topographic depression in which water ponds, or is saturated to the surface, at some time during the year? This means that any outlet, if present, is higher than the interior of the wetland.

NO – go to 7

YES – The wetland class is **Depressional**

7. Is the entire wetland unit located in a very flat area with no obvious depression and no overbank flooding? The unit does not pond surface water more than a few inches. The unit seems to be maintained by high groundwater in the area. The wetland may be ditched but has no obvious natural outlet.

NO – go to 8

YES – The wetland class is **Depressional**

8. Your wetland unit seems to be difficult to classify and probably contains several different HGM classes. For example, seeps at the base of a slope may grade into a riverine floodplain, or a small stream within a Depressional wetland has a zone of flooding along its sides. **GO BACK AND IDENTIFY WHICH OF THE HYDROLOGIC REGIMES DESCRIBED IN QUESTIONS 1-7 APPLY TO DIFFERENT AREAS IN THE UNIT** (make a rough sketch to help you decide). Use the following table to identify the appropriate class to use for the rating system if you have several HGM classes present within the wetland unit being scored.

**NOTE:** Use this table only if the class that is recommended in the second column represents 10% or more of the total area of the wetland unit being rated. If the area of the HGM class listed in column 2 is less than 10% of the unit; classify the wetland using the class that represents more than 90% of the total area.

HGM classes within the wetland unit being rated	HGM class to use in rating
Slope + Riverine	Riverine
Slope + Depressional	Depressional
Slope + Lake Fringe	Lake Fringe
Depressional + Riverine along stream within boundary of depression	Depressional
Depressional + Lake Fringe	Depressional
Riverine + Lake Fringe	Riverine
Salt Water Tidal Fringe and any other class of freshwater wetland	Treat as ESTUARINE

If you are still unable to determine which of the above criteria apply to your wetland, or if you have **more than 2 HGM classes** within a wetland boundary, classify the wetland as Depressional for the rating.

Wetland name or number D

<b>SLOPE WETLANDS</b>	
<b>Water Quality Functions - Indicators that the site functions to improve water quality</b>	
<b>S 1.0. Does the site have the potential to improve water quality?</b>	
<b>S 1.1. Characteristics of the average slope of the wetland: (A 1% slope has a 1 ft vertical change in elevation for every 100 ft of horizontal distance.)</b> Slope is 1% or less Slope is > 1%-2% Slope is > 2%-5% Slope is greater than 5%	points = 3 <u>points = 2</u> points = 1 points = 0
<b>S 1.2. The soil 2 in. below the surface (or duff layer) is true clay or true organic (use NRCS definitions):</b> Yes = 3 <u>No = 0</u>	0
<b>S 1.3. Characteristics of the plants in the wetland that trap sediments and pollutants:</b> Choose the points appropriate for the description that best fits the plants in the wetland. Dense means you have trouble seeing the soil surface (>75% cover), and uncut means not grazed or mowed, and plants are higher than 6 in. Dense, uncut, herbaceous plants > 90% of the wetland area Dense, uncut, herbaceous plants > ½ of area Dense, woody, plants > ½ of area Dense, uncut, herbaceous plants > ¼ of area Does not meet any of the criteria above for plants	points = 6 points = 3 <u>points = 2</u> points = 1 points = 0
<b>Total for S 1</b>	<b>Add the points in the boxes above</b> <u>4</u>

**Rating of Site Potential** If score is: 12 = H 6-11 = M 0-5 = L *Record the rating on the first page*

<b>S 2.0. Does the landscape have the potential to support the water quality function of the site?</b>	
<b>S 2.1. Is &gt; 10% of the area within 150 ft on the uphill side of the wetland in land uses that generate pollutants?</b>	Yes = 1 <u>No = 0</u>
<b>S 2.2. Are there other sources of pollutants coming into the wetland that are not listed in question S 2.1?</b> Other sources _____	Yes = 1 <u>No = 0</u>
<b>Total for S 2</b>	<b>Add the points in the boxes above</b> <u>0</u>

**Rating of Landscape Potential** If score is: 1-2 = M 0 = L *Record the rating on the first page*

<b>S 3.0. Is the water quality improvement provided by the site valuable to society?</b>	
<b>S 3.1. Does the wetland discharge directly (i.e., within 1 mi) to a stream, river, lake, or marine water that is on the 303(d) list?</b>	Yes = 1 <u>No = 0</u>
<b>S 3.2. Is the wetland in a basin or sub-basin where water quality is an issue? (At least one aquatic resource in the basin is on the 303(d) list.)</b>	Yes = 1 <u>No = 0</u>
<b>S 3.3. Has the site been identified in a watershed or local plan as important for maintaining water quality? (Answer YES if there is a TMDL in development or in effect for the basin in which unit is found.)</b>	Yes = 2 <u>No = 0</u>
<b>Total for S 3</b>	<b>Add the points in the boxes above</b> <u>4</u>

**Rating of Value** If score is: 2-4 = H 1 = M 0 = L *Record the rating on the first page*

Wetland name or number D

**SLOPE WETLANDS**

**Hydrologic Functions - Indicators that the site functions to reduce flooding and stream erosion**

S 4.0. Does the site have the potential to reduce flooding and stream erosion?

S 4.1. Characteristics of plants that reduce the velocity of surface flows during storms: Choose the points appropriate for the description that best fits conditions in the wetland. Stems of plants should be thick enough (usually > 1/8 in), or dense enough, to remain erect during surface flows.  
 Dense, uncut, rigid plants cover > 90% of the area of the wetland points = 1  
 All other conditions points = 0

**Rating of Site Potential** If score is: 1 = M  0 = L Record the rating on the first page

S 5.0. Does the landscape have the potential to support the hydrologic functions of the site?

S 5.1. Is more than 25% of the area within 150 ft upslope of wetland in land uses or cover that generate excess surface runoff? Yes = 1 No = 0

**Rating of Landscape Potential** If score is: 1 = M  0 = L Record the rating on the first page

S 6.0. Are the hydrologic functions provided by the site valuable to society?

S 6.1. Distance to the nearest areas downstream that have flooding problems:  
 The sub-basin immediately downgradient of site has flooding problems that result in damage to human or natural resources (e.g., houses or salmon redds) points = 2  
 Surface flooding problems are in a sub-basin farther downgradient points = 1  
 No flooding problems anywhere downstream points = 0

S 6.2. Has the site been identified as important for flood storage or flood conveyance in a regional flood control plan? Yes = 2 No = 0

Total for S 6 Add the points in the boxes above

**Rating of Value** If score is: 2-4 = H 1 = M  0 = L Record the rating on the first page

NOTES and FIELD OBSERVATIONS:

Wetland name or number D

**These questions apply to wetlands of all HGM classes.**

**HABITAT FUNCTIONS - Indicators that site functions to provide important habitat**

H 1.0. Does the site have the potential to provide habitat?

H 1.1. Structure of plant community: Indicators are Cowardin classes and strata within the Forested class. Check the Cowardin plant classes in the wetland. Up to 10 patches may be combined for each class to meet the threshold of ¼ ac if the unit is at least 2.5 ac, or more than 10% of the unit if it is smaller than 2.5 ac.

- Aquatic bed 4 structures or more: points = 4
  - Emergent 3 structures: points = 2
  - Scrub-shrub (areas where shrubs have > 30% cover) 2 structures: points = 1
  - Forested (areas where trees have > 30% cover) 1 structure: points = 0
- If the unit has a Forested class, check if:*
- The Forested class has 3 out of 5 strata (canopy, sub-canopy, shrubs, herbaceous, moss/groundcover) that each cover 20% within the Forested polygon

0

H 1.2. Hydroperiods

Check the types of water regimes (hydroperiods) present within the wetland. The water regime has to cover more than 10% of the wetland if the unit is < 2.5 ac, or ¼ ac if the unit is at least 2.5 ac to count (see text for descriptions of hydroperiods).

- Permanently flooded or inundated 4 or more types present: points = 3
- Seasonally flooded or inundated 3 types present: points = 2
- Occasionally flooded or inundated 2 types present: points = 1
- Saturated only 1 type present: points = 0
- Permanently flowing stream or river in, or adjacent to, the wetland
- Intermittently or seasonally flowing stream in, or adjacent to, the wetland
- Lake Fringe wetland 2 points
- Freshwater tidal wetland 2 points

0

H 1.3. Richness of plant species

Count the number of plant species in the wetland that cover at least 10 ft<sup>2</sup>.

Different patches of the same species can be combined to meet the size threshold and you do not have to name the species. **Do not include Eurasian milfoil, reed canarygrass, purple loosestrife, Canada thistle**

- If you counted:
- > 19 species points = 2
  - 5 - 19 species points = 1
  - < 5 species points = 0

1

H 1.4. Interspersion of habitats

Decide from the diagrams below whether interspersion among Cowardin plants classes (described in H 1.1), or the classes and unvegetated areas (can include open water or mudflats) is high, moderate, low, or none. If you have four or more plant classes or three classes and open water, the rating is always high.

0



Wetland name or number     D    

## WDFW Priority Habitats

See complete descriptions of Priority Habitats listed by WDFW, and the counties in which they can be found, in: Washington Department of Fish and Wildlife. 2008 (current year, as revised). Priority Habitat and Species List.<sup>133</sup> This list was updated for consistency with guidance from WDFW.

This question is independent of the land use between the wetland unit and the Priority Habitat. All vegetated wetlands are by definition a Priority Habitat but are not included in this list because they are addressed by this rating system.

Count how many of the following Priority Habitats are within 330 ft (100 m) of the wetland unit:

- **Aspen Stands:** Pure or mixed stands of aspen greater than 1 ac (0.4 ha).
- **Biodiversity Areas and Corridors:** Areas of habitat that are relatively important to various species of native fish and wildlife. This habitat automatically counts if mapped on the PHS online map within 100m of the wetland. If not mapped, a determination can be made in the field.
- **Caves:** A naturally occurring cavity, recess, void, or system of interconnected passages under the earth in soils, rock, ice, or other geological formations and is large enough to contain a human.
- **Cliffs:** Greater than 25 ft (7.6 m) high and occurring below 5000 ft elevation.
- **Fresh Deepwater:** Lands permanently flooded with freshwater, including environments where surface water is permanent and often deep, so that water, rather than air, is the principal medium within which the dominant organisms live. Substrate does not support emergent vegetation. Do not select if Instream habitat is also present, or if the entire Deepwater feature is included in the wetland unit being rated (such as a pond with a vegetated fringe).
- **Herbaceous Balds:** Variable size patches of grass and forbs on shallow soils over bedrock.
- **Instream:** The combination of physical, biological, and chemical processes and conditions that interact to provide functional life history requirements for instream fish and wildlife resources. Do not select if Fresh Deepwater habitat is also present.
- **Nearshore:** Relatively undisturbed nearshore habitats. These include Coastal Nearshore, Open Coast Nearshore, and Puget Sound Nearshore.
- **Old-growth/Mature forests:** Old-growth west of Cascade crest – Stands of at least 2 tree species, forming a multi-layered canopy with occasional small openings; with at least 8 trees/ac (20 trees/ha) > 32 in. (81 cm) diameter at breast height (dbh) or > 200 years of age. Mature forests – Stands with average diameters exceeding 21 in. (53 cm) dbh; crown cover may be less than 100%; decay, decadence, numbers of snags, and quantity of large downed material is generally less than that found in old-growth; 80-200 years old west of the Cascade crest.

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<sup>133</sup> <http://wdfw.wa.gov/publications/00165/wdfw00165.pdf>

Wetland name or number D

- **Oregon White Oak:** Woodland stands of pure oak or oak/conifer associations where canopy coverage of the oak component is important. For single oaks or oak stands <0.4 ha in urban areas, WDFW's Management Recommendations for Oregon White Oak<sup>134</sup> provides more detail for determining if they are Priority Habitats
- **Riparian:** The area adjacent to freshwater aquatic systems with flowing or standing water that contains elements of both aquatic and terrestrial ecosystems which mutually influence each other.
- **Snags and Logs:** Trees are considered snags if they are dead or dying and exhibit sufficient decay characteristics to enable cavity excavation/use by wildlife. Priority snags have a diameter at breast height of > 20 in. (51 cm) in western Washington and are > 6.5 ft (2 m) in height. Priority logs are > 12 in. (30 cm) in diameter at the largest end, and > 20 ft (6 m) long.
- **Talus:** Homogenous areas of rock rubble ranging in average size 0.5 - 6.5 ft (0.15 - 2.0 m), composed of basalt, andesite, and/or sedimentary rock, including riprap slides and mine tailings. May be associated with cliffs.
- **Westside Prairies:** Herbaceous, non-forested plant communities that can either take the form of a dry prairie or a wet prairie.

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<sup>134</sup> <https://wdfw.wa.gov/publications/00030/wdfw00030.pdf>  
Wetland Rating System for Western WA: 2014 Update  
Rating Form – Version 2, July 2023

Wetland name or number D

## CATEGORIZATION BASED ON SPECIAL CHARACTERISTICS

Wetland Type		Category
<i>Check off any criteria that apply to the wetland. Circle the category when the appropriate criteria are met.</i>		
<b>SC 1.0. Estuarine wetlands</b> Does the wetland meet the following criteria for Estuarine wetlands? — The dominant water regime is tidal, — Vegetated, and — With a salinity greater than 0.5 ppt	Yes – Go to <b>SC 1.1</b> No = <b>Not an estuarine wetland</b>	
<b>SC 1.1.</b> Is the wetland within a National Wildlife Refuge, National Park, National Estuary Reserve, Natural Area Preserve, State Park or Educational, Environmental, or Scientific Reserve designated under WAC 332-30-151?	Yes = <b>Category I</b> No – Go to <b>SC 1.2</b>	Cat. I
<b>SC 1.2.</b> Is the wetland unit at least 1 ac in size and meets at least two of the following three conditions? — The wetland is relatively undisturbed (has no diking, ditching, filling, cultivation, grazing), and has less than 10% cover of non-native plant species. If non-native species are <i>Spartina</i> , see chapter 4.8 in the manual. — At least ¾ of the landward edge of the wetland has a 100 ft buffer of shrub, forest, or un-grazed or unmowed grassland. — The wetland has at least two of the following features: tidal channels, depressions with open water, or contiguous freshwater wetlands.	Yes = <b>Category I</b> No = <b>Category II</b>	Cat. I  Cat. II
<b>SC 2.0. Wetlands of High Conservation Value (WHCV)</b> <b>SC 2.1.</b> Does the wetland overlap with any known or historical rare plant or rare & high-quality ecosystem polygons on the WNHP Data Explorer? <sup>135</sup> <b>SC 2.2.</b> Does the wetland have a rare plant species, rare ecosystem (e.g., plant community), or high-quality common ecosystem that may qualify the site as a WHCV? Contact WNHP for resources to help determine the presence of these elements. Yes – Submit data to WA Natural Heritage Program for determination, <sup>136</sup> Go to <b>SC 2.3</b> No = <b>Not a WHCV</b> <b>SC 2.3.</b> Did WNHP review the site within 30 days and determine that it has a rare plant or ecosystem that meets their criteria?	Yes = <b>Category I</b> No – Go to <b>SC 2.2</b>  Yes = <b>Category I</b> No = <b>Not a WHCV</b>	Cat. I
<b>SC 3.0. Bogs</b> Does the wetland (or any part of the unit) meet both the criteria for soils and vegetation in bogs? <i>Use the key below. If you answer YES, you will still need to rate the wetland based on its functions.</i> <b>SC 3.1.</b> Does an area within the wetland unit have organic soil horizons, either peats or mucks, that compose 16 in. or more of the first 32 in. of the soil profile? <b>SC 3.2.</b> Does an area within the wetland unit have organic soils, either peats or mucks, that are less than 16 in. deep over bedrock, or an impermeable hardpan such as clay or volcanic ash, or that are floating on top of a lake or pond? <b>SC 3.3.</b> Does an area with peats or mucks have more than 70% cover of mosses at ground level, AND at least a 50% cover of plant species listed in Table 4? <b>NOTE:</b> If you are uncertain about the extent of mosses in the understory, you may substitute that criterion by measuring the pH of the water that seeps into a hole dug at least 16 in. deep. If the pH is less than 5.0 and the plant species in Table 4 are present, the wetland is a bog. <b>SC 3.4.</b> Is an area with peats or mucks forested (> 30% cover) with Sitka spruce, subalpine fir, western red cedar, western hemlock, lodgepole pine, quaking aspen, Engelmann spruce, or western white pine, AND any of the species (or combination of species) listed in Table 4 provide more than 30% of the cover under the canopy?	Yes – Go to <b>SC 3.3</b> No – Go to <b>SC 3.2</b> Yes – Go to <b>SC 3.3</b> No = <b>Not a bog</b> Yes = <b>Category I bog</b> No – Go to <b>SC 3.4</b> Yes = <b>Category I bog</b> No = <b>Not a bog</b>	Cat. I

<sup>135</sup> <https://www.dnr.wa.gov/NHPdata>

<sup>136</sup> [https://www.dnr.wa.gov/Publications/amp\\_nh\\_sighting\\_form.pdf](https://www.dnr.wa.gov/Publications/amp_nh_sighting_form.pdf)





# Water Quality Atlas Map

Legend Filter Zoom Tools

Home Add/Remove Map Data My Maps Print Share About

- Basic
- Drawing
- Other

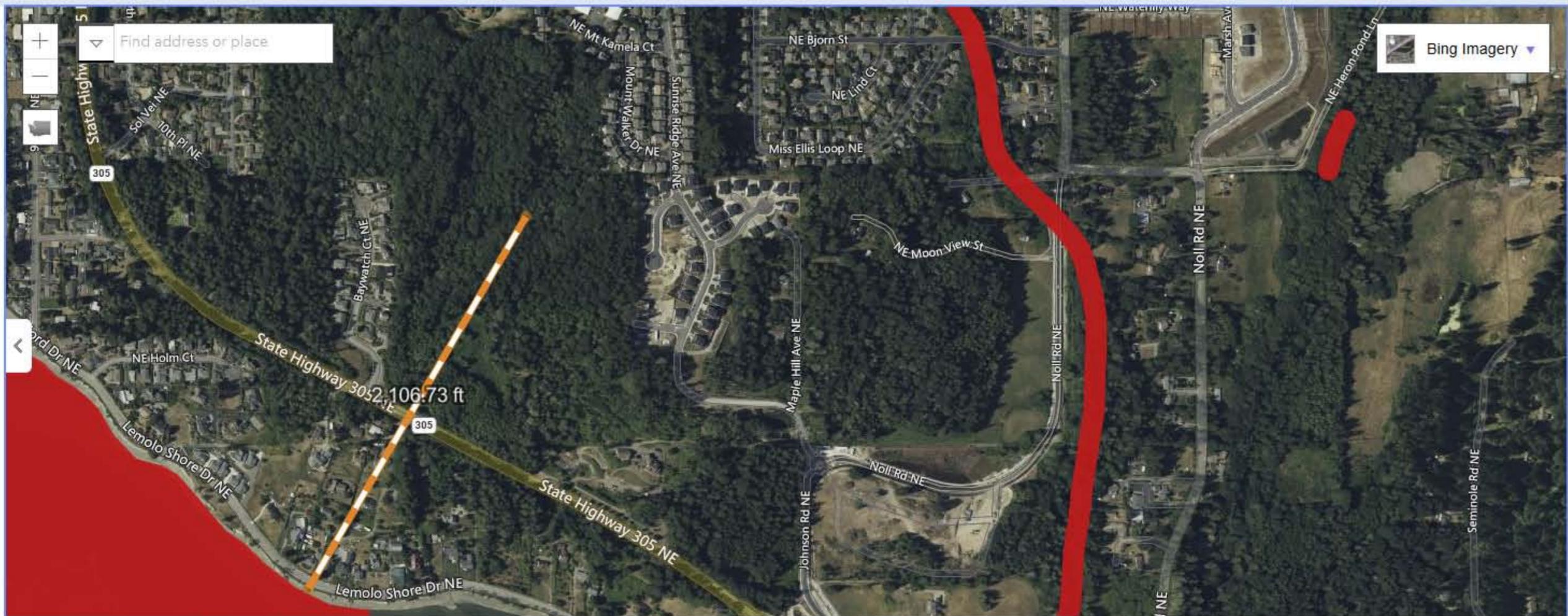
Keyboard Identify Measure Distance Measure Area Image Service

Usage: Click on map to add measure points. Double-click to finish.

Unit: Feet

Distance: 2,106.73 ft

New measurement



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Assessed Water/Sediment Filter Applied Clear filters Zoom to selection Table to CSV

Find	Listing ID	Assessment Unit ID	Category	Medium	Parameter	Details
	3724	17060108000228_001_001	5	Water	Temperature	<a href="#">View</a>
	3726	17030003000236_001_001	5	Water	Temperature	<a href="#">View</a>
	3727	17030001000538_001_001	5	Water	Temperature	<a href="#">View</a>

Show 5 entries Showing 1 to 5 of 5,739 entries First Previous Next Last



# Water Quality Atlas Map

Legend Filter Zoom Tools

Home Add/Remove Map Data My Maps Print Share About

- Basic
- Drawing
- Other

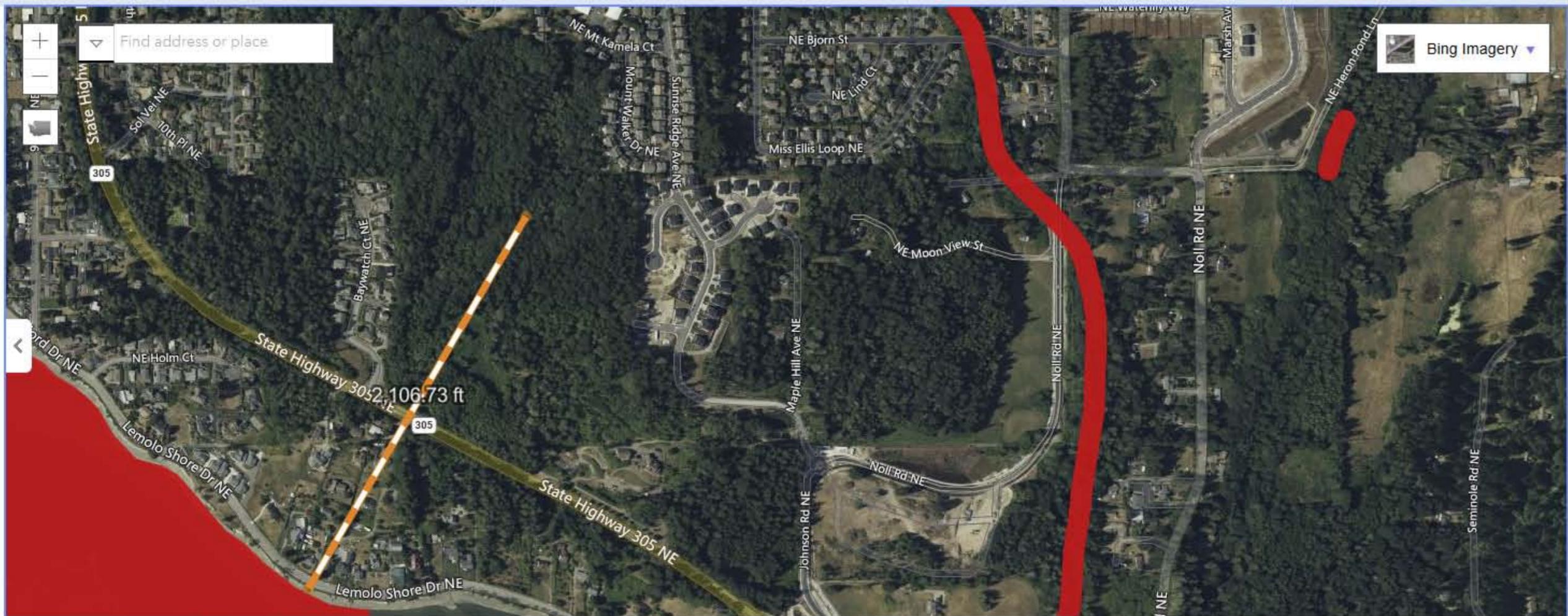


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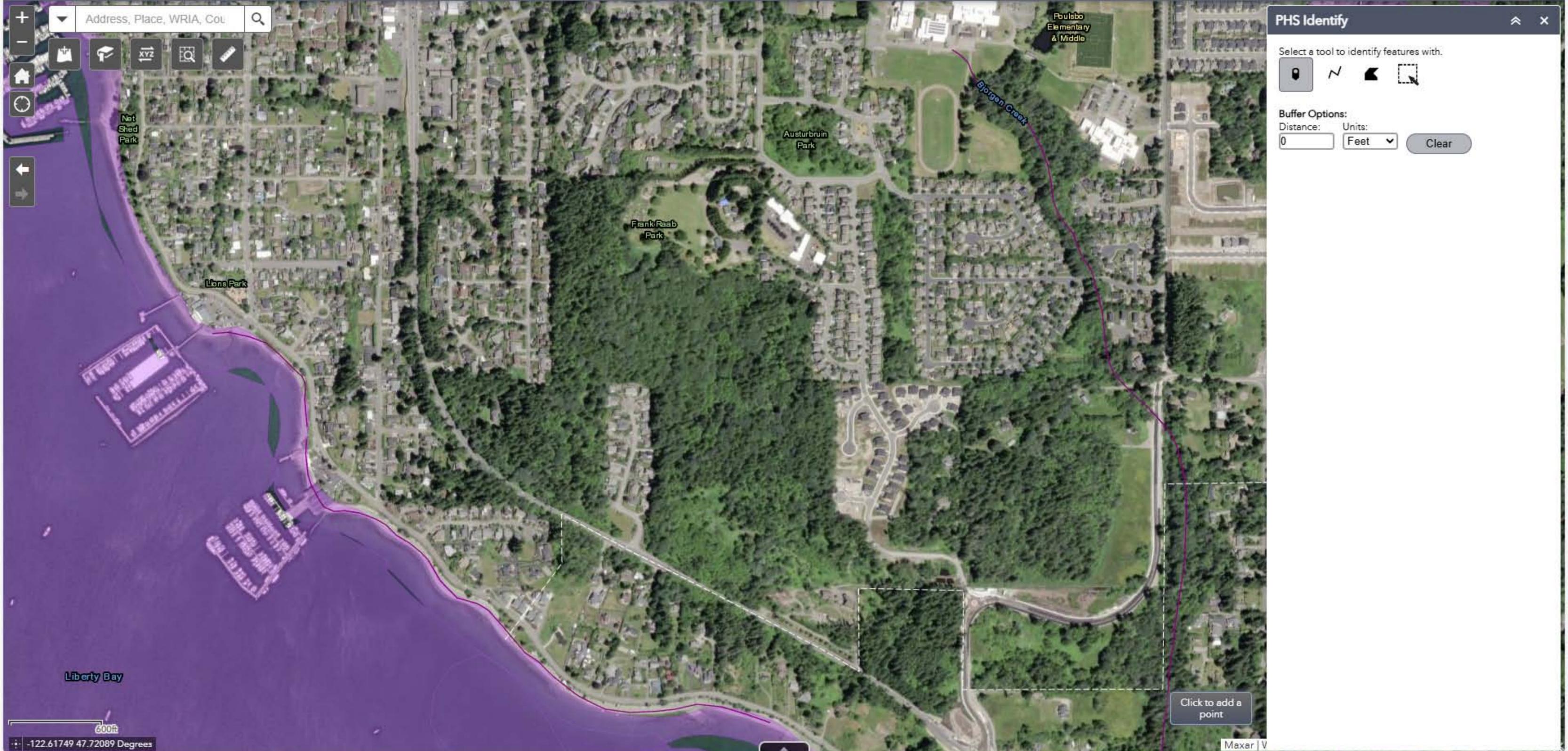


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	3727	17030001000538_001_001	5	Water	Temperature	<a href="#">View</a>

Show 5 entries Showing 1 to 5 of 5,739 entries First Previous Next Last



### PHS Identify

Select a tool to identify features with.

Point  Line  Polygon  Rectangle

Buffer Options:

Distance:  Units:



**Measurement**

Kilometers

Measurement Result

1 Kilometers

Clear

Press CTRL to enable snapping